



# Universal Business Language (UBL) Code List Representation

**Version: 1.0 20 april 2004**

**Document identifier:**

WD-UBLCLSC-CODELIST-20040420

**Location:**

<http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/ubl/>

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**Abstract:**

This specification provides rules for developing and using reusable code lists. This specification has been developed for the UBL Library and derivations thereof, but it may also be used by other technologies and XML vocabularies as a mechanism for sharing code lists and for expressing code lists in W3C XML Schema form.

**Status:**

This document was developed by the OASIS UBL Code List Subcommittee **[CLSC]**. Your comments are invited. Members of this subcommittee should send comments on this specification to the [ubl-clsc@lists.oasis-open.org](mailto:ubl-clsc@lists.oasis-open.org) list. Others should subscribe to and send comments to the [ubl-comment@lists.oasis-open.org](mailto:ubl-comment@lists.oasis-open.org) list.

For information on whether any patents have been disclosed that may be essential to implementing this specification, and any offers of patent licensing terms, please refer to the Intellectual Property Rights (OASIS-IPR) section of the Security Services TC web page (<http://www.oasis-open.org/who/intellectualproperty.php>)

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# 1 Introduction

112 Trading partners utilizing the Universal Business Language (UBL) must agree on restricted sets of coded  
113 values, termed "code lists", from which values populate particular UBL data fields. Code lists are  
114 accessed using many technologies, including databases, programs and XML. Code lists are expressed  
115 in XML for UBL using W3C XML Schema for authoring guidance and processing validation purposes.

116 It is important to note that XML schema languages are not purely abstract data models. They provide  
117 only a particular representation of the data. In addition, there are many roughly equivalent design choices  
118 (e.g. elements versus attributes). The underlying logical model is obscured, and can be difficult to  
119 extract. Therefore, XML schema languages are principally useful as a way of specifying rules to an XML  
120 validation engine. Database schemas and programming language class models would have their own  
121 specific representations of the logical data models.

122 A good logical data model format should allow the information about code lists to be expressed in a  
123 format that is as simple and unambiguous as possible. To maximize the abstraction on one hand, and the  
124 utility of the code list representations on the other, this document first derives an abstract data model of a  
125 code list, and then, an XMLSchema representation of that data model.

126 The document begins with a section expositing the requirements adopted by the committee in order to  
127 make certain that design follows requirements. These requirements were used to steer the design  
128 choices elected in the balance of the document.

129 This specification was developed by the OASIS UBL Code List Subcommittee **[CLSC]** to provide rules for  
130 developing and using reusable code lists expressed using W3C XML Schema **[XSD]** syntax.

131 The contents combine requirements and solutions previously developed by UBL's Library, Naming, and  
132 Design Rules subcommittee **[CL5]**, the work of the National Institute of Standards "eBusiness Standards  
133 Convergence Forum" **[eBSC]** with contributions from Frank Yang and Suresh Damodaran of Rosettanet  
134 **[eBSCMemo]**, and position papers by Anthony Coates **[COATES]**, Gunther Stuhec **[STUHEC]**, and Paul  
135 Spencer **[SPENCER]**.

136 The data model attempts to be sufficiently general to be employable with other technologies in other  
137 scenarios that are outside the scope of this committee's work. This specification is organized as follows:

- 138 • Section 2 provides requirements for code lists;
- 139 • Section 3 provides a data and metadata model of code lists;
- 140 • Section 4 is an XMLSchema representation of the model;
- 141 • Section 5 is the recommendations for code producers and the compliance rules.

## 1.1 About the current version

143 The Code List model described in this paper for UBL 1.0 has laid much of the groundwork for extensible  
144 code lists. It includes an extensibility mechanism based on XSD substitution groups that has not been  
145 adopted for UBL 1.0 but will serve as a starting point for work on a code list extension mechanism for  
146 UBL 1.1. The current specification places a priority on uniformity of code list metadata independent of the  
147 mechanism eventually adopted for code list extension.

148 The balance of this document presents a comprehensive model of code list data. Those features that are  
149 to be considered for adoption in UBL 1.1 are labeled "(Future)". They appear in the context of their  
150 proposed use in order to present a solution that meets all the requirements identified herein for code lists,

151 but it should be understood that they represent proposals as this point and are subject to change in light  
152 of further discussions.

153 Persons wishing to engage in the further evolution of this specification are urged to join the OASIS  
154 Universal Business Language Technical Committee (<http://oasis-open.org/>).

## 155 **1.2 Scope and Audience**

156 The rules in this specification are designed to encourage the creation and maintenance of code list  
157 modules by their proper owners as much as possible. It was originally developed for the UBL Library and  
158 derivations thereof, but it is largely not specific to UBL needs; it may also be used with other XML  
159 vocabularies as a mechanism for sharing code lists in XSD form. If enough code-list-maintaining agencies  
160 adhere to these rules, we anticipate that a more open marketplace in XML-encoded code lists will emerge  
161 for all XML vocabularies.

162 This specification assumes that the reader is familiar with the UBL Library and with the ebXML Core  
163 Components **[CCTS1.9]** concepts and ISO 11179 **[ISO 11179]** concepts that underlie it.

## 164 **1.3 Terminology and Notation**

165 The text in this specification is normative for UBL Library use unless otherwise indicated. The key words  
166 *must*, *must not*, *required*, *shall*, *shall not*, *should*, *should not*, *recommended*, *may*, and *optional* in this  
167 specification are to be interpreted as described in **[RFC2119]**.

168 Terms defined in the text are in **bold**. Refer to the UBL Naming and Design Rules **[NDR]** for additional  
169 definitions of terms.

170 Core Component names from ebXML are in *italic*.

171 `Example code listings appear like this.`

172 **Note:** Non-normative notes and explanations appear like this.

173 Conventional XML namespace prefixes are used throughout this specification to stand for their respective  
174 namespaces as follows, whether or not a namespace declaration is present in the example:

175 The prefix `xs`: stands for the W3C XML Schema namespace **[XSD]**.

176 The prefix `xhtml`: stands for the XHTML namespace.

177 The prefix `iso3166`: stands for a namespace assigned by a fictitious code list module for the ISO 3166-  
178 1 country code list.

---

## 179 2 Requirements for Code Lists

180 “There can be no solution without a requirement!”

181 This section summarizes the requirements to be addressed by this paper.

### 182 2.1 Overview

183 The rules in this specification are designed to encourage the creation and maintenance of code list  
184 modules by their proper owners as much as possible. It was originally developed for the UBL Library and  
185 derivations thereof, but it is largely not specific to UBL needs; it may also be used with other vocabularies  
186 as a mechanism for sharing code lists. If enough code-list-maintaining agencies adhere to these rules, we  
187 anticipate that a more open marketplace in code lists will emerge for all vocabularies.

188 The goal is to provide a representation for code lists that are extensible, restrictable, traceable, and  
189 cognizant of the need for code lists to be maintained by various organizations who are authorities on their  
190 content.

191 Note that the code list *mechanism* of this specification needs to support all of the requirements in this  
192 section. However, any single code list based on this specification may not be required to meet all  
193 requirements simultaneously. The appropriate subset of requirements that a given code list must support  
194 is summarized in the use cases presented in the conformance section (5 Conformance to UBL Code  
195 Lists).

