

XML Metadata Interchange (XMI)

Revised Proposal to OA&DTF RFP - 3
Stream based Model Interchange Format (SMIF)

Co-Submitters

**Unisys, IBM, DSTC, Oracle, Platinum,
Fujitsu, Softeam, Recerca, Daimler-Benz**

Supporters

**Cayenne, Genesis , Inline, Rational, Select, Sprint, Sybase, Xerox, MCI Systemhouse,
Boeing, Ardent, Aviatis, ICONIX, Integrated Systems, Verilog, Telefonica I+D,
Universitat Politecnica de Catalunya, NCR, Nihon Unisys, NTT**

OMG TC Meeting, Burlingame : November 11, 1998

Sridhar Iyengar : Sridhar.Iyengar@mv.unisys.com

Steve Brodsky : sbrodsky@us.ibm.com

Topics Covered

- Introduction & History
- Overview of Proposal
- Requirements and proof of concept
- An overview of XML (or why XML?)
- Proposal Details
- Summary

Introduction

- In November 1997, the MOF and UML were adopted as OMG standards.
- The specifications included metamodel and set of CORBA interfaces for manipulating MOF based meta objects and UML based models
- However a file/stream based interchange format was not specified (time constraints...)
 - In December 1997, the SMIF RFP was issued
- The three initial submissions XMI, CDIF and UOL have now been integrated into one - XMI

XMI Submission History/factoids

- <2/98 : Unisys and IBM independently evaluate XML and other interchange options
- 2/98 : Unisys and IBM begin collaboration
- 4/98 : DSTC, Oracle and Platinum join
- 5/98 : Select Software joins
Early discussions with other submitters
- 6/98 : XMI submission preview (Orlando)
Rational Software, Sybase, Inline, Genesis,
Cayenne, Sprint join
- 7/98 : XMI 1.0 submission and presentation, CDIF and UOL
submitters begin working with XMI submission
- 9/98 : XMI revised submission status, industry support increases
- 11/98 : Combined XMI submission : 25+ submitters and supporters

Overview of proposal

- Use W3C Extensible Markup Language (XML) for the transfer syntax and interchange format
 - Specify XML Document Type Definitions (DTD) to enable transfer and verification of
 - UML based models (using UML DTD)
 - MOF based metamodels (using MOF DTD and production rules for mapping MOF metamodels to DTDs)
- Specify a precise MOF to XML mapping
 - Use of OCL to specify stream production rules
 - Allows interchange of any MOF based metamodel
 - Enables automatic generation of DTDs
- Use MOF as metamodel

OMG Repository and Modeling Architecture

Tools, Applications, Repositories

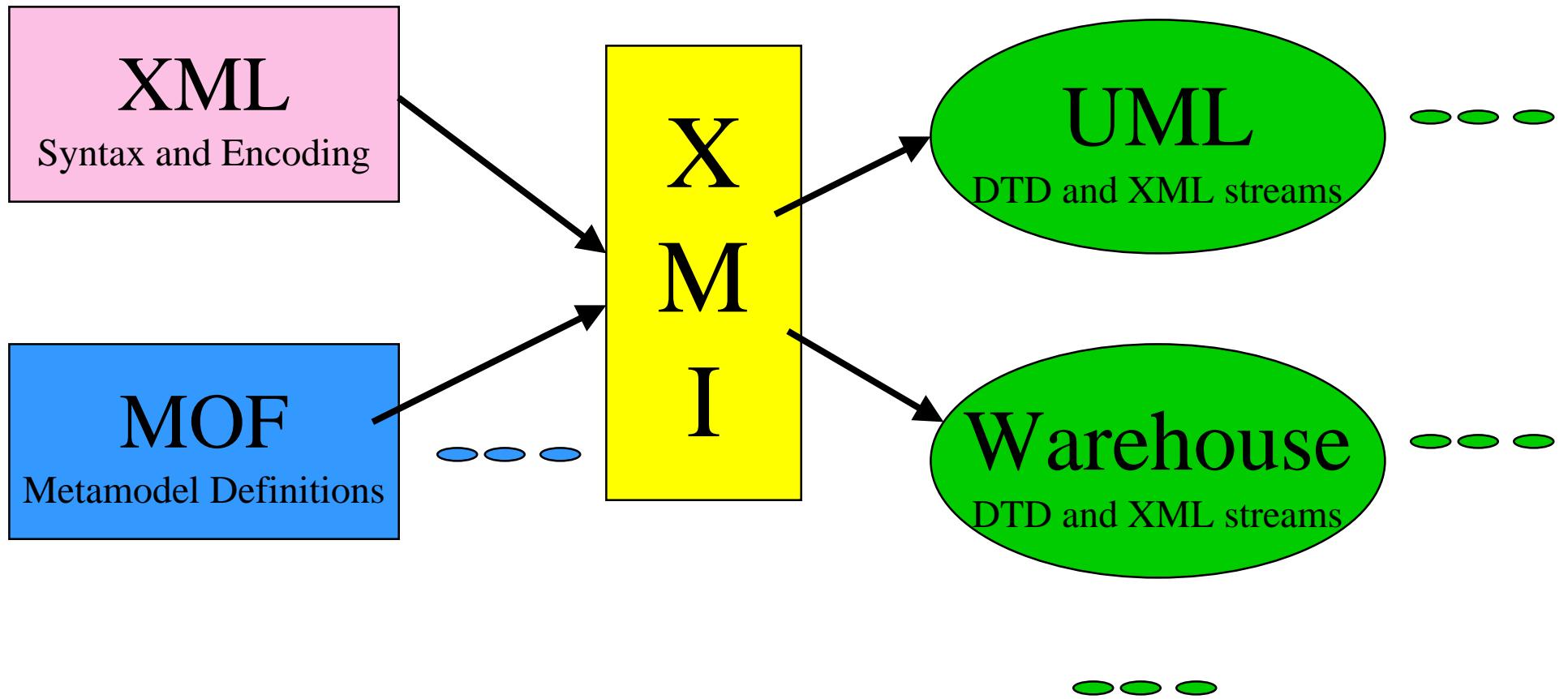
MetaModels (UML, CWM...)

