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Language (SAML) V1.1 4

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29 Abstract: 30

This specification describes the program and technical requirements for SAML conformance.

Status: 31

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91 **1 Introduction**

92 This document describes the program and technical requirements for the SAML conformance system.

93 **1.1 Scope of the Conformance Program**

SAML deals with a rich set of functionalities ranging from assertions about acts of authentication to
 assertions for policy enforcement. Not all implementers will choose to implement all aspects of the SAML
 specifications. In order to achieve compatibility and interoperability, applications and software need to be
 measured for conformance in a uniform manner. The SAML conformance effort aims at fulfilling this need.

- 98 The deliverables of the SAML conformance effort include:
- 99 Conformance clause, defining at a high level what conformance means for the SAML standard.
- Conformance program specification, defining how an implementation or application establishes conformance.
- Input to the creation of a conformance test suite. This is a high-level specification for a set of test programs, result files, and report generation tools that can be used by vendors of SAML-compliant software, buyers interested in confirming SAML compliance of software, and testing labs running conformance tests on behalf of vendors or buyers.
- Section 2 of this document provides the SAML Conformance Clause. Section 3 deals with defining and specifying the process by which conformance to the SAML specification set can be demonstrated and certified. Section 4 elucidates the technical requirements that constitute conformance; this includes both the levels of conformance that can be demonstrated and the requirements for each of those levels of conformance. Section 5 describes what a test suite for SAML should include. Section 6 defines the services that may become available to assist in establishing conformance. Section 7 gives information for documents referenced in this specification.

113 **1.2 Notation**

114 The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD

- 115 NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "DOES", and "OPTIONAL" in this specification are to be interpreted as 116 described in IETF RFC 2119 [**RFC2119**]:
- 117 ...they MUST only be used where it is actually required for interoperation or to limit behavior
 118 which has potential for causing harm (e.g., limiting retransmissions)...
- 119 These keywords are thus capitalized when used to unambiguously specify requirements over protocol and
- 120 application features and behavior that affect the interoperability and security of implementations. When
- 121 these words are not capitalized, they are meant in their natural-language sense.

122 2 Conformance Clause

- 123 The objectives of the SAML Conformance Clause are to:
- Ensure a common understanding of conformance and what is required to claim conformance
- Promote interoperability in the exchange of authentication and authorization information
- 126 Promote uniformity in the development of conformance tests
- 127 The SAML Conformance Clause explicitly specifies all of the requirements that have to be satisfied to 128 claim conformance to the SAML standard.

129 2.1 SAML Specification Set

- The following four specifications, in addition to this SAML conformance program specification, comprisethe Version 1.1 specification set for SAML:
- Assertions and Protocol for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) [SAMLCore]
- Security Considerations for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) [SAMLSec]
- Bindings and Profiles for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) [SAMLBind]
- Glossary for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) [SAMLGIOSS]
- 136 The SAML Core document also references the schema definitions for SAML assertions and protocols:
- 137 Assertion schema [SAMLAssertion]
- 138 Protocol schema [SAMLProtocol]
- 139 Although additional documents might use or reference the SAML standard (such as white papers,

descriptions of custom profiles, and position papers referencing particular issues), they do not constitute

141 part of the standard.

142 **2.2 Declaration of SAML Conformance**

143 Conformance to the SAML standard can be declared either for the entire standard or for a subset of the

standard, based on the requirements that a given implementation or application claims to meet. That is,

requirements can be applied at varying levels, so that a given implementation or application of the SAML

standard can achieve clearly defined conformance with all or part of the entire set of specifications.

147 SAML conformance MUST be expressed in terms of which SAML bindings and profiles are supported by 148 a given application or implementation. The application or implementation claiming conformance to the

149 SAML standard MUST support the SOAP protocol binding for assertions containing at least one statement

- 150 type. An application or implementation MAY also support the web browser profiles.
- For any binding for which an application or implementation claims conformance, the level of conformanceMUST then be specified in each of these dimensions:
- Whether the application or implementation acts as producer, consumer, or both producer and consumer of the SAML messages in the supported bindings and profiles.
- Which assertions and statements the application or implementation supports for each supported binding.

