

Formal Data Models for SGML and HyTime

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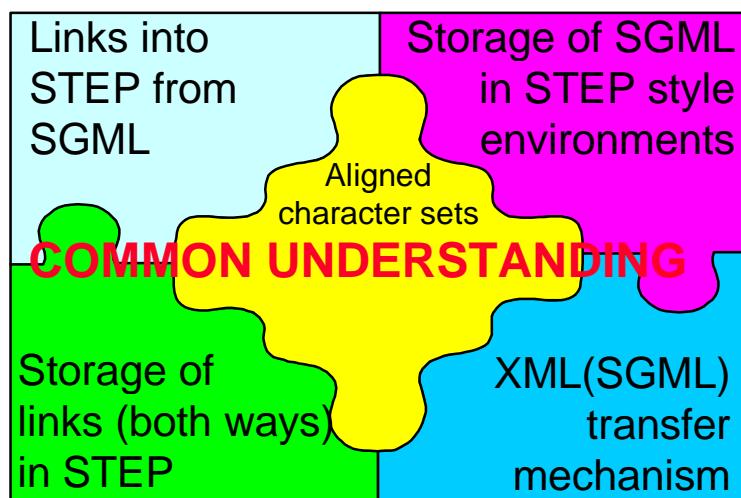
Background

- ISO TC184 / SC4 / WG10 Preliminary Work Item on "SGML and Industrial Data"
 - i.e. STEP and SGML harmonization
- Voluntary work during the last two years

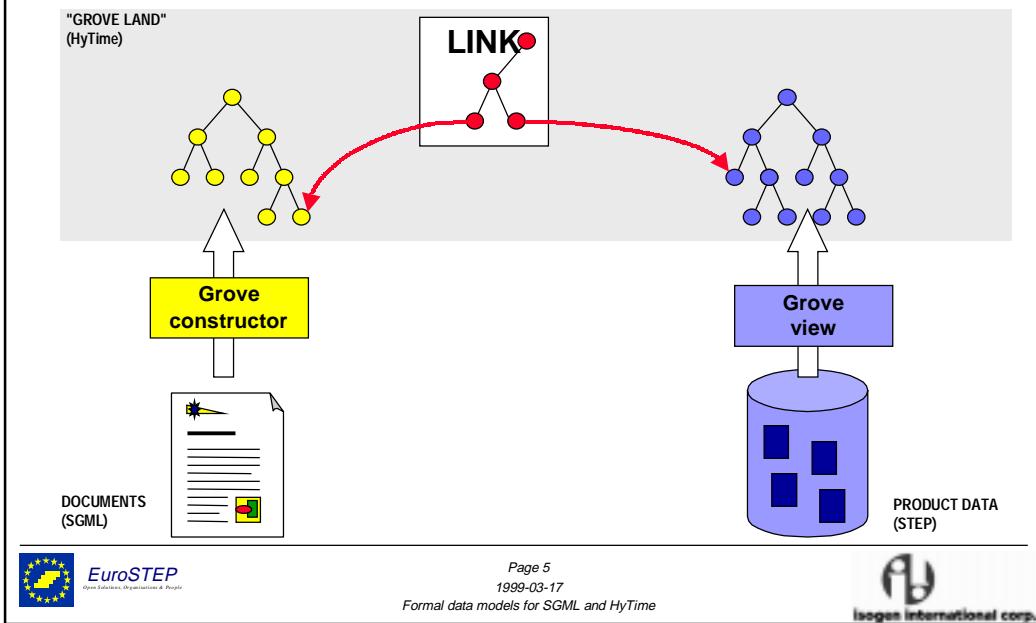
Motivation

- SGML is a *syntax* standard
- Realized that sophisticated processors require formal data models
- Defined simple model for SGML (property sets and groves)
- Simplicity and SGML focus limited acceptance
- Needed better modeling formalism
- STEP world needed addressing and linking
- Marriage of both will provide whole greater than sum of parts