Meta Object Facility (MOF),
Stream based Model Interchange Format (XMI)

CORBA Object Services

CORBA

XMI Simplified

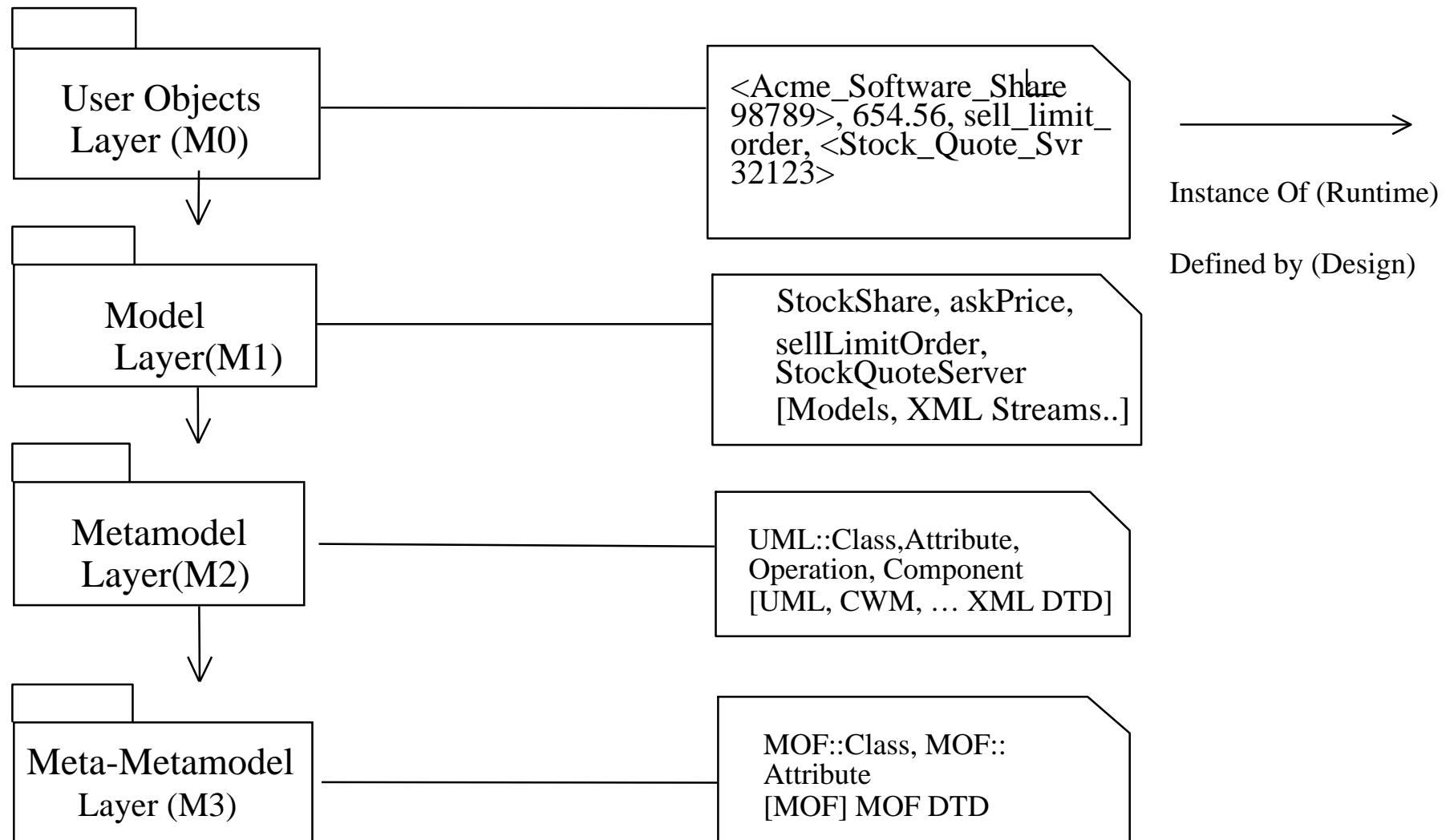


OMG Metamodeling Architecture and XMI

M3	MOF MetaMetaModel	MOF as XML DTD	
M2	UML & other MetaModels	UML & others as XML DTDs	MOF MetaModels as XML Documents
M1	Model		UML & other Models as XML Documents
M0	Instances		

- DTDs defined for MOF, UML
- MOF metamodel DTD generation
- Models are XML documents with a DTD
- Document and DTD interchange

Metamodeling Architecture and XMI



Potential XMI Usage Scenarios

- Interchange of UML and other MOF compliant models between
 - Modeling and design tools, generators..
 - Between tools and repositories
 - Between repositories
- Publish design meta data on the web
 - Leverage XML/HTML infrastructure that already exists
- Use in addition to/instead of MOF based CORBA interfaces to meta objects
 - XMI allows disconnected/occasionally connected users

Summary of mandatory RFP Requirements

Requirement	Requirement addressed
Use MOF as metamodel model	MOF is the meta-metamodel (M3)
Syntax and Encoding Unambiguous identification	Mapping from MOF to XML specified using precise mapping rules of metamodel to DTDs. Use of XML and XMI headers (including metamodel reference), XMI.extensions
Referenced Concepts (unambiguous id)	Specified using XLinks and XPointers
UML & MOF Support	UML and MOF DTDs, Proof of concept with multiple modeling tools
International codesets	XMI supports Unicode via the optional encoding declaration of XML