### 196 2.2 Use and management of Code Lists

197 This section describes requirements for the use and management of code lists. Requirements are  
198 identified in the heading for each one as: [Rn], where ‘n’ is the requirement number. This draft contains  
199 requirements that have been accumulated for code lists in general. In order to allow for the interim  
200 publishing of this specification, several of the requirements have been labeled as future requirements: [Rn  
201 (Future)]

#### 202 2.2.1 [R1] First-order business information entities

203 Code list values may appear as first-order business information entities (BIEs). For example, one property  
204 of an address might be a code indicating the country. This information appears in an element, according  
205 to the Naming and Design Rules specification [NDR]. For example, in XML a country code might appear  
206 as:

```
207 <Country>UK</Country>
```

#### 208 2.2.2 [R2] Second-order business information entities

209 Code list values may appear as second-order information that qualifies another BIE. For example, any  
210 information of the Amount core component type must have a supplementary component (metadata)  
211 indicating the currency code. For example, in XML a currency code might appear as an attribute – the  
212 value of element Currency is 2456000; the code EUR describes that these are in Euros:

```
213 <Currency code="EUR">2456000</Currency>
```

### 214 **2.2.3 [R3] Data and Metadata model separate from Schema representation**

215 Since all uses of code lists will not be exclusively within the XML domain – ie. Databases, etc..., it is  
216 desirable to separate the description of the data model from its XML representative form. This will  
217 facilitate use for other purposes of the semantically identical information.

218 The current UBL code list documents speak of other XML specifications re-using UBL's code list  
219 Schemas. While this may occur, there are already many specifications whose use of XML is sufficiently  
220 different from UBL's that re-use of UBL Schemas (or Schema fragments) is not an option. That does not  
221 mean that those other specifications cannot be interoperable with UBL at the code list level.

222 Code list interoperability comes about when different specifications or applications use the same  
223 enumerated values (or aliases thereof) to represent the same things/concepts/etc. Sharing XML  
224 schemas (or fragments) is one way of achieving this, but it is not a necessary method for achieving this  
225 goal.

226 Broader interoperability can be achieved instead by defining a format which models code lists  
227 independently of any validation or choice mechanisms that they may be used with. Such a data model  
228 should be able to be processed to produce the required XML Schemas, and should also be able to be  
229 processed to produce other artifacts, e.g. Java type-safe enumeration classes, database Schemas, code  
230 snippets for HTML forms or XForms, etc.

### 231 **2.2.4 [R4] XML and XML Schema representation**

232 The principal anticipated use of the code list model will be in XML application – XML for usage, and  
233 XMLSchema for validation of instance documents. This paper should realize a proper XML / XMLSchema  
234 representation for the code list model.

### 235 **2.2.5 [R5 (Future)] Machine readable data model**

236 A data model is an abstraction and it must be converted to explicit representation for use. The principal  
237 such use anticipated by this effort is that of XML data exchange. A machine readable representation of  
238 the data model makes the lossless(??) transfer of all meaning to the representation of choice easier since  
239 it can be automated. It is therefore desirable that the data model be expressed in a machine readable  
240 form.

### 241 **2.2.6 [R6 (Future)] Conformance test for code lists**

242 An abstract model for code lists requires a method to ensure conformance and consistency of the  
243 rendering of instance Schemas based on the model.

### 244 **2.2.7 [R6a] Supplementary components available in instance documents**

245 Instance documents often have fiduciary requirements. This requirement is independent of the need to be  
246 able to validate contents according to a referenced schema. This requires that some meta-information be  
247 explicitly contained in the instance document, irrespective of its availability in a referenced document. It is  
248 therefore desirable that:

- 249     ▪ The supplementary components of the code lists of code list values utilized in a UBL instance be  
250     available in the XML instance proper without any processing from any external source including  
251     any schema expression.
- 252     ▪ The supplementary components be available for all code-list-value information items even when  
253     two or more such information items are found in the set of data and attribute information items for  
254     any given element.

## 255 **2.3 Types of code lists**

### 256 **2.3.1 [R7] UBL maintained Code List**

257 UBL will make use of code lists that describe information content specific to UBL.

258 In some cases the UBL Library may have to be extended to meet specific business requirements. In other  
259 cases where a suitable code list does not exist in the public domain, that code list and all its values may  
260 have to be added to the UBL Library where it will be maintained. Both of these types of code lists would  
261 be considered UBL-internal code lists.

### 262 **2.3.2 [R8] Identify and use external standardized code lists**

263 Because the majority of code lists are owned and maintained by external agencies, UBL will make  
264 maximum use of such external code lists where they exist. The UBL Library SHOULD identify and use  
265 external standardized code lists rather than develop its own UBL-native code lists.

### 266 **2.3.3 [R9] Private use code list**

267 This model must support the construction of private code lists where an existing external code list needs  
268 to be extended, or where no suitable external code list exists.

## 269 **2.4 Technical requirements of Code Lists**

270 Following are technical quality requirements for code lists.

### 271 **2.4.1 [R10] Semantic clarity**

272 The ability to “de-reference” the ultimate normative definition of the code being used. The supplementary  
273 components for “Code.Type” CCTs are the expected way of providing this clarity, but there are many  
274 ways to supply values for these components in XML, and it’s even possible to supply values in some non-  
275 XML form that can then be referenced by the XML form.

### 276 **2.4.2 [R11] Interoperability**

277 Interoperability can be thought of as the sharing of a common understanding of the limited set of codes  
278 expected to be used. There is a continuum of possibilities here. For example, a schema datatype that  
279 allows only a hard-coded enumerated list of code values provides “hard” (but inflexible) interoperability.  
280 On the other hand, merely documenting the intended shared values is more flexible but somewhat less  
281 interoperable, since there are fewer penalties for private arrangements that go outside the standard  
282 boundaries. This requirement is related to, but distinct from, validatability and context rules friendliness.

### 283 **2.4.3 [R12] External maintenance**

284 The ability for non-UBL organizations to create XSD schema modules that define code lists in a way that  
285 allows UBL to reuse them without modification on anyone’s part. Some standards bodies are already  
286 doing this, although we recognize that others may never choose to create such modules.

#### 287 **2.4.4 [R13] Validatability**

288 The ability to use XSD to validate that a code appearing in an instance is legitimately a member of the  
289 chosen code list. For the purposes of the analysis presented here, “validatability” will not measure the  
290 ability for non-XSD applications (for example, based on perl or Schematron) to do validation.

#### 291 **2.4.5 [R14] Context rules friendliness**

292 The ability to use expected normal mechanisms of the context methodology for allowing codes from  
293 additional lists to appear (extension) and for subsetting the legitimate values of existing lists (restriction),  
294 without adding custom features just for code lists.

#### 295 **2.4.6 [R15] Upgradability**

296 The ability to begin using a new version of a code list without the need for upgrading, modifying, or  
297 customizing the schema modules being used.