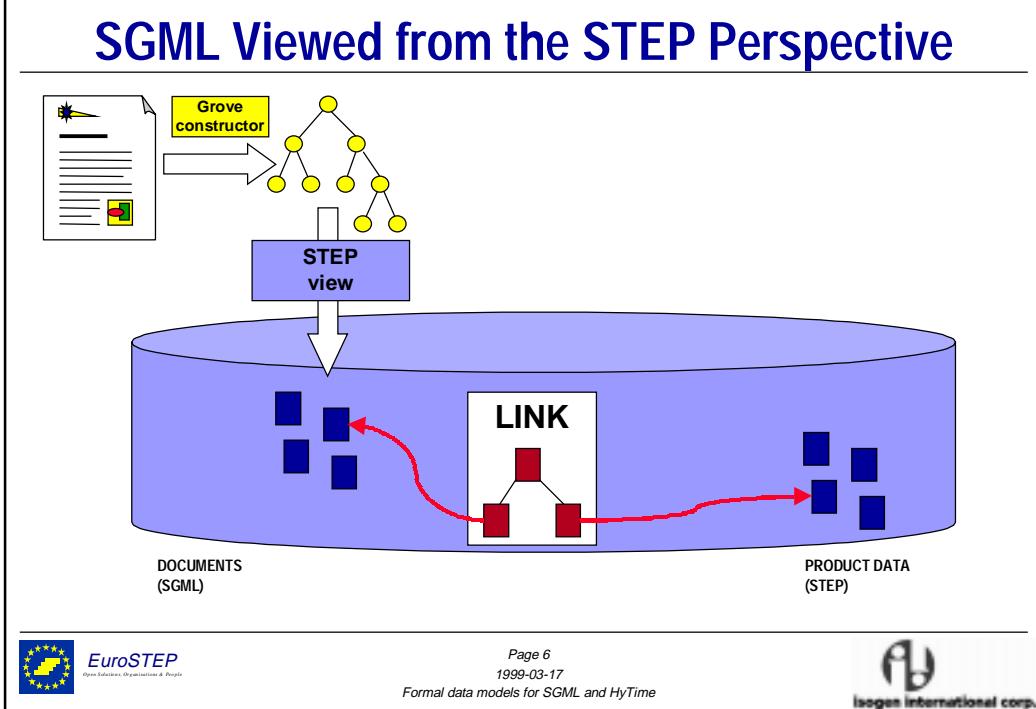
Getting the pieces in place



STEP data from the SGML Perspective



SGML Viewed from the STEP Perspective



SHORT EXPRESS COURSE...



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The EXPRESS Language

- ISO 10303 Part 11
- Abstract generic information modeling
- Entities and attributes
- Entity type hierarchies
- Rich constraint language

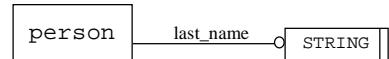
- Graphical form: EXPRESS-G



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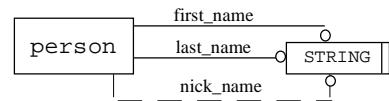
Entity with attribute



```
ENTITY person;
    last_name : STRING;
END_ENTITY;
```

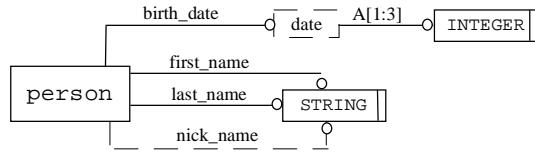


Optional attribute



```
ENTITY person;
    first_name : STRING;
    last_name : STRING;
    nick_name : OPTIONAL STRING;
END_ENTITY;
```

Defined data type

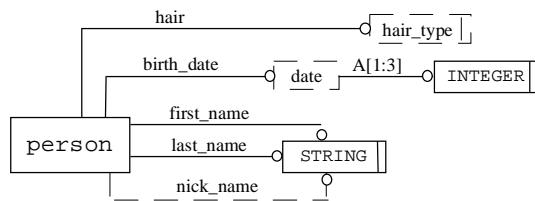


```
TYPE date = ARRAY (1:3) OF INTEGER;
END_TYPE;

ENTITY person;
    first_name : STRING;
    last_name : STRING;
    nick_name : OPTIONAL STRING;
    birth_date : date;
END_ENTITY;
```