- 157 Table 1 shows the protocols, protocol bindings, and profiles applicable to each SAML assertion/statement
- 158 type. For each SAML binding or profile to which an application or implementation claims conformance, the claim MUST stipulate whether the producer and/or consumer roles are supported and for which assertions
- 160 and statements for those roles.
- Note that the OASIS Web Services Security Technical Committee has produced a draft "SAML token
 profile" of the WSS specification [WSS-SAML], which describes how to use SAML assertions to secure a
 web service message. This specification does not discuss conformance to that profile of SAML.
- 164 For example, an implementation consisting solely of an authentication authority responsible for generating
- assertions containing authentication statements and returning those assertions in response to a SOAP-
- 166 over-HTTP request for assertion would correspond to the "producer role" for the SOAP over HTTP
- binding. If the implementation also supported the return of the assertion in the browser/artifact profile, thenthe "producer role" for that profile would also be supported.
- 169 A SAML protocol <Request> element may contain any one of <AuthenticationQuery>,
- 170 <AttributeQuery>, or <AuthorizationDecisionQuery> elements, or, it may contain any number
- 171 of <AssertionIDReference> or <AssertionArtifact> elements. For convenience, this document
- 172 refers to a SAML request with an <AuthenticationQuery> element as an "authentication query", a
- 173 request with an <AttributeQuery> element as an "attribute query", and a request with an
- 174 <AuthorizationDecisionQuery> element as an "authorization decision query". SAML requests
- 175 containing <AssertionIDReference> or <AssertionArtifact> elements are referred to simply as
- 176 requests of those types.
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- 178

Table 1: Protocol Bindings and Profiles for SAML Assertions

Binding or Profile	Consumer Role	Producer Role
SOAP over HTTP protocol binding	Send an authentication query to solicit an assertion containing an authentication statement from a producer; consume the returned response and assertion.	Produce an assertion containing an authentication statement and return a response containing the assertion to the consumer.
	Send an attribute query to solicit an assertion containing an attribute statement from a producer; consume the returned assertion.	Produce an assertion containing an attribute statement and return a response containing the assertion to the consumer.
	Send an authorization decision query to solicit an assertion containing an authorization decision statement from a producer; consume the returned assertion.	Produce an assertion containing an authorization decision statement and return a response containing the assertion to the consumer.
	Send an <assertionidreference> request to solicit one or more assertions with the associated assertion identifiers from a producer; consume the returned assertions.</assertionidreference>	Produce a response containing existing assertions with the requested assertion identifiers; send response to the consumer.
Browser/Artifact Profile	Receive one or more artifacts; send an <assertionartifact> request; ensure that returned assertions</assertionartifact>	Produce assertions including an SSO assertion and send corresponding artifacts to a consumer; on receiving

	include a singe sign-on assertion; consume the returned assertions.	<pre>an <assertionartifact> request, produce a response containing the associated assertions; send response to the consumer.</assertionartifact></pre>
Browser/POST Profile	Receive a response message containing one or more assertions including an SSO assertion in a POST message and consume the assertions.	Produce assertions including an SSO assertion; produce a response message containing the assertions; transfer the response to a consumer via a POST message

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- An application or implementation should express its level of conformance in terminology such as thefollowing:
- 182 [Application or implementation] as both producer and consumer supports all SAML protocol
 183 bindings and profiles, for all assertions, statements, and required elements. No optional
 184 elements for the assertions, statements, bindings, and profiles are produced.
- 185 [Application or implementation] as both producer and consumer supports the SOAP protocol
 186 binding for all queries, assertions, and statements. It produces the <Conditions> optional
 187 elements for all assertions in the SOAP protocol binding. It does not support the browser
 188 profiles for any assertion.
- [Application or implementation] as both producer and consumer supports the SOAP protocol
 binding for all assertions and statements. It also supports the browser/artifact profile and all
 required elements. No optional elements for the assertions, statements, bindings, and profiles
 are produced.
- 193 An application or implementation that claims conformance for a particular binding or profile MUST support
- all required elements of that binding or profile and of the assertions supported with that binding or profile.
- 195 It MUST also state which assertions and statements are supported and which, if any, optional elements for
- 196 that binding or profile and corresponding assertions and statements are supported.