#### 298 **2.4.7 [R16] Readability**

299 A representation in the XML instance that provides code information in a clear, easily readable form.

#### 300 **2.4.8 [R17] Code lists must be unambiguously identified**

301 (1) - any two uses of the same namespace URI represent the use of the same code list definition

302 (2) - no two differing code list definitions shall be represented by the same namespace URI

303 Business issue: When two trading partners identify the use of a code list, there must not be any  
304 ambiguity. Should either partner create a code list or change an existing code list, the  
305 identification of the resulting code list must be distinct from that of its origin.

#### 306 **2.4.9 [R18 (Future)] Ability to prevent extension or modification**

307 Certain code lists should not be extensible. For example, the traditional English list of colors in a rainbow,  
308 RED ORANGE YELLOW GREEN BLUE INDIGO VIOLET. It should be possible to indicate that such a  
309 code list is not extensible so the users can be assured of this constancy in its usage.

### 310 **2.5 Design Requirements of Code List Data Model**

311 What follows is a list of some of the features that a code list data model should provide.

#### 312 **2.5.1 [R19] A list of the values (codes) for a code list**

313 The code list must contain one or more valid values.

#### 314 **2.5.2 [R20 (Future)] Multiple lists of equivalent values (codes) for a code list**

316 Individual code values must be able to be represented in multiple ways to account for individual business  
317 requirements. For example, integers & mnemonics may both be needed. For days of the week, both well

318 accepted names, abbreviations, and integers might be convenient to represent Sunday/SUN/1  
319 Monday/MON/2 Tuesday/TUE/3 Wednesday/WED/4 Thursday/THU/5 Friday/FRI/6 Saturday/SAT/7.

### 320 **2.5.3 [R21] Unique identifiers for a code list**

321 The code list must contain a unique identifier to be able to reference the entire code list as an item.

### 322 **2.5.4 [R22] Unique identifiers for individual values of a code list**

323 Each code within the code list must contain a unique identifier to be able to reference that particular code  
324 without knowing the code value or decode value for that code.

### 325 **2.5.5 [R23] Names for a code list**

326 Each code list must have a unique name that intuitively implies the content of the list.

### 327 **2.5.6 [R24] Documentation for a code list**

328 Each code list must contain documentation which describes, in detail, the business usage for this code  
329 list.

### 330 **2.5.7 [R25] Documentation for individual values of a code list**

331 Each code value on the code list must not only be able to support valid values, but must also allow  
332 optional index values and a long description to convey, in detail, the business meaning and usage for this  
333 code value.

### 334 **2.5.8 [R26 (Future)] The ability to import, extend, and/or restrict other code 335 lists**

336 The model for code lists must be able to provide the ability to extend, restrict or import additional values.

### 337 **2.5.9 [R27 (Future)] Support for describing code lists that cannot be 338 enumerated**

339 Either because of size, volatility, or proprietary restrictions (e.g. a WSDL description of a Web service that  
340 can validate which of a set of codes are members of a particular code list) ??

### 341 **2.5.10 [R28 (Future)] Support for references to equivalent code lists**

342 Each code list must be able to refer to other code lists that may or may not be used in place of it. These  
343 references are not necessarily exactly the same, but may be equivalent based on business usage.

### 344 **2.5.11 [R29 (Future)] Support for individual values to be mapped to 345 equivalent values in other code lists**

346 Each code list value must be able to refer to other code list values that may or may not be used in place  
347 of it. These references are not necessarily exactly the same, but may be equivalent based on business  
348 usage.

349 **2.5.12 [R30 (Future)] Support for users to attach their own metadata to a**  
350 **code list**

351 Each code list must have the flexibility to have additional descriptive information added by an individual  
352 user to account for unique business requirements.

353 **2.5.13 [R31 (Future)] Support for users to attached their own metadata to**  
354 **individual values of a code list**

355 Each code value must have the flexibility to have additional descriptive information added by an individual  
356 user to account for unique business requirements.

357 **2.5.14 [R32 (Future)] Support for describing the validity period of the values**

358 An effective date and expiration date should be established so that the code list can be scoped in time.  
359 See, for example, "Patterns for things that change with time",  
360 <http://martinfowler.com/ap2/timeNarrative.html>

361 **2.5.15 [R33] Identifier for UN/CEFACT DE 3055.**

362 Many code lists have been defined by UN/CEFACT. The code list model requires a representation of an  
363 identifier for this standard UNTDED 3055[**UNTDED 3055**]. This identifier uniquely identifies UN/EDIFACT  
364 standard code lists.

365

### 3 Data and Metadata Model for Code Lists

366 This section provides rules for developing and using reusable code lists. These rules were developed for  
367 the UBL Library and derivations thereof, but they may also be used by other code-list-maintaining  
368 agencies as guidelines for any vocabulary wishing to share code lists. See section 5.0 Conformance.

369 Since the UBL Library is based on the ebXML Core Components Version1.9, 11 December 2002; see  
370 **[CCTS1.9]**), the supplementary components identified for the *Code*. *Type* core component type are used  
371 to identify a code as being from a particular list.

372 Note that the model in this section is presented in two parts:

373 A data model for the codes themselves, and,

374 A metadata model for “supplementary components” that describe the entire list

#### 375 3.1 Data Model Definition

376 The data model of codes in a code list is presented below.

CCT	UBL Name	Object Class	Property Term	Representation Term	Primitive Type	Card.	Remarks
Code. Content	Content	Code	Content	Text	String	1..1	Required
Code. Name. Text	CodeName	Code	Name	Text	String	0..n	Optional
N/A	CodeDescription	Code Description	Description	Text	String	0..n	Optional
N/A	CodeIndex (Future)	Code Index	Index	Numeric	Number	0..1	Optional

#### 377 3.2 Supplementary Components (Metadata) Model Definition

378 The following model contains the supplementary components description of a code list.

CCT	UBL Name	Object Class	Property Term	Representation Term	Primitive Type	Card.	Remarks
N/A	name	Code	Name	Text	String	0..1	Optional
Code List. Identifier	CodeListID	Code List	Identification	Identifier	String	0..1	Optional
Code List. Agency. Identifier	CodeListAgencyID	Code List	Agency	Identifier	String	0..1	Optional

Code List. Agency Name. Text	CodeListAgencyName	Code List	Agency Name	Text	String	0..1	Optional
Code List. Name. Text	CodeListName	Code List	Name	Text	String	0..1	Optional
Code List. Version. Identifier	CodeListVersionID	Code List	Version	Identifier	String	0..1	Optional
Code List. Uniform Resource. Identifier	CodeListURI	Code List	Uniform Resource	Identifier	String	0..1	Optional
Code List Scheme. Uniform Resource. Identifier	CodeListSchemeURI	Code List Scheme	Uniform Resource	Identifier	String	0..1	Optional
Language. Identifier	LanguageID	Language	Identifier	Identifier	String	0..1	Optional
Code List . Namespace . Prefix. Identifier	CodeListNamespacePrefixID	Code List	Namespace Prefix	Identifier	String	0..1	Optional
N/A	CodeListDescription	Code List	Description	Text	String	0..1	Optional
N/A	CodeListCredits	Code List	Credits	Text	String	0..1	Optional

379

### 380 3.3 Examples of Use

381 The data type “Code“ is used for all elements that should enable coded value representation in the  
 382 communication between partners or systems, in place of texts, methods, or characteristics. The list of  
 383 codes should be relatively stable and should not be subject to frequent alterations (for example,  
 384 CountryCode, LanguageCode, etc.). Code lists must have versions.