Revised Submission - What's New

- Generated DTDs for MOF and UML
- UUIDs for unique identification of metadata
- Stream Differencing
- Transfer of incomplete models
- More complete support for datatypes
- Improved support for linking for enhanced integration with the Internet

Some of the enhancements (eg: UUIDs and Stream differencing) were influenced by the CDIF and UOL submissions respectively.

Proof of Concept (prototypes)

- **Unisys**
 - UML and MOF DTDs for exchange of models to and from Select Enterprise and Unisys UREP UML 1.1 and MOF 1.1 repositories
 - Auto generation of DTDs and XML streams from MOF repository
- **IBM**
 - UML DTD for exchange of models to and from Rational Rose
 - Auto generation of DTDs and XML streams
 - XMLstream differencing
 - Export and Import of UML from TeamConnection Repository
- **Oracle**
 - Export and Import of UML models from Oracle Repository

Proof of Concept (prototypes - 2)

- DSTC
 - Auto generation and loading of XML streams from/into MOF based repository
 - Test with multiple metamodels
- Select Software
 - Export and Import of UML models from Select Enterprise
- And more from other vendors coming up soon...
- Some of these will be demonstrated at Burlingame
 - Oracle sponsored XMI reception on Wednesday evening.
- The XMI submission Appendices - the generated DTDs!
 - From IBM and Unisys

Technology Alternatives Considered

- Transfer Format
 - CDIF
 - *XML*
 - UOL
 - Other
- Potential for integrating ideas/concepts from other submissions over next few months
- Next we will cover “Why XML?”