Enumerated attribute



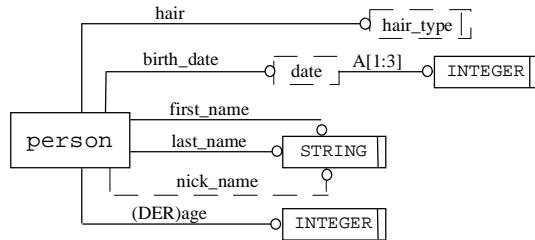
```
TYPE date = ARRAY (1:3) OF INTEGER;
END_TYPE;

TYPE hairtype = ENUMERATION OF
    (blond,brown,black,red);
END_TYPE;

ENTITY person;
    first_name : STRING;
    last_name : STRING;
    nick_name : OPTIONAL STRING;
    birth_date : date;
    hair : hairtype;
END_ENTITY;
```



Derived attribute



```

ENTITY person;
    first_name : STRING;
    last_name : STRING;
    nick_name : OPTIONAL STRING;
    birth_date : date;
    hair : hairtype;
DERIVE
    age : INTEGER := calculate_age( birth_date );
END_ENTITY;

FUNCTION calculate_age
    ( initial_date : date ) : INTEGER;
LOCAL
    today : date;
    age : INTEGER;
END_LOCAL;
; -- empty statement to satisfy parser
(* code here *)
RETURN (age);
END_FUNCTION;

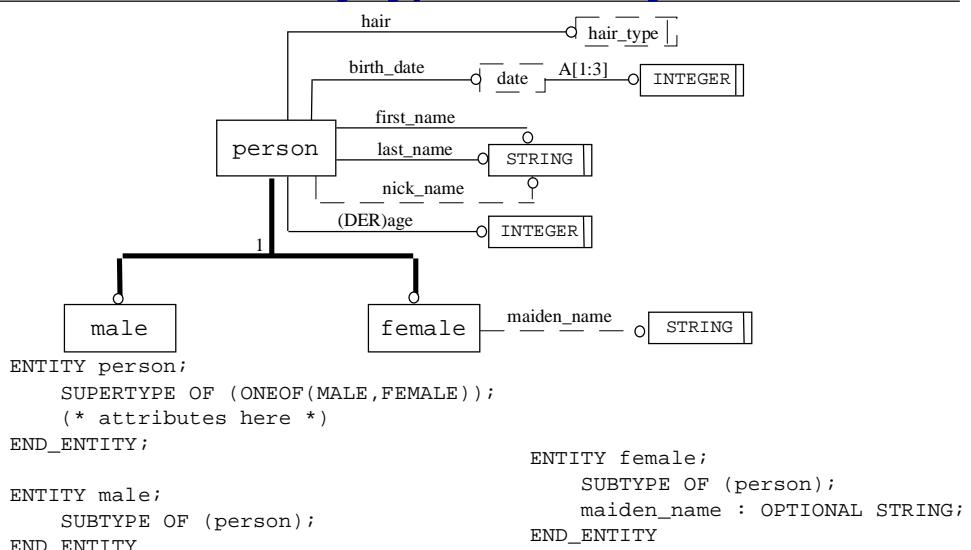
```



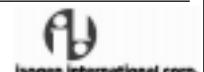
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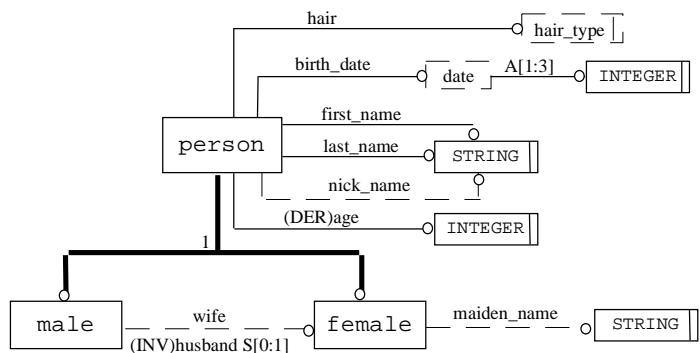
Entity type hierarchy