385 If the agency that manages the code list is not explicitly named and is specified using a role, then this  
 386 takes place in an element type’s name.

387 The following types of code can be represented:

388 a.) Standardized codes whose code lists are managed by an agency from the code list DE 3055.

Code	Standard
CodeListID	Code list for standard code
CodeListVersionID	Code list version
CodeListAgencyID	Agency from DE 3055 (excluding roles)

389 b.) Proprietary codes whose code lists are managed by an agency that is identified by using a standard.

Code	Proprietary
------	-------------

CodeListID	Code list for the propriety code
CodeListVersionID	Version of the code list
CodeListAgencyID	Standardized ID for the agency (normally the company that manages the code list)
CodeListSchemeURI	ID schema for the schemeAgencyId
CodeListURI	Agency DE 3055 that manages the standardized ID 'listAgencyId'

390 c.) Proprietary codes whose code lists are managed by an agency that is identified without the use of a  
391 standard.

Code	Proprietary
CodeListID	Code list for the proprietary code
CodeListVersionID	Code list version
CodeListAgencyID	Standardized ID for the agency (normally the company that manages the code list)
CodeListSchemeURI	ID schema for the schemeAgencyId
CodeListURI	'ZZZ' (mutually defined from DE 3055)

392 d.) Proprietary codes whose code lists are managed by an agency that is specified by using a role or that  
393 is not specified at all.

394 The role is specified as a prefix in the tag name. listID and listVersionID can optionally be used as  
395 attributes if there is more than one code list. If there is only one code list, no attributes are required.

Code	Proprietary
CodeListID	ID schema for the proprietary identifier
CodeListVersionID	ID schema version

396

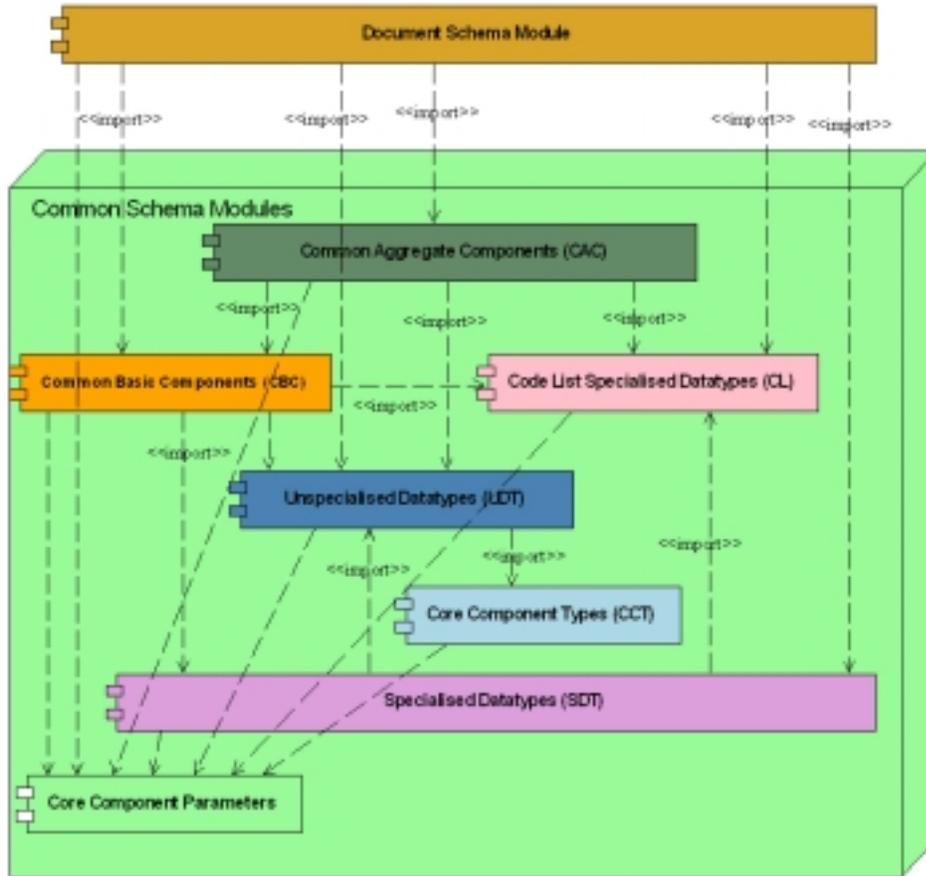
## 4 XML Schema representation of Code Lists

397

This section describes how the data model is mapped to XML schema [XSD]. The code list mechanism described in this paper assumes that it will be used in the UBL context according to the following graphic that describes the type derivation hierarchy for code list and related schemas [UBL1-SD]:

398

399



400

401 *Figure 1 UML Diagram of UBL Schemas type hierarchy*

402 As shown in the figure, an abstract model of “any” UBL code list appears in a code list specific  
403 namespace.

404 Note that an instance of a code list is derived in several pieces – a simpleType that contains the actual  
405 content of the code list, and, a complexType with simple content that attaches the optional supplementary  
406 components to the enumeration. The following procedure describes the construction of a code list  
407 schema:

- 408     ▪ Define an abstract element for inclusion in extensible schemas (future)
- 409     ▪ Define a simpleType to hold the enumerated values
- 410     ▪ Define a complexType to add the supplementary components
- 411     ▪ Define a global attribute to contain the enumerated values as an attribute and for supplementary  
412         components as needed. (future)

- 413      ▪ Define an element that substitutes for the abstract type to enable usage in unextended schemas
- 414      (future)
- 415      ▪ Define a comprehensive URN to hold supplementary components that can qualify uniqueness of
- 416      usage (future)

## 417      4.1 Data Model Mapping

418      The following table summarizes the component mapping of the data model. Items in braces, “{}” are

419      references to the data model components. For example:

420      {code.name} represents the contents of the name of the code list, i.e. CountryCode;

421      “{code.name} Type” represents the contents of the name of the code list, i.e. “CountryCodeType”;

o UBL Name	o XMLSchema Mapping
o Code.Content	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o 1. Abstract element (Future) <pre data-bbox="521 726 1305 779">&lt;xs:element name="{code.name}A" type="xs:token" abstract="true"/&gt;</pre> </li> <li>o 2. Simple type to hold code list values and optional annotations <pre data-bbox="521 835 1305 1209">&lt;xs:simpleType name="{code.name}Type"&gt; &lt;xs:restriction base="xs:token"&gt; &lt;xs:enumeration value="{code.content}" &lt;xs:annotation&gt; &lt;xs:documentation&gt; {code.description} &lt;/xs:documentation&gt; &lt;/xs:annotation&gt; &lt;/xs:enumeration&gt; &lt;xs:enumeration value="{code.content}"/&gt; &lt;xs:enumeration value="{code.content}"/&gt; . . . &lt;/xs:restriction&gt; &lt;/xs:simpleType&gt;</pre> </li> <li>o 3. Complex type to associate supplementary values with code list values that substitutes for the abstract type. <pre data-bbox="521 1293 1305 1883">&lt;xs:complexType name="{code.name}"&gt; &lt;xs:annotation&gt; &lt;xs:documentation&gt; &lt;ccts:Instance&gt; &lt;!-- Data and values stored in this space are meant for instance-processing purposes, and are non-normative. --&gt; &lt;ccts:Prefix&gt;loc&lt;/ccts:Prefix&gt; &lt;ccts:CodeListQualifier&gt;{code.name} &lt;/ccts:CodeListQualifier&gt; &lt;ccts:CodeListAgency&gt;{Code.listAgencyID} &lt;/ccts:CodeListAgency&gt; &lt;ccts:CodeListVersion&gt;{Code.listVersionID} &lt;/ccts:CodeListVersion&gt; &lt;/ccts:Instance&gt; &lt;/xs:documentation&gt; &lt;/xs:annotation&gt; &lt;xs:simpleContent&gt; &lt;xs:extension base="{Code.name}Type"&gt; &lt;xs:attribute name="CodeListID" type="xs:token" fixed="{CodeListID}"/&gt; &lt;xs:attribute name="CodeListAgencyID"</pre> </li> </ul>