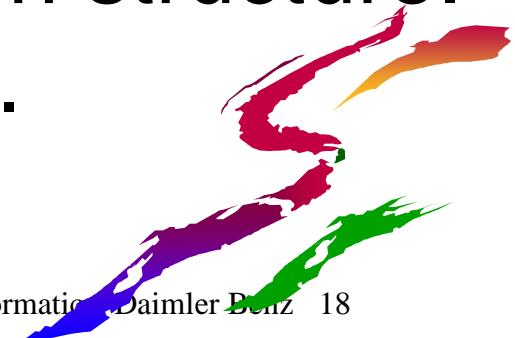
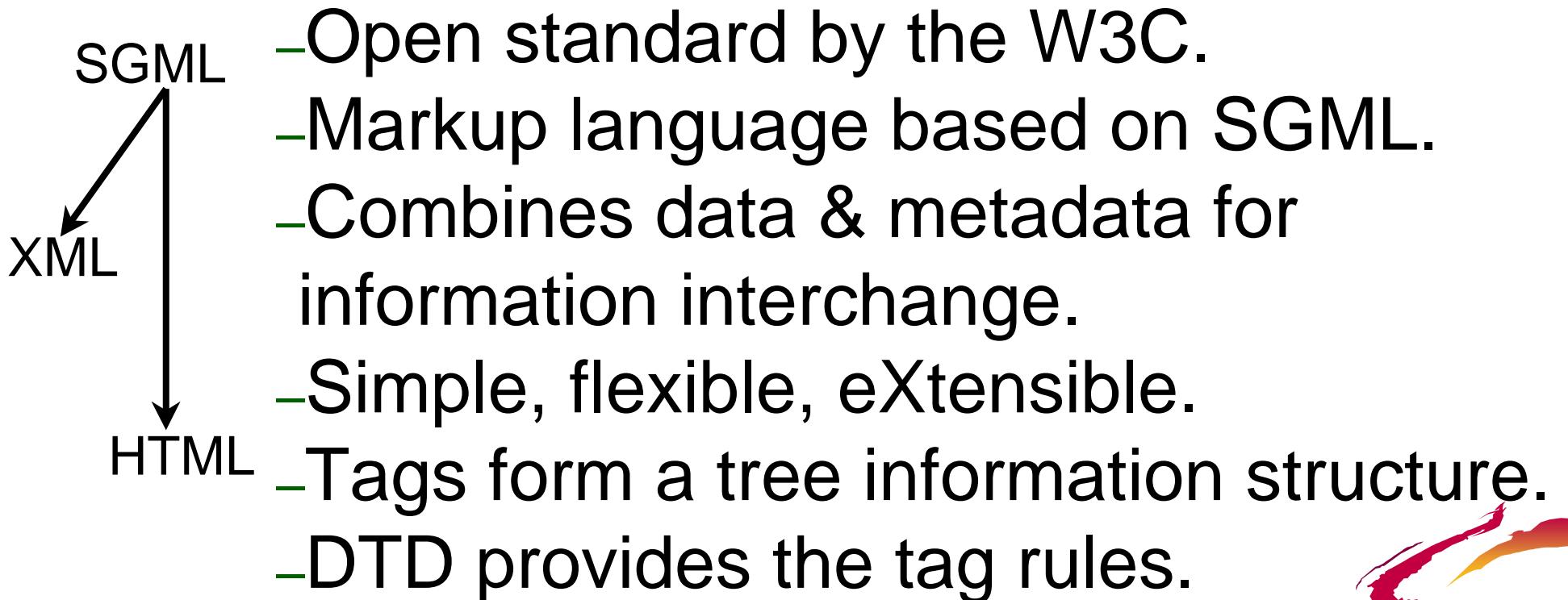
Overview of XML and importance to OMG

Extensible Markup Language

- XML technology
- XML example
- XML and the industry
- XML benefits
- XML and the OMG



XML technology



XML example

Document

```
<Auto>
    <Make> Ford </Make>
    <Model> Mustang
    </Model>
    <Year> 98 </Year>
    <Color> blue </Color>
    <Price> 25000 </Price>
</Auto>
```

DTD
<!Element Auto (Make, Model, Year, Color, Price)>

XML and the Industry

-Standards

- W3C open standard on Feb 10, 1998.
- International ISO character sets
- Additional standards in progress:
 - XLink/XPointer, Namespaces, XSL, RDF, DOM, SAX, Web-DAV

-Support is exploding

- 27 books on Amazon.com in < 1 year
- XML supported by Adobe, ArborText, DSTC, HP, IBM, Microsoft, Netscape, Oracle, Platinum, Unisys, Select, Sun, Xerox
- Web, publishing, repositories, modeling, databases/warehouses, services, financial, health care, semiconductors, ...