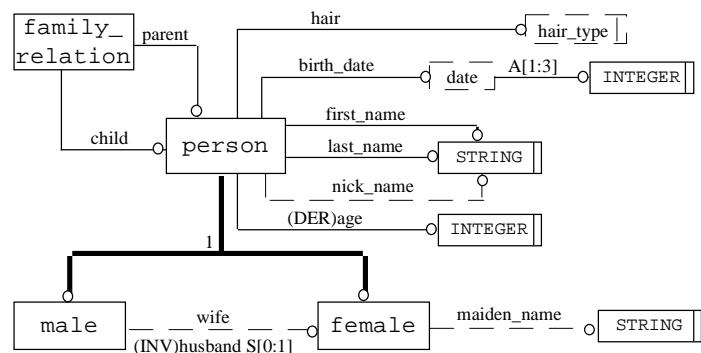
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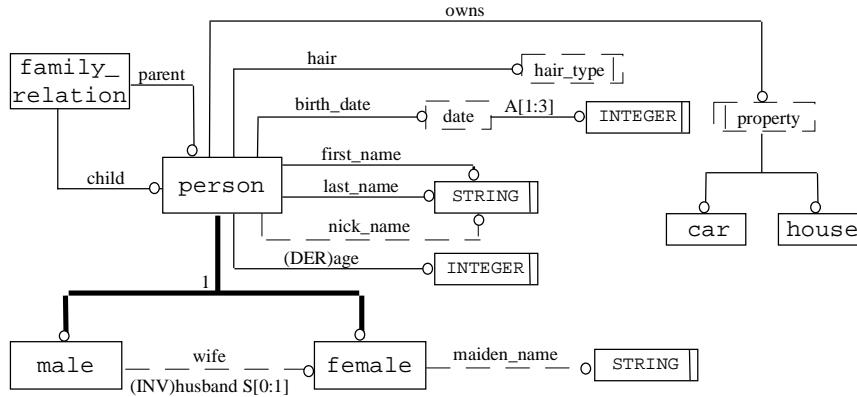
Inverse attributes



Structures



Select type



EXPRESS model of SGML Document Grove

- **Transliteration from the Property Set of SGML**
 - Simple transliteration
 - Automatic, but too broad
 - Simple, plus added class hierarchies and constraints
 - Better, but not automatic
 - New, more abstract and semantic model
 - Out of scope for this work

ISO/IEC 10744:1997 Annex A.4

```
<!DOCTYPE propset PUBLIC "ISO/IEC  
10744:1997//DTD Property Set//EN" [  
]>  
  
<propset nsd=SGML gcsd=SGMLGC>  
<desc>  
Defines the classes and properties  
to be used in the construction of  
groves from the parsing of SGML  
documents.  
</desc>  
  
<classdef rcsnm=sgmldoc appnm="sgml  
document" clause="62001">  
<desc>  
The parsed SGML document or  
subdocument. The root of the grove.  
[etc. etc.]  
</desc>
```

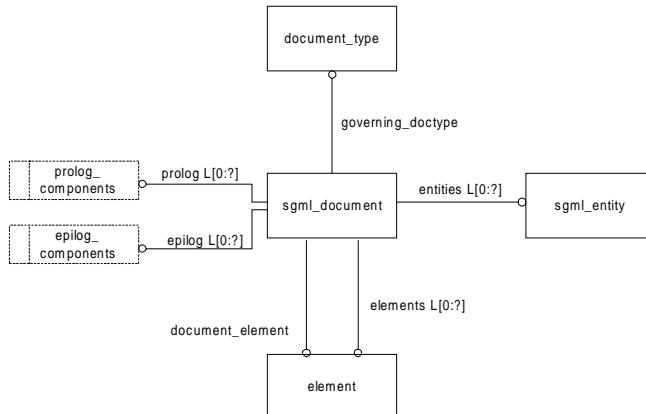
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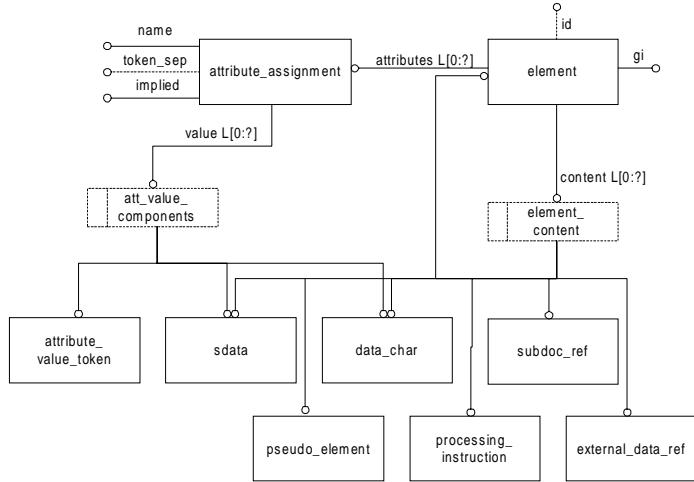
SGML Document