197 2.3 Mandatory/Optional Elements in SAML Conformance

- 198 The SOAP protocol binding MUST be implemented by all implementations or applications claiming SAML 199 conformance, for each assertion and statement type claimed as supported through a binding or profile.
- The SAML schema and binding specifications include both mandatory and optional elements. A conforming application or implementation MUST be able to handle all valid SAML elements, including those that are optional. However, it does not have to produce those optional elements.
- 203 For example:
- An application or implementation that consumes assertions must be able to handle assertions that include the optional <Condition> element, such as by rejecting any conditions that it does not recognize.
- An application or implementation that produces assertions may, but is not required to, include the optional <Condition> element in those assertions.
- An application or implementation claiming support for an assertion must support the SOAP over HTTP
 protocol binding. It can also, optionally, implement the protocol by means of another binding.
- 211 The test cases for SAML conformance are intended to check for support of all valid SAML elements. They
- also check whether an implementation or application accepts and properly handles optional assertion
- 213 elements (such as <Condition>) whose value the implementation or application does not recognize.

214 **2.4 Impact of Extensions on SAML Conformance**

- SAML supports extensions to assertions, statements, protocols, protocol bindings, and profiles. An
 application or implementation MAY claim conformance to SAML only if its extensions (if any) meet the
 following requirements:
- Extensions MUST NOT re-define semantics for existing functions.
- Extensions MUST NOT alter the specified behavior of interfaces defined in the SAML specification set.
- Extensions MAY add additional behaviors.
- Extensions MUST NOT cause standard-conforming functions (i.e., functions that do not use the extensions) to execute incorrectly.
- 224 SAML bindings and profiles MAY be extended so long as the above conditions are met. If a system is 225 extending SAML assertions or statements:
- The mechanism for determining application conformance and the extensions MUST be clearly described in the documentation, and the extensions MUST be marked as such;
- Extensions MUST follow the spirit, principles, and guidelines of the SAML specification set, that is, the specifications MUST be extended in a standard manner as defined in the extension fields.
- In the case where an implementation has added additional behaviors, the implementation MUST
 provide a mechanism whereby a conforming application shall be recognized as such, and be
 executed in an environment that supports the functional behavior defined in this specification set.
- Extensions are outside the scope of conformance. There are no mechanisms specified to validate and verify the extensions.

235 **2.5 Maximum Values of Unbounded Elements**

The SAML schema supports a number of elements that can be specified multiple times in an assertion, request or response. An application or implementation claiming conformance MUST support at least the values listed in Table 2 below for each of the elements defined as "unbounded" in the SAML schema. In those cases where the maximum value is greater than the listed values, the application or implementation SHOULD state what that maximum supported value is.

- However, some of the elements in the table can be nested, such that repeated elements have a
 multiplicative effect on the number of elements. For example, trees of nested unbounded elements
 include the following:
- 244 Response > Assertion > Statement (of various types)
- 245 Response > Assertion > Advice > Assertion
- 246 Response > Assertion > Conditions > AudienceRestrictionCondition > Audience
- 247 Response > Assertion > Statement > SubjectConfirmation > ConfirmationMethod
- 248 Response > Assertion > AttributeStatement > Attribute > AttributeValue
- In a response containing 10 assertions, each with 10 AttributeStatements, each with 10 Attributes, each
 with 10 AttributeValues, this tree alone comprises 10,000 elements.
- 251 Therefore, in order to minimize the potential impact of nested unbounded elements, an application or
- 252 implementation MAY limit the total number of elements supported in a given request, response or (when
- this is used in the POST profile) assertion to no more than 1000 total elements and still claim
- 254 conformance to the SAML V1.1 specification set.