XML benefits

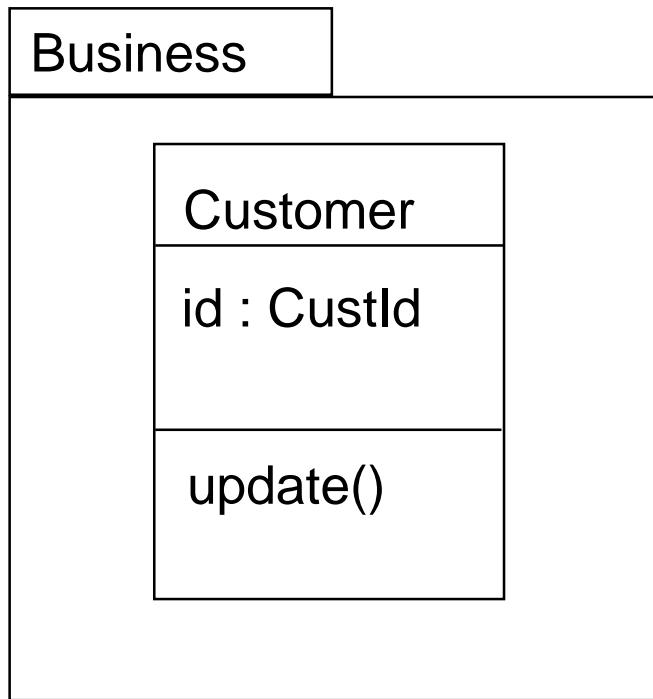
- XML is system-independent, vendor independent, proven with HTML on the web.
- Metadata delivery via the web
- Validation, tool support, low cost of entry
- Advanced linking
- Stylesheets for views, transforms



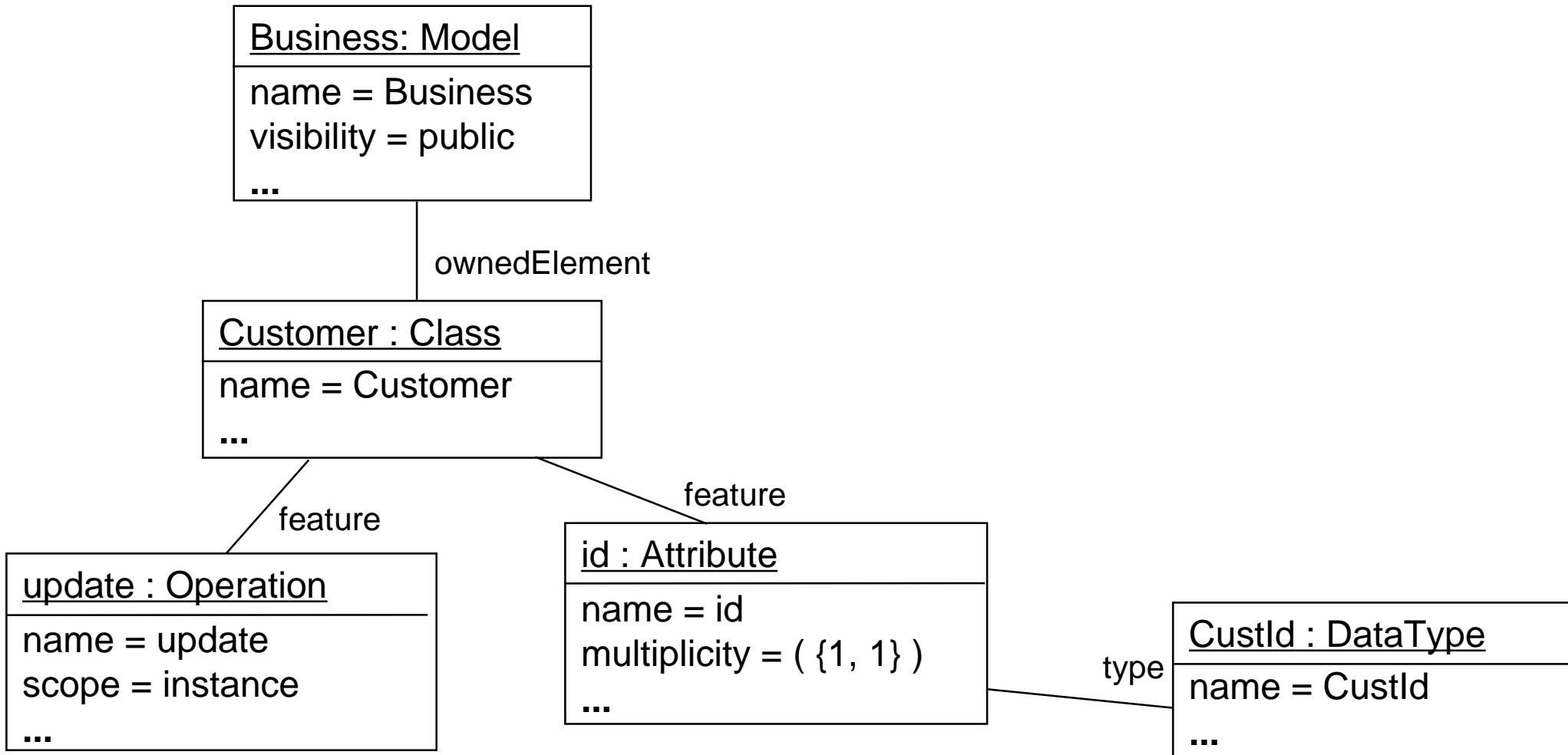
XMI drill down with examples

MOF-XML mapping rule sample

Abbreviated Example (UML)