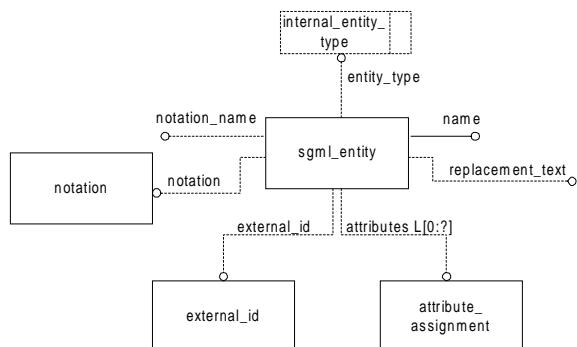
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Element and attribute



SGML Entity



Made with simple transliteration

Definition in the Property Set

```
<classdef rcsnm=entity clause="60000">
<propdef rcsnm=name string strnorm=entity
clause="93001">
<propdef rcsnm=enttype appnm="entity type" enum
clause="a5502">
<enumdef rcsnm=text fullnm="SGML text">
<enumdef rcsnm=cdata>
<enumdef rcsnm=sdata>
<enumdef rcsnm=ndata>
<enumdef rcsnm=subdoc appnm=subdocument>
<enumdef rcsnm=pi>
<propdef rcsnm=text fullnm="replacement text"
string clause="92101">
<when>
The entity is an internal entity.
<propdef subnode rcsnm=extid appnm="external id"
fullnm="external identifier" node ac=extid
clause="a1601">
<when>
The entity is an external entity.
```

```
<propdef subnode rcsnm=atts appnm=attributes
nmndlist ac=attasgn acnmprop=name
clause="b4120">
<desc>
A list of data attribute assignments, one for each
declared attribute of the entity in the order in
which they were declared in the attribute
definition list declaration.
<when>
The entity is an external data entity.
<propdef rcsnm=notname appnm="notation name"
string strnorm=general clause="79408">
<when>
The entity is an external data entity.
<propdef irefnode rcsnm=notation node ac=notation
clause="b4001">
<when>
The entity is an external data entity.
```