Table 2: Unbounded Elements

Element	Parent Element	Maximum Value
Statement (various types)	Assertion	1000
DoNotCacheCondition	Conditions	1000
AudienceRestrictionCondition	Conditions	1000
Audience	AudienceRestrictionCondition	1000
AssertionIDReference	Advice	1000
Assertion	Advice	1000
ConfirmationMethod	SubjectConfirmation	1000
AuthorityBinding	AuthenticationStatement	1000
Attribute	AttributeStatement	1000
AttributeValue	Attribute	1000
Action	AuthorizationDecisionStatement	1000
AssertionIDReference	Evidence	1000
Assertion	Evidence	1000
RespondWith	Request	1000
AssertionIDReference	Request	1000
AssertionArtifact	Request	1000
AttributeDesignator	AttributeQuery	1000
Action	AuthorizationDecisionQuery	1000
Assertion	Response	1000

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257 **3 Conformance Process**

As discussed in the article "What is this thing called conformance" **[NIST/ITL]**, conformance can comprise any of several levels of formal process:

- Conformance testing (also called conformity assessment) is the execution of automated or non-automated scripts, processes, or other mechanisms to determine whether an application or implementation of a specification deviates from that specification. Conformance testing performed by implementors early on in the development process can find and correct their errors before the software reaches the marketplace, without necessarily being part of either a validation or a certification process.
- Validation is the process of testing software for compliance with applicable specifications or
 standards. The validation process consists of the steps necessary to perform the conformance testing
 by using an official test suite in a prescribed manner.
- Certification is the acknowledgment that a validation has been completed and the criteria established by the certifying organization for issuing a certificate have been met. Successful completion of certification results in the issuance of a certificate (or brand) indicating that the implementation conforms to the appropriate specification. It is important to note that certification cannot exist without validation, but validation can exist without certification.

The conformance process for SAML is based on validation rather than certification. That is, no certifying organization has been established with the responsible for issuing a statement of conformance with regard to an application or implementation. Therefore, an implementor who has validated SAML conformance by means of conformance testing MUST NOT use the term "certified for SAML conformance". Until and if a certification process is in place, vendor declaration of validation will be the only means of asserting that conformance testing has been performed.

The conformance process does not stipulate whether validation is performed by the implementor, by a third party, or by the customer of an application or implementation. Rather, the conformance process describes the way in which conformance testing should be done in order to demonstrate that an application or implementation correctly performs the functionality specified in the standard. Validation achieved through the SAML conformance process provides software developers and users assurance and confidence that the product behaves as expected, performs functions in a known manner, and possesses the prescribed interface or format.

- The Security Services Technical Committee is responsible for generating the materials that allow vendors,
 customers, and third parties to evaluate software for SAML conformance. These materials include
 documentation describing test cases, linked to use cases and requirements, included in this specification.
- 290 The test cases can be used to create a test suite that can be run against an implementation to 291 demonstrate any of the several levels of conformance defined in the conformance clause of the SAML 292 specification. The Security Services Technical Committee is not responsible for developing the test suite 293 nor for testing of particular implementations.

3.1 Implementation and Application Conformance

- 295 SAML Conformance is applicable to:
- Implementations of SAML assertions, statements, protocols and bindings. These could be in the form of toolkits, products incorporating SAML components, or reference implementations that demonstrate the use of SAML components.

- Applications that produce or consume SAML protocol bindings or that execute on SAML
 implementations (for example, using a SAML toolkit to support multi-domain single sign-on)
- 301 A conforming **implementation** MUST meet all the following criteria:
- The implementation MUST support all the required interfaces defined within the specification set for a given binding or profile. It MUST also specify which assertions and statements relevant to that binding or profile are supported. The implementation MUST support the functional behavior described in the specification.
- The implementation MAY provide additional or enhanced facilities not required by this specification set. These nonstandard extensions MUST NOT alter the specified behavior of interfaces defined in this specification. They MAY add additional behaviors. In these circumstances, the implementation MUST provide a mechanism whereby a SAML conforming application shall be recognized as such, and be executed in an environment that supports the functional behavior defined in this specification set.
- 312 A conforming **application** MUST meet all the following criteria:
- 313 1. The application MUST be able to execute on any conforming implementation.
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 2. If an application requires a particular feature set that is not available on a specific implementation,
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- 318 element is not present.