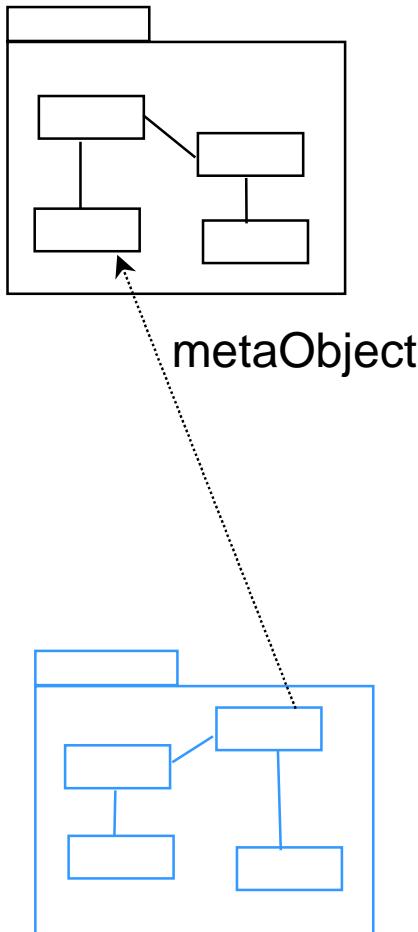


As a metamodel instance



Tags from metamodel, content from model

Meta
model



Model

```
<Model>
  <name>Business</name>
  <visibility xmi.value="public"/>
  <Class>
    <name>Customer</name>
    <feature>
      <Attribute>
        <name>id</name>
        <multiplicity>
          <XMI.field>1</ XMI. field>
          < XMI. field>1</ XMI. field>
        </multiplicity>
      </Attribute>
    </feature>
  </Class>
</Model>
```

As an XML Document Fragment

<!-- Document Prologue, etc. --> (Simplified)

```
<Model xmi.id="a1"> <name>Business</name><visibility xmi.value="public"/>
<ownedElement>
  <Class xmi.id="a7"><name>Customer</name>
    <feature>
      <Attribute><name>id</name>
        <multiplicity><XMI.field>1</XMI.field>
          <XMI.field>1</XMI.field></multiplicity>
        <type>< DataType href="#a247"/></type>
      </Attribute>
      <Operation><name>update</name>
        <scope xmi.value="instance"/>
      </Operation>
    </feature>
  </Class>
</ownedElement>
</Model>
```

As an XML Document Fragment

(Prefixes have been removed for readability)

```
<!-- Document Prologue, etc. -->
<Model XMI.id="a1"> <name>Business</name><visibility XMI. value="public"/>
  <isRoot XMI.value = "false"/><isLeaf XMI.value="false"/><isAbstract XMI.value="false"/>
  <ownedElement>
    <Class XMI. id="a7"><name>Customer</name><visibility XMI. value="public"/>
      <isRoot XMI.value = "false"/><isLeaf XMI.value="false"/><isAbstract XMI.value="false"/>
      <isActive XMI.value="false"/>
      <feature>
        <Attribute><name>id</name><visibility XMI.value="public"/>
          <ownerScope XMI.value="instance">
            <multiplicity><field> 1</field><field> 1</field></multiplicity>
            <changeable XMI.value="true"/><targetScope XMI.value="instance"/>
            <type>< XMI.reference href="a247"/></type>
          </ownerScope>
        </Attribute>
        <Operation><name>update</name><visibility XMI.value="public"/>
          <ownerScope XMI.value="instance"/><isQuery XMI.value="false"/>
          <specification/><isPolymorphic XMI.value="false"/><concurrency XMI.value="guarded"/>
        </Operation>
      </feature>
    </Class>
  </ownedElement>
</Model>
```

XML Production Rules

- EBNF Grammar
- Production Defined as OCL Query
- Query input:
 - a RefObject (an object whose metaclass is defined via MOF elements)
- Returns XML Document

Example EBNF Production Rule

ObjectAsElement ::=

< *class-name* xmi.id=" IdOfObject ">

ObjectContents

</ *class-name* >

Example OCL Production Rule

ObjectAsElement(obj : RefObject) : Sequence(string)

```
ObjectAsElement(obj) =  
Sequence{ '<' ,  
DotNotation(obj.metaObject().oclAsType(Class).qualifiedName) ,  
' xmi.id=' ,  
IdOfObject(obj) ,  
' ">' ,  
ObjectContents(obj.metaObject().oclAsType(Class), obj) ,  
' </' ,  
DotNotation(obj.metaObject().oclAsType(Class).qualifiedName) ,  
' >'  
}
```