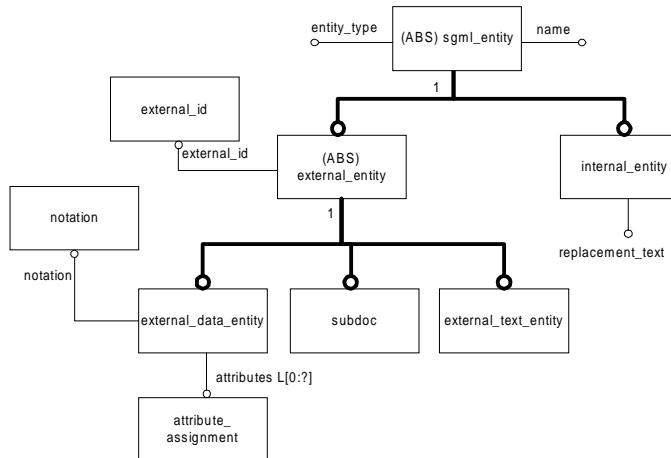
Definition in the Property Set

```
<classdef rcsnm=entity clause="60000">
<propdef rcsnm=name string strnorm=entity
clause="93001">
<propdef rcsnm=enttype appnm="entity type" enum
clause="a5502">
<enumdef rcsnm=text fullnm="SGML text">
<enumdef rcsnm=cdata>
<enumdef rcsnm=sdata>
<enumdef rcsnm=ndata>
<enumdef rcsnm=subdoc appnm=subdocument>
<enumdef rcsnm=pi>
<propdef rcsnm=text fullnm="replacement text"
string clause="92101">
<when>
The entity is an internal entity.
<propdef subnode rcsnm=extid appnm="external id"
fullnm="external identifier" node ac=extid
clause="a1601">
<when>
The entity is an external entity.
```

```
<propdef subnode rcsnm=atts appnm=attributes
nmndlist ac=attasgn acnmprop=name
clause="b4120">
<desc>
A list of data attribute assignments, one for each
declared attribute of the entity in the order in
which they were declared in the attribute
definition list declaration.
<when>
The entity is an external data entity.
<propdef rcsnm=notname appnm="notation name"
string strnorm=general clause="79408">
<when>
The entity is an external data entity.
<propdef irefnode rcsnm=notation node ac=notation
clause="b4001">
<when>
The entity is an external data entity.
```