319 **3.2 Process for Declaring Conformance**

- The following process is to be followed in declaring that an application or implementation conforms to the SAML standard:
- 322 1. Determine which bindings and protocols will be asserted as conforming.
- 323 2. Implement the test suite for the conformance tests relevant to the conformance being claimed.
- 324 3. Validate the application or implementation by executing those conformance tests.
- Send the statement claiming conformance to the Security Services Technical Committee so that it can be posted on the SAML web site. A statement of any bindings and profiles being used that are not part of the SAML standard should also be sent to the Security Services Technical Committee at the same time for posting on the SAML web site.

4 Technical Requirements for SAML Conformance

This section defines the technical criteria that apply to declaring conformance to the SAML standard. The requirements are specified as test cases, corresponding to the 12 possible subsets of conformance defined in Table 1.

- 333 Each test case includes:
- A description of the test purpose (that is, what is being tested the conditions, requirements, or capabilities which are to be addressed by a particular test)
- 336 The pass/fail criteria
- A reference to the requirement in the requirements document relevant to the test case
- A reference to the section in the specification set from which the test case is derived (that is, traceability back to the specification)
- For each assertion and statement type, both required tests for producing and consuming the assertion, as well as tests related to protocols, bindings, and profiles, are specified.

342 **4.1 Test Group 1 – SOAP over HTTP Protocol Binding**

The test cases in this test group check for conformance to the SAML SOAP protocol binding. Any implementation or application claiming conformance to SAML MUST be able to execute these test cases successfully for the claimed assertion or assertions and role (producer or consumer), even if support for this protocol binding is incidental to the primary purposes of the application or implementation.

For convenience, assertions containing an authentication statement will be referred to in this section as *authentication assertions*, assertions containing an attribute statement as *attribute assertions*, and assertions containing an authorization decision statement as *authorization decision assertions*.

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4.1.1 Test Case 1-1: SOAP Binding: Implementation-Under-Test Produces Valid Authentication Assertion in Valid Response to Authentication Query

354 Description: This test case requests and receives an authentication assertion created by an
 355 implementation-under-test using an authentication query in the SOAP binding. It then confirms that the
 authentication assertion returned by the implementation-under-test is valid for all required functionality.

Pass/Fail Criteria: The authentication assertion contains all required elements in the correct format and
 sequence, the authentication query is accepted by implementation-under-test, and the response contains
 all required elements in correct sequence.

- 360 **Requirements Reference:** R-AUTHN and R-MULTIDOMAIN
- 361 Specification Reference: [SAMLCore] Sections 2.3, 2.4, and 3; [SAMLBind] Section 3.1
- 362 Implementation Notes: The implementation-under-test executes the authentication assertion producer363 role.

4.1.2 Test Case 1-2: SOAP Binding: Implementation-Under-Test Consumes Valid Authentication Assertion, Requested in Valid Authentication Query

366 **Description:** This test case receives an authentication query created by an implementation-under-test in 367 the SOAP binding. It confirms that the authentication query is valid for all required functionality. The test 368 case returns an authentication assertion and confirms that the assertion is consumed.

- 369 **Pass/Fail Criteria:** The authentication query contains all required elements in the correct format and 370 sequence; the authentication response and assertion are consumed.
- 371 Requirements Reference: R-AUTHN and R-MULTIDOMAIN
- 372 Specification Reference: [SAMLCore] Sections 2.3, 2.4, and 3; [SAMLBind] Section 3.1

373 **Implementation Notes:** The implementation-under-test executes the authentication assertion consumer 374 role. It is up to the test program and implementation-under-test to determine how to validate that the

assertion was consumed.

4.1.3 Test Case 1-3: SOAP Binding: Implementation-Under-Test Produces Valid Attribute Assertion in Valid Response to Attribute Query

- 378 **Description:** This test case requests and receives an attribute assertion created by an implementation 379 under-test using an attribute query in the SOAP binding. It then confirms that the attribute assertion
 380 returned by the implementation-under-test is valid for all required functionality.
- Pass/Fail Criteria: The attribute assertion contains all required elements in the correct format and
 sequence, the attribute query is accepted by implementation-under-test, and the response contains all
 required elements in correct sequence.
- 384 **Requirements Reference:** R-AUTHZ and R-MULTIDOMAIN
- 385 Specification Reference: [SAMLCore] Sections 2.3, 2.4, and 3; [SAMLBind] Section 3.1
- 386 **Implementation Notes:** The implementation-under-test executes the attribute assertion producer role.