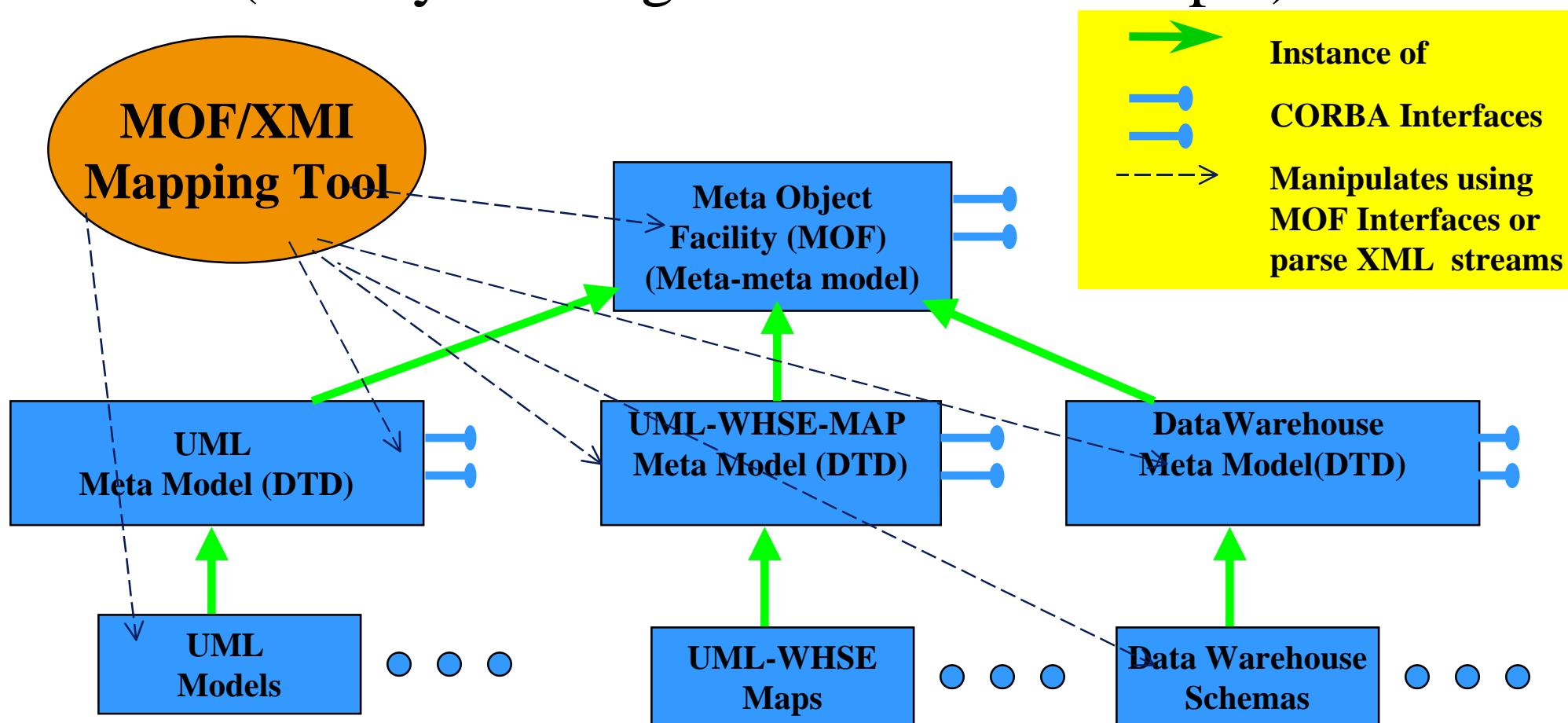
UML DTD Fragment

```
<!ELEMENT Class      (name, visibility, isRoot, isLeaf, isAbstract, isActive,
                     XMI.extension*, constraint*, requirement*, provision*, stereotype*, elementReference*, collaboration*, partition?, template?, view*, presentation*, namespace?, behavior*, binding? implementation*, generalization*, specialization*, parameter*, structuralFeature*, specification*, associationEnd*, participant*, createAction*, instance*, classifierRole*, realization*, classifierInState*, taggedValue*, ownedElement*, feature*)>
<!ATTLIST Class XMI.element.att; XMI.link.att;>
<!ELEMENT name (#PCDATA | XMI.reference)*>
<!ELEMENT feature (Feature| StructuralFeature| Attribute| BehavioralFeature| Operation| Method Reception)*>
...