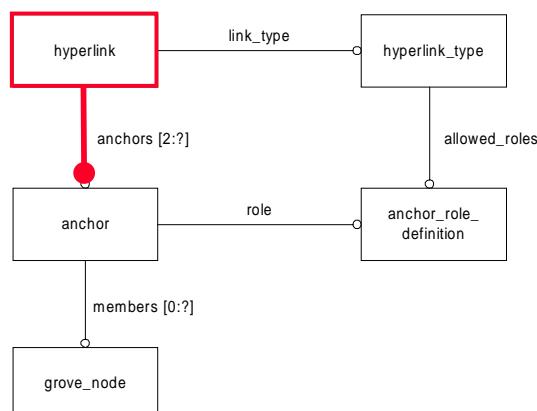


SGML Entity, with type hierarchies

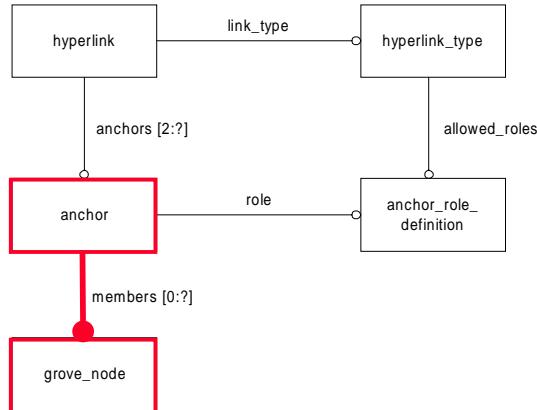


Type hierarchies added

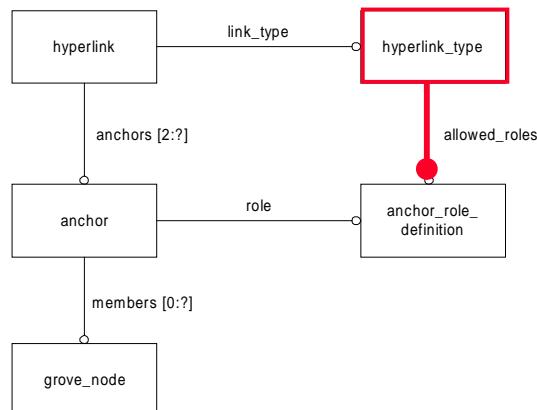
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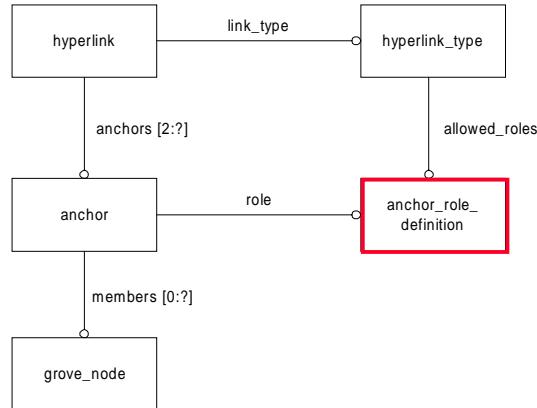
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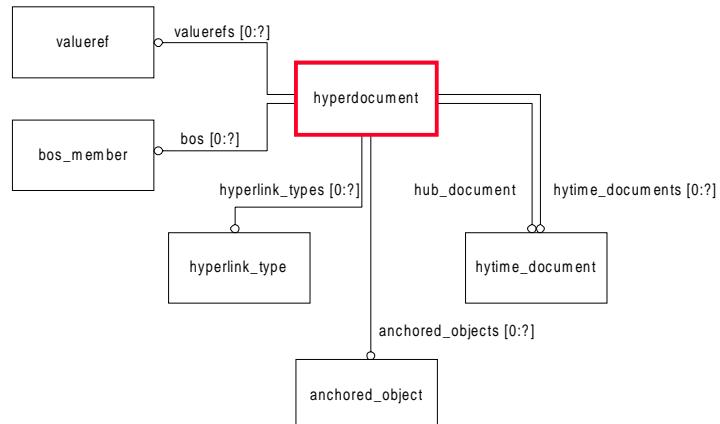
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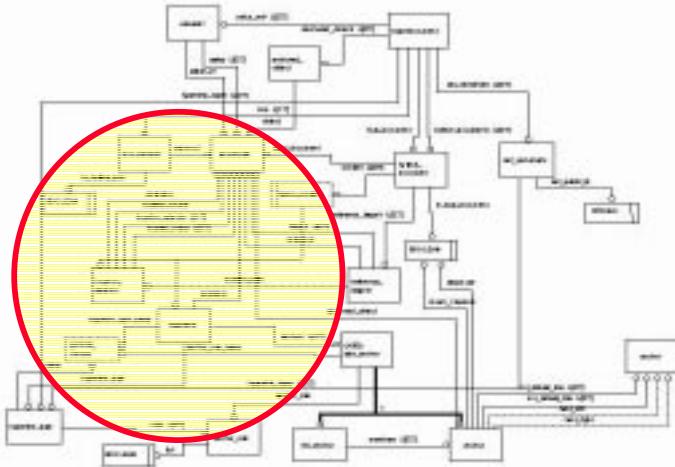
Hyperlink



Hyperdocument



Full HyTime Semantic Data Model



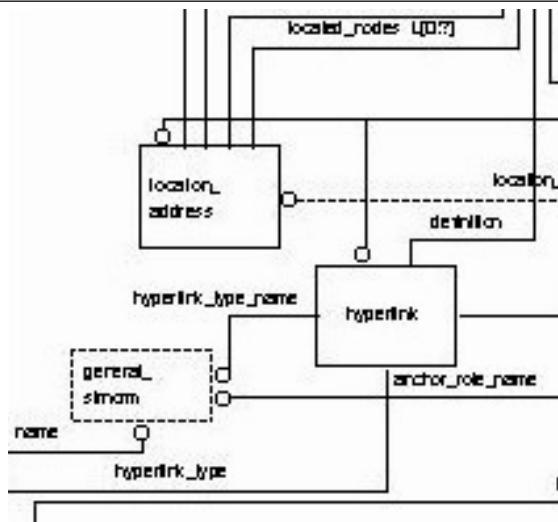
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Detail of Full HyTime Semantic Grove



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Design Principles

- Literal transcription from the original property sets
- Classes are mapped to Entities
- Properties to Attributes
- Supertypes only when clear from the standard, or necessary for understanding



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Conclusions

- Possible and useful to use EXPRESS
- Discovered where the property sets can be enhanced
- data models make the standards clearer
- We hope EXPRESS will be used by standards like SGML in the future to define their fundamental data models as part of their normative definition.
- The first step in getting the SGML data model available to STEP-based environments. Next step is to prove and work through inspection and implementation.



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