	<pre> type="xs:token" fixed="{CodeListAgencyID}"/&gt; &lt;xs:attribute name="CodeListVersionID" type="xs:string" fixed="{CodeListVersionID}"/&gt; . . . additional optional attributes &lt;/xs:extension&gt; &lt;/xs:simpleContent&gt; &lt;/xs:complexType&gt; </pre> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>o 4. Attribute (Future) <pre> &lt;xs:attribute name="{Code.name}" type="{Code.name}ContentType"/&gt; </pre> </li> <li>o 5. Element to substitute for abstract element in non-extended schemas (Future) <pre> &lt;xs:element name="{Code.name}" type="{Code.name}Type" substitutionGroup="{Code.name}TypeA"/&gt; </pre> </li> </ul>
o Code.Description	Xs:annotation/ xs:documentation/
o Code.Value	Xs:annotation/ xs:documentation/

## 422 4.2 Supplementary Components Mapping

423 The following table shows all supplementary components of the code type. It also shows the current  
424 representation by using attributes and the recommended optional representation by using namespaces  
425 and annotations.

UBL Name	Optional XMLSchema Mapping	Optional
	URN mapping	complex type attribute mapping
name	xs:annotation/ xs:documentation/ cc:codename	o This is the default name of the implemented element and attribute above.
CodeListID	namespace (URN) 1. position Mandatory	<pre>&lt;xs:attribute name="CodeListID" type="xs:normalizedString"/&gt;</pre>
CodeListName	namespace (URN) 2. position Optional	<pre>&lt;xs:attribute name="CodeListName" type="xs:string"/&gt;</pre>
CodeListVersionID	namespace (URN) 3. position Mandatory	<pre>&lt;xs:attribute name="CodeListVersionID" type="xs:normalizedString"/&gt;</pre>
CodeListAgencyID	namespace (URN) 4. position Optional	<pre>&lt;xs:attribute name="CodeListAgencyID" type="xs:normalizedString"/&gt;</pre>
CodeListAgencyName	namespace (URN) 5. position optional	<pre>&lt;xs:attribute name="CodeListAgencyName" type="xs:string"/&gt;</pre>

CodeListURI	namespace (URN) 6. position optional	<xs:attribute name="CodeListURI " type="xs:anyURI" />
CodeListSchemeURI	namespace (URN) 7. position optional	<xs:attribute name=" CodeListSchemeURI " type="xs:normalizedStrin g" />
LanguageID		<xs:attribute name="LanguageID" type="xs:language" />
CodeListNamespacePrefixID		<xs:attribute name=" CodeListNamespacePrefixI D" type="xs:normalizedStrin g" />
CodeListDescription		<xs:attribute name=" CodeListDescription" type="xs:string" />
CodeListCredits		<xs:attribute name=" CodeListCredits" type="xs:string" />

### 426 4.3 Namespace URN (Future)

427 The following construct represents the construct for the URN of a code list, according OASIS URN:

```
428 urn:oasis:tc:ubl:codeList:<CodeList.Identification.Identifier>:<CodeList.Name.
429 Text>:<CodeList.Version.Identifier>:<CodeList.AgencyIdentifier>:<CodeList.Agen
430 cyName.Text>:<CodeList.AgencyScheme.Identifier>:<CodeList.AgencySchemeAgency.I
431 dentifier>
```

432 The first four parameters are fixed by Uniform Resource Name (URN) [see RFC 2141] and OASIS URN  
433 [see RFC 3121]:

- 434 ○ urn --> leading token of URNs
- 435 ○ oasis --> registered namespace ID "oasis"
- 436 ○ tc --> Technical Committee Work Products
- 437 ○ ubl --> From Technical Committee UBL (Universal Business Language)
- 438 ○ The parameter "codeList" identifies the schema type "code list".
- 439 ○ The following parameters from <Code List. Identifier> to <Code List. Agency Scheme Agency.  
440 Identifier> represents the specific code list supplementary components of the CCT codeType.
- 441 ○ Example:

```
442 urn:oasis:tc:ubl:codeList:ISO639:Language%20Code:3:ISO:International%20Standar
443 dization%20Organization::
```

### 444 4.4 Namespace Prefix

445 REWORD THIS. Namespace prefix could be freely defined. However, it is helpful for better  
446 understanding, to identity the code lists by a convention of namespace prefixes.

447 The prefix provides the namespace prefix part of the qualified name of each code list. It is recommended  
448 that this prefix should contain the information of the supplementary component <Code List. Identification  
449 Identifier> and if it is necessary for separation, the information of the supplementary component <Code  
450 List. Version. Identifier> separated by a dash "-". All letters should be lower case.

451 Example:

452 iso639  
453 iso639-3 (with version)

## 454 4.5 Code List Schema Generation

455 This section describes how to generate complete code list schemas from the data model of section 4.

### 456 4.5.1 Data model and example values

457 The code list model and supplementary components are listed in the following table. The first column  
458 contains the UBL name and the second column contains an example of the value(s) for that name. It is  
459 assumed that the UBL name is the proposed name for the schema  
460 element/attribute/simpleType/complexType etc....

461 The expressions ValueOf(<UBL Name>), and, {UBL Name}refer to the contents for a specific code list.  
462 The latter representation is used so that a substitution can be shown within the schema fragments  
463 generated.

UBL Name	Description	Sample ValueOf(<UBL Name>) ≡ {UBL Name}
Content	A character string (letters, figures or symbols) that for brevity and/or language independence may be used to represent or replace a definitive value or text of an <i>Attribute</i> .	<enumerated values>
Name	<enumerated value definitions> (if Content="USD" then Name = "US Dollars")	The textual name of the code content.
CodeListID	The identification of a list of codes.	ISO4217 Alpha
CodeListAgencyID	An agency that maintains one or more code lists.	6
CodeListAgencyName	The name of the agency that maintains the code list.	United Nations Economic Commission for Europe
CodeListName	The name of a list of codes.	Currency
CodeListVersionID	The <i>Version</i> of the code list.	0.3
CodeListURI	The Uniform Resource Identifier that identifies where the code list is located.	<a href="http://www.bsi-global.com/Technical%2BInformation/Publications/_Publications/tig90x.doc">http://www.bsi-global.com/Technical%2BInformation/Publications/_Publications/tig90x.doc</a>
CodeListSchemeURI	The Uniform Resource Identifier that identifies where the code list scheme is located.	urn:oasis:names:tc:ubl:codelist:CurrencyCode:1:0-draft-8-11
LanguageID	The identifier of the language used in the corresponding text string	En
CodeListNamespaceP	The namespace prefix recommended	cur

refixID	for this code list. Should be based on the CodeListID.	
CodeListDescription	Describes the set of codes	The set of world currencies
CodeListCredits	Acknowledges the source and ownership of codes	Derived from the ISO 4217 currency code list and used under the terms of the ISO policy stated at <a href="http://www.iso.org/iso/en/commcentre/pressreleases/2003/Ref871.html">http://www.iso.org/iso/en/commcentre/pressreleases/2003/Ref871.html</a> .