```

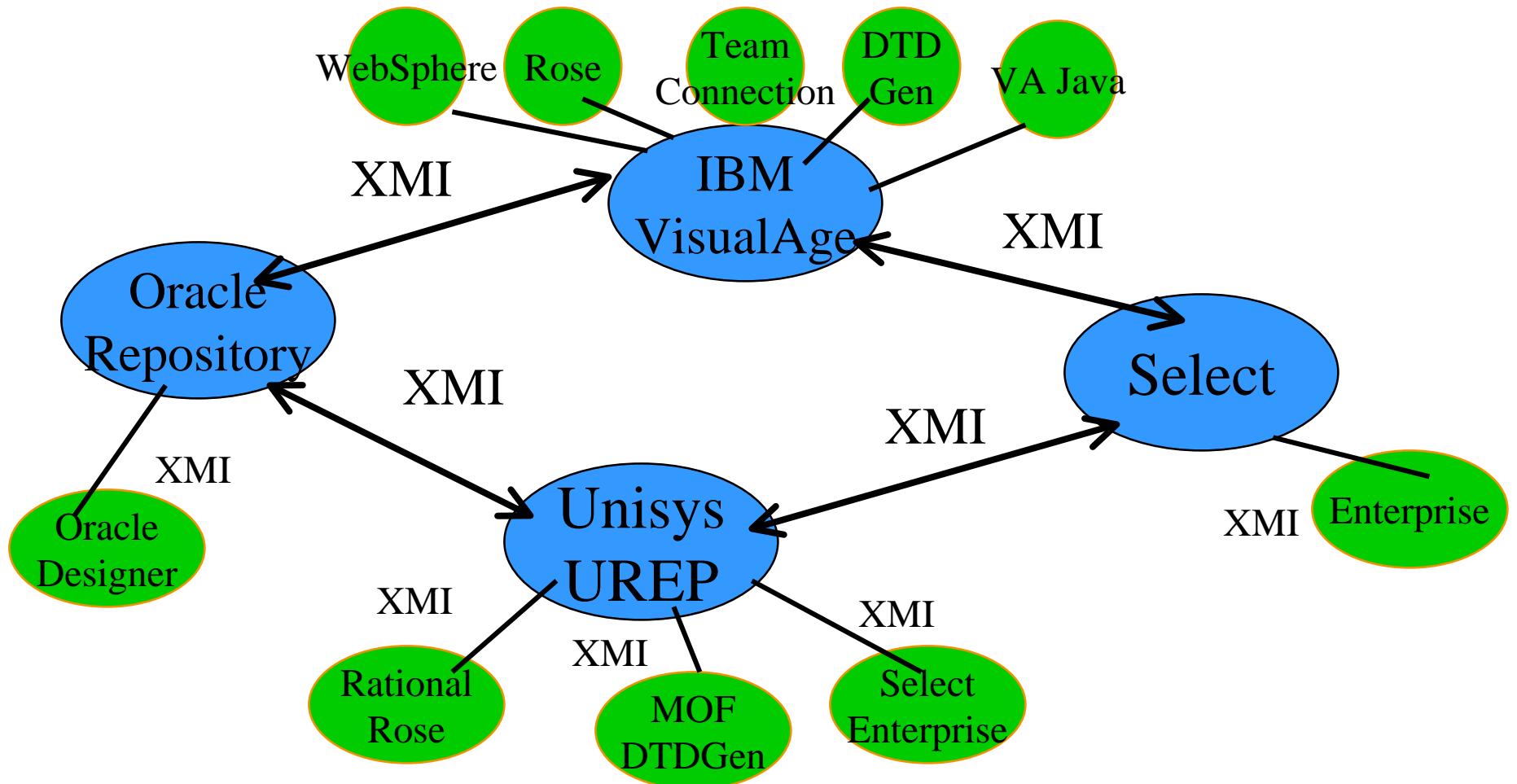
XMI Usage Scenario

(or why do we go thru all these hoops!)



XMI Proof of Concept

Visit Oracle Reception at 6 PM



Summary: XMI proposal and the OMG

- Synergy with OMG metamodeling architecture
 - DTD <=> Metamodel
 - Document <=> Model
- OMG leverage of XML:
 - Standardize key metamodels and convenient transfer format for UML, MOF and more
 - Create industry standard metamodels/DTDs
 - Leadership for standardizing object-oriented information interchange of the future
- OMG CORBA interchange - XML interchange for metadata



For more information

- Stay tuned to future meetings
 - Comments to : xmi-feedback@omg.org
 - TC and AB vote in January, BOD vote in March
- E-mail
 - sridhar.iyengar2@unisys.com
 - sbrodsky@us.ibm.com
- XML Information
 - www.w3c.org
- UML and MOF Information
 - www.omg.org

Questions & Comments