4.1.4 Test Case 1-4: SOAP Binding: Implementation-Under-Test Consumes Valid Attribute Assertion, Requested in Valid Attribute Query

- 389 Description: This test case receives an attribute query sent by an implementation-under-test in the SOAP
 390 binding. It confirms that the attribute query is valid for all required functionality. The test case then returns
 391 an attribute assertion and confirms that the assertion is consumed.
- 392 Pass/Fail Criteria: The attribute query contains all required elements in the correct format and sequence;
 393 attribute response and assertion are consumed.
- 394 Requirements Reference: R-AUTHZ and R-MULTIDOMAIN
- 395 Specification Reference: [SAMLCore] Sections 2.3, 2.4, and 3; [SAMLBind] Section 3.1
- 396 Implementation Notes: The implementation-under-test executes the attribute assertion consumer role. It
- is up to the test program and implementation-under-test to determine how to validate that assertion was
 consumed.

4.1.5 Test Case 1-5: SOAP Binding: Implementation-Under-Test Produces Valid Authorization Decision Assertion in Valid Response to Authorization Decision Query

- 402 **Description:** This test case requests and receives an authorization decision assertion created by an 403 implementation-under-test using an authorization decision query in the SOAP binding. It then confirms 404 that the authorization decision assertion returned by the implementation-under-test is valid for all required 405 functionality.
- 406 Pass/Fail Criteria: The authorization decision assertion contains all required elements in the correct
 407 format and sequence, the authorization decision query is accepted by implementation-under-test, and the
 408 response contains all required elements in correct sequence.
- 409 **Requirements Reference:** R-AUTHZDECISION and R-MULTIDOMAIN
- 410 Specification Reference: [SAMLCore] Sections 2.3, 2.4, and 3; [SAMLBind] Section 3.1
- 411 Implementation Notes: The implementation-under-test executes the authorization decision assertion
 412 producer role.

413 4.1.6 Test Case 1-6: SOAP Binding: Implementation-Under-Test Consumes 414 Valid Authorization Decision Assertion, Requested in Valid Authorization 415 Decision Query

- 416 **Description:** This test case receives an authorization decision guery created by an implementation-under-
- 417 test in the SOAP binding. It confirms that the received authorization decision query is valid for all required
- 418 functionality. It returns an authorization decision assertion to the implementation-under-test and confirms
- 419 that the assertion is consumed.
- 420 Pass/Fail Criteria: The authorization decision query contains all required elements in the correct format
 421 and sequence; authorization decision response and assertion are consumed.
- 422 Requirements Reference: R-AUTHZDECISION and R-MULTIDOMAIN
- 423 Specification Reference: [SAMLCore] Sections 2.3, 2.4, and 3; [SAMLBind] Section 3.1
- 424 **Implementation Notes:** The implementation-under-test executes the authorization decision assertion 425 consumer role. It is up to the test program and implementation-under-test to determine how to validate
- 426 that assertion was consumed.

427 4.1.7 Test Case 1-7: SOAP Binding: Implementation-Under-Test Produces 428 Valid Assertions in Valid Response to AssertionIDReference Request

- 429 **Description:** This test case requests and receives assertions created by an implementation-under-test 430 using an AssertionIDReference request in the SOAP binding. It then confirms that the assertions returned
- 431 by the implementation-under-test are valid for all required functionality.
- 432 **Pass/Fail Criteria:** The returned assertions contain all required elements in the correct format and
- 433 sequence, the AssertionIDReference request is accepted by implementation-under-test, and the response
 434 contains all required elements in correct sequence.
- 435 Requirements Reference: R-AUTHN and R-MULTIDOMAIN
- 436 Specification Reference: [SAMLCore] Sections 2.3, 2.4, and 3; [SAMLBind] Section 3.1
- 437 **Implementation Notes:** The implementation-under-test executes the assertion producer role.