## 464 4.5.2 Schema to generate

465 This section describes the specific steps required to generate a schema from the above model. Each step  
466 shows two schema fragments – one that is a template for generating the schema, and, the second one  
467 that is an example schema generated. In the template sections, the places where values from the  
468 spreadsheet model are inserted are shown in braces, and are colored green –

469 e.g. "{CodeListAgencyID}" means substitute the value "6".

## 470 4.5.3 Schema file name

471 The name of this schema file should be:

472 `UBL-CodeList-{CodeListName}-{CodeListVersionID}.xsd`

473 For example:

474 `UBL-CodeList-CurrencyCode-1.0.xsd`

### 475 4.5.3.1 Generate XML header

476 Template, Sample are the same:

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!--
Universal Business Language (UBL) Schema 1.0-draft-10.1

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=====

For our absent friend, Michael J. Adcock - il miglior fabbro

=====

Universal Business Language Specification
(http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc\_home.php?wg\_abbrev=ubl)
OASIS Open (http://www.oasis-open.org/)

Schema generated by GEFEG EDIFIX v5.0-beta
(http://www.gefeg.com/en/standard/xml/ubl.htm)

Document Type:   CurrencyCode
Generated On:    Fri Mar 26 14:30:20 2004
-->

```

#### 477 **4.5.3.2 Generate XML Schema header**

#### 478 **Template:**

```

<xs:schema
  targetNamespace="{CodeListSchemeURI}"
  xmlns="{CodeListSchemeURI}"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  elementFormDefault="qualified" attributeFormDefault="unqualified" version="1:0-draft-7.1">

```

#### 479 **Sample:**

```

<xs:schema
  targetNamespace="urn:oasis:names:tc:ubl:odelist:CurrencyCode:1:0-draft-7.1"
  xmlns="urn:oasis:names:tc:ubl:odelist:CurrencyCode:1:0-draft-7.1"
  xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  elementFormDefault="qualified" attributeFormDefault="unqualified" version="1:0-draft-7.1">

```

#### 480 **4.5.3.3 Generate abstract element (Future)**

#### 481 **Template:**

```
<xs:element name="{CodeListName}Abstract" type="xs:string" abstract="true"/> {i would prefer to make the meaning of this clear}
```

482 **Sample:**

```
<xs:element name="CurrencyCodeAbstract" type="xs:normalizedString" abstract="true"/>
```

#### 483 4.5.3.4 Generate simple type to contain the enumerated values

484 **Template:**

```
<xs:simpleType name="{CodeListName}ContentType">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:enumeration value="{first Content}"
      <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
          <CodeName>{first Name}</CodeName>
        </xs:documentation>
      </xs:annotation>
    </xs:enumeration>
    ...
    <xs:enumeration value="{last Content}"
      <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
          <CodeName>{last Name}</CodeName>
        </xs:documentation>
      </xs:annotation>
    </xs:enumeration>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
```

485 **Sample:**

```
<xs:simpleType name="CurrencyCodeContentType">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:enumeration value="AED">
      <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
          <CodeName>UAE Dirham</CodeName>
        </xs:documentation>
      </xs:annotation>
    </xs:enumeration>
    <xs:enumeration value="ALL">
      <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
          <CodeName>Albanian Lek</CodeName>
        </xs:documentation>
      </xs:annotation>
    </xs:enumeration>
    <xs:enumeration value="AMD">
      <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
          <CodeName>Armenian Dram</CodeName>
        </xs:documentation>
      </xs:annotation>
    </xs:enumeration>
    <xs:enumeration value="ANG"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="AOA"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="XDR"/>
    ...
    <xs:enumeration value="ZAR"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="ZMK"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="ZWD"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
```

486 **4.5.3.5 Generate complex type to hold enumerated values and supplemental**  
487 **components**

488 **Template:**

```
<xs:complexType name="{CodeListName}Type">
  <xs:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation>
      <ccts:Component>
        <ccts:ComponentType>DT</ccts:ComponentType>
        <ccts:DictionaryEntryName>Code. Type</ccts:DictionaryEntryName>
        <ccts:RepresentationTerm>Code</ccts:RepresentationTerm>
        <ccts:DataTypeQualifier>Currency</ccts:DataTypeQualifier>
        <ccts:DataType>Code. Type</ccts:DataType>
      </ccts:Component>
      <ccts:Instance>
        <ccts:CodeListID>{CodeListID}</ccts:CodeListID>
        <ccts:CodeListAgencyID>{CodeListAgencyID}</ccts:CodeListAgencyID>
        <ccts:CodeListAgencyName>{CodeListAgencyName}</ccts:CodeListAgencyName>
        <ccts:CodeListName>{CodeListName}</ccts:CodeListName>
        <ccts:CodeListVersionID>{CodeListVersionID}</ccts:CodeListVersionID>
        <ccts:CodeListUniformResourceID>{CodeListURI}</ccts:CodeListUniformResourceID>
        <ccts:CodeListSchemeUniformResourceID>{CodeListSchemeURI}</ccts:CodeListSchemeUniformResourceID>
        <ccts:LanguageID>{LanguageID}</ccts:LanguageID>
      </ccts:Instance>
    </xsd:documentation>
  </xs:annotation>
  <xs:simpleContent>
    <xs:extension base="{CodeListName}ContentType">
      <xs:attribute name="name" type="xs:string" use="optional"/> ??????????
      <xs:attribute name="codeListID" type="xs:normalizedString" fixed="{CodeListID}"/>
      <xs:attribute name="codeListAgencyID" type="xs:normalizedString"
        fixed="{CodeListAgencyID}"/>
      <xs:attribute name="codeListAgencyName" type="xs:normalizedString"
        fixed="{CodeListAgencyName}"/>
      <xs:attribute name="codeListName" type="xs:string" fixed="{CodeListName}">
      <xs:attribute name="codeListVersionID" type="xs:string"
        fixed="{CodeListVersionID}"/>
      <xs:attribute name="codeListURI" type="xs:anyURI" fixed="{CodeListURI}">
      <xs:attribute name="codeListSchemeURI" type="xs:anyURI"
        fixed="{CodeListSchemeURI}">
      <xs:attribute name="languageID" type="xs:language" fixed="{LanguageID}">
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>
```

489 **Sample:**

```

<xs:complexType name="CurrencyCodeType">
  <xs:annotation>
    <xsd:documentation>
      <ccts:Component>
        <ccts:ComponentType>DT</ccts:ComponentType>
        <ccts:DictionaryEntryName>Code. Type</ccts:DictionaryEntryName>
        <ccts:RepresentationTerm>Code</ccts:RepresentationTerm>
        <ccts:DataTypeQualifier>Currency</ccts:DataTypeQualifier>
        <ccts:DataType>Code. Type</ccts:DataType>
      </ccts:Component>
      <ccts:Instance>
        <ccts:CodeListID>ISO 4217 Alpha</ccts:CodeListID>
        <ccts:CodeListAgencyID>6</ccts:CodeListAgencyID>
        Europe</ccts:CodeListAgencyName>
        <ccts:CodeListName>Currency</ccts:CodeListName>
        <ccts:CodeListVersionID>0.3</ccts:CodeListVersionID>
        <ccts:CodeListUniformResourceID>
          http://www.bsi-global.com/Technical%2BInformation
          /Publications/_Publications/tig90x.doc </ccts:CodeListUniformResourceID>
        <ccts:CodeListSchemeUniformResourceID>
          urn:oasis:names:tc:ubl:codelist:CurrencyCode:1:0-draft-10.1
          </ccts:CodeListSchemeUniformResourceID>
        <ccts:LanguageID>en</ccts:LanguageID>
      </ccts:Instance>
    </xsd:documentation>
  </xs:annotation>
  <xs:simpleContent>
    <xs:extension base="CurrencyCodeContentType">
      <xsd:attribute name="name" type="xsd:string" use="optional"/>
      <xsd:attribute name="codeListID" type="xsd:normalizedString" use="optional"
        fixed="ISO 4217 Alpha"/>
      <xsd:attribute name="codeListAgencyID" type="xsd:normalizedString" use="optional"
        fixed="6"/>
      <xsd:attribute name="codeListAgencyName" type="xsd:string" use="optional"
        fixed="United Nations Economic Commission for Europe"/>
      <xsd:attribute name="codeListName" type="xsd:string" use="optional"
        fixed="Currency"/>
      <xsd:attribute name="codeListVersionID" type="xsd:normalizedString" use="optional"
        fixed="0.3"/>
      <xsd:attribute name="codeListURI" type="xsd:anyURI" use="optional"
        fixed="http://www.bsi-global.com/
        Technical%2BInformation/Publications/_Publications/tig90x.doc"/>
      <xsd:attribute name="codeListSchemeURI" type="xsd:anyURI" use="optional"
        fixed="urn:oasis:names:tc:ubl:codelist:CurrencyCode:1:0-draft-10.1"/>
      <xsd:attribute name="languageID" type="xsd:language" use="optional" fixed="en"/>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>

```

490 **4.5.3.6 Generate global attributes to allow usage of code lists as an attribute**  
 491 **(Future)**

492 **Template:**

```

<xs:attribute name="{CodeListName}" type="{CodeListName}ContentType"/>
<xs:attribute name="codeListID" type="xs:normalizedString" fixed="{CodeListID}"/>
<xs:attribute name="codeListAgencyID" type="xs:normalizedString" fixed="{CodeListAgencyID}"/>
<xs:attribute name="codeListAgencyName" type="xs:string"
    fixed="{CodeListAgencyName}"/>
<xs:attribute name="codeListVersionID" type="xs:normalizedString" fixed="{CodeListVersionID}"/>
<xs:attribute name="codeListName" type="xs:string" fixed="{CodeListName}"/>
<xs:attribute name="name" type="xs:normalizedString" fixed="{name}"/>
<xs:attribute name="codeListURI" type="xs:anyURI" fixed="{CodeListURI}"/>
<xs:attribute name="codeListSchemeURI" type="xs:anyURI" fixed="{CodeListSchemeURI}"/>
<xs:attribute name="languageID" type="xs:normalizedString" fixed="{LanguageID}"/>

```

493 **Sample:**

```

<xs:attribute name="CurrencyCode" type="CurrencyCodeContentType"/>
<xs:attribute name="name" type="xs:normalizedString" fixed="cur"/>
<xs:attribute name="codeListID" type="xs:normalizedString" fixed="ISO 4217 Alpha"/>
<xs:attribute name="codeListAgencyID" type="xs:normalizedString" fixed="6"/>
<xs:attribute name="codeListAgencyName" type="xs:string"
    fixed="United Nations Economic Commission for Europe"/>
<xs:attribute name="codeListVersionID" type="xs:normalizedString" fixed="0.3"/>
<xs:attribute name="codeListName" type="xs:string" fixed="CurrencyCode"/>
<xs:attribute name="codeListURI" type="xs:anyURI"
    fixed="http://www.bsi-global.com/Technical%2BInformation/Publications/_Publications/tig90x.doc"/>
<xs:attribute name="codeListSchemeURI" type="xs:anyURI"
    fixed="urn:oasis:names:tc:ubl:odelist:CurrencyCode:1:0-draft-8-1"/>
<xs:attribute name="languageID" type="xs:language" fixed="en"/>

```

#### 494 4.5.3.7 Generate global element to allow usage of code list as an element (Future)

495 **Template:**

```

<xs:element name="{CodeListName}" type="{CodeListName}Type"
    substitutionGroup="{CodeListName}Abstract"/>

```

496 **Sample:**

```

<xs:element name="CurrencyCode" type="CurrencyCodeType"
    substitutionGroup="CurrencyCodeAbstract"/>

```

#### 497 4.5.3.8 End of schema

498 **Template:**

```

</xs:schema>

```

499 **Sample:**

```

</xs:schema>

```

### 500 4.6 Code List Schema Usage

501 For every code list, there exists a specific code list schema. This code list schema must have a  
 502 targetNamespace with the UBL specific code list namespace and have a prefix with the code list identifier  
 503 itself.

504 The element in the code list schema can be used for the representation as a global declared element in  
 505 the document schemas. The name of the element is the UBL tag name of the specific BIE for a code.

506 The simpleType represents the possible codes and the characteristics of the code content. The name of  
 507 the simpleType must be always ended with ". Content". Within the simpleType is a restriction of the XSD  
 508 built-in data type "xs:token". This restriction includes the specific facets "length", "minLength",  
 509 "maxLength" and "pattern" for regular expressions to describe the specific characteristics of each code  
 510 list.

511 Each code will be represented by the facet “enumeration” after the characteristics. The value of each  
512 enumeration represents the specific code value and the annotation includes the further definition of each  
513 code, like “Code. Name”, “Language. Identifier” and the description.

514 The schema definitions to support this might look as follows:

```
515 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
516 <xs:schema
517   targetNamespace="urn:oasis:ubl:codeList:ISO3166:Locale%20Code:3:5:ISO::"
518   xmlns:iso3166="urn:oasis:ubl:codeList:ISO3166: Locale%20Code:3:5:ISO::"
519   xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
520   elementFormDefault="qualified" attributeFormDefault="unqualified">
521
522   <xs:element name="LocaleCodeTypeA" type="xs:token"
523     abstract="true">
524     <xs:annotation>
525       <xs:documentation>
526         An abstract place holder for a code list element
527       </xs:documentation>
528     </xs:annotation>
529   </xs:element>
530
531   <xs:simpleType name="LocaleCodeContentType">
532     <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
533       <xs:enumeration value="DE" />
534       <xs:enumeration value="FR" />
535       <xs:enumeration value="US" />
536       . . .
537     </xs:restriction>
538   </xs:simpleType>
539
540   <xs:complexType name="LocaleCodeType">
541     <xs:annotation>
542       <xs:documentation>
543         <ccts:Instance>
544           <!-- Data and values stored in this space
545             are meant for instance-processing purposes, and are
546             non-normative. -->
547           <ccts:Prefix>loc</ccts:Prefix>
548           <ccts:CodeListQualifier>LocaleCode</ccts:CodeListQualifier>
549           <ccts:CodeListAgency>ISO3166</ccts:CodeListAgency>
550           <ccts:CodeListVersion>0.3</ccts:CodeListVersion>
551         </ccts:Instance>
552       </xs:documentation>
553     </xs:annotation>
554     <xs:simpleContent>
555       <xs:extension base=" LocaleCodeType">
556         <xs:attribute name="CodeListID" type="xs:token" fixed="ISO3166"/>
557         <xs:attribute name="CodeListAgencyID" type="xs:token" fixed="6"/>
558         <xs:attribute name="CodeListVersionID" type="xs:string" fixed="0.3"/>
559         . . . additional optional attributes
560       </xs:extension>
561     </xs:simpleContent>
562   </xs:complexType>
563
564   <xs:element name="LocaleCode" type="LocaleCodeType"
565     substitutionGroup="LocaleCodeTypeA">
566     <xs:annotation>
567       <xs:documentation>
568         A substitution for the abstract element based
569         on aStdEnum
570       </xs:documentation>
571     </xs:annotation>
572   </xs:element>
```

```

573
574 <xs:attribute name="{Code.name}" type="{Code.name}ContentType">
575   <xs:annotation>
576     <xs:documentation>
577       A global attribute for use inside an element
578     </xs:documentation>
579   </xs:annotation>
580 </xs:attribute/>
581
582
583 </xs:schema>
584

```

## 585 4.7 Instance

586 The enumerated list method results in instance documents with the following structures.

```

587 <LocaleCode>US</LocaleCode>
588
589 <iso3166:LocaleCode>US</iso3166:LocaleCode>
590
591 <PostCode iso3166:LocaleCode="FQ">20878</PostCode>
592
593

```

## 594 4.8 Deriving New Code Lists from Old Ones (future)

595 In order to promote maximum reusability and ease code lists maintenance, code list designers are  
596 expected to build new code lists from existing lists. They could for example combine several code lists or  
597 restrict an existing code list.

598 These new code lists must be usable in UBL elements the same manner the "basic" code lists are used.

### 599 4.8.1 Extending code lists

600 The base schema shown above could be extended to support new codes as follows:

```

601 <xs:schema targetNamespace="cust"
602   xmlns:std="std"
603   xmlns="cust"
604   xmlns:cust="custom"
605   xmlns:xs=http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema
606   elementFormDefault="qualified"
607   attributeFormDefault="unqualified">
608
609   <xs:import namespace="std"
610     schemaLocation="D:\_PROJECT\NIST\XMLSchema\test0513\std.xsd"/>
611
612   <xs:element name="LocaleCode" substitutionGroup="std:LocaleCodeA">
613     <xs:annotation>
614       <xs:documentation>A substitute for the abstract LocaleCodeA
615         that extends the enumeration
616       </xs:documentation>
617     </xs:annotation>
618     <xs:simpleType>
619       <xs:union memberTypes="std:aStdEnum">
620         <xs:simpleType>
621           <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
622             <xs:enumeration value="IL"/>
623             <xs:enumeration value="GR"/>
624           </xs:restriction>

```

```
625     </xs:simpleType>
626   </xs:union>
627 </xs:simpleType>
628 </xs:element>
629 </xs:schema>
```

## 630 4.8.2 Restricting code lists

631 The base schema shown above could be restricted to support a subset of codes as follows:

```
632 <xs:import namespace="std"
633   schemaLocation="D:\_PROJECT\NIST\XMLSchema\test0513\std.xsd" />
634 <xs:element name="LocaleCode" substitutionGroup="std:LocaleCodeA">
635   <xs:annotation>
636     <xs:documentation>
637       A substitute for the abstract LocaleCodeA that restricts
638       the enumeration
639     </xs:documentation>
640   </xs:annotation>
641   <xs:simpleType>
642     <xs:restriction base="xs:token">
643       <xs:enumeration value="DE" />
644       <xs:enumeration value="US" />
645     </xs:restriction>
646   </xs:simpleType>
647 </xs:element>
```

---

648

## 5 Conformance to UBL Code Lists (future)

649 This section is for Producers of Code Lists outside of UBL. These lists could be owned by a number of  
650 different types of organizations.

651 We probably need a Conformance section in this document so that code list producers (who, in general,  
652 won't be UBL itself) will know how/when to claim conformance to the requirements (MUST) and  
653 recommendations (SHOULD/MAY) in this specification. This spec is not for the UBL TC, but for code list  
654 producers (which may occasionally include UBL itself).

655

---

## 6 References

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661
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675
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- 678     **[CL5]**     [http://www.oasis-open.org/apps/org/workgroup/ubl-clsc/download.php/4502/wd-ublndrsc-codelist-05\\_las\\_20030702.doc](http://www.oasis-open.org/apps/org/workgroup/ubl-clsc/download.php/4502/wd-ublndrsc-codelist-05_las_20030702.doc)  
679
- 680     **[ISO 11179]**    <need reference>
- 681     **[UBL1-SD]**     <http://ibiblio.org/bosak/ubl/UBL-1.0/art/UBL-1.0-SchemaDependency.jpg>
- 682     **[UNTDDED 3055]** <need reference>
- 683     **[XSD]**     *XML Schema*, W3C Recommendations Parts 0, 1, and 2. 2 May 2001.  
684     <http://www.unece.org/etrades/unedocs/repository/codelist.htm>.

## Appendix A. Revision History

Revision	Editor	Description
2004-01-13	Marty Burns	First complete version converted from NDR revision 05
2004-01-14	Marty Burns	Minor edit of chapter heading 3 & 4
2004-01-20	Marty Burns	Incorporated descriptions from AS and KH
2004-02-06	Marty Burns	Cleaned up requirements and other sections – removed some redundant content from merge of contributions. Explicitly identified Data Model and Metadata models separately from XML representations of the same.
2004-02-11	Marty Burns	Added comments from 2/11 conference call
2004-02-29	Marty Burns	Added resolutions from February Face to Face meeting
2004-03-03	Marty Burns	Incorporated Tim McGrath's corrections of data model
2004-03-09	Marty Burns	Addressed Eve Maler's comments Addressed Tony Coates comments Addressed 2004-03-03 telecon comments Added some elaboration of the model usage in ubl
2004-03-15	Marty Burns	Added example mapping schema paper to section 4.6
2004-03-23	Marty Burns	Added data model for supplementary components, Marked future features for UBL 1.1 as (future) Added comment about UBL1.0 release vs. future.
2004-04-01	Marty Burns	Clean up for UBL version 1.0
2004-04-14	Marty Burns	Incorporated suggested edits from GKH

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686

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