438 4.1.8 Test Case 1-8: SOAP Binding: Implementation-Under-Test Consumes 439 Valid Assertions, Requested in Valid AssertionIDReference Request

440 **Description:** This test case receives an AssertionIDReference request in the SOAP binding created by an 441 implementation-under-test. It confirms that the received AssertionIDReference request is valid for all 442 required functionality. The test case returns the requested assertions and confirms that the assertions are 443 consumed.

- 444 Pass/Fail Criteria: The AssertionIDReference request contains all required elements in the correct format
 445 and sequence; the response and assertions are consumed.
- 446 **Requirements Reference:** R-AUTHN and R-MULTIDOMAIN
- 447 Specification Reference: [SAMLCore] Sections 2.3, 2.4, and 3; [SAMLBind] Section 3.1
- 448 **Implementation Notes:** The implementation-under-test executes the assertion consumer role. It is up to
- the test program and implementation-under-test to determine how to validate that assertions wereconsumed.

451 **4.2 Test Group 2 – Web Browser SSO Profiles**

- 452 The test cases in this test group check for conformance to the web browser single sign-on (SSO) profiles
- 453 of the SAML standard. Both the browser/artifact and browser/POST profiles are optional. Any
- 454 implementation or application claiming conformance to the browser/artifact profile MUST be able to
- 455 execute Test Case 2-1 successfully for the assertion producer role and/or Test Case 2-2 successfully for
- the assertion consumer role. Any implementation or application claiming conformance to the
- browser/POST profile MUST be able to execute Test Case 2-3 successfully for the assertion producer role
- and/or Test Case 2-4 successfully for the assertion consumer role.

459 4.2.1 Test Case 2-1: Browser/Artifact Profile: Valid Assertions Produced in 460 Response to Valid AssertionArtifact Request

- 461 **Description:** This test case receives artifacts in a valid HTTP message from an implementation-under-
- test. The test case confirms that the artifacts are valid for all required functionality. It then uses the
- 463 AssertionArtifact request in the SOAP binding to request and receive assertions created by an
- 464 implementation-under-test corresponding to the artifacts. It then confirms that the returned assertions 465 include an SSO assertion and is valid for all required functionality.

466 Pass/Fail Criteria: .Received artifacts have expected formats. AssertionArtifact request contains all
 467 required elements in correct format and sequence and is accepted by the implementation-under-test; An
 468 assertion is returned for every artifact in the AssertionArtifact request. Returned assertions include an
 469 SSO assertion.

- 470 Requirements Reference: R-AUTHN and R-MULTIDOMAIN
- 471 Specification Reference: [SAMLCore] Sections 2.3, 2.4, and 3; [SAMLBind] Section 4.1.1
- 472 Implementation Notes: Test program performs the destination site (consumer) operations for the profile;
 473 implementation-under-test performs source site (producer) operations.

474 4.2.2 Test Case 2-2: Browser/Artifact Profile: Valid Assertions Request 475 Corresponding to Valid Artifacts Sent in Valid HTTP Message

476 **Description:** This test case sends valid artifacts in a valid HTTP message to an implementation-under-477 test. The test case then receives an AssertionArtifact request containing the artifacts from the

- 478 implementation-under-test. It confirms that the AssertionArtifact request is valid for all required
- functionality, then returns the requested assertions to the implementation-under-test, and confirms that the assertion was consumed.
- 481 **Pass/Fail Criteria:** AssertionArtifact request contains all required elements in the correct format and sequence.
- 483 **Requirements Reference:** R-AUTHN and R-MULTIDOMAIN
- 484 Specification Reference: [SAMLCore] Sections 2.3, 2.4, and 3; [SAMLBind] Section 4.1.1
- 485 Implementation Notes: Test program performs the source site (producer) operations for the profile;
 486 implementation-under-test performs destination site (consumer) operations.

487 4.2.3 Test Case 2-3: Browser/POST Profile: Valid Assertions Received in 488 Valid HTTP POST

- 489 Description: This test case receives an HTTP POST message from an implementation-under-test
 490 containing a SAML protocol response message with one or more assertions and including an SSO
 491 assertion and checks that the assertions are valid.
- 492 Pass/Fail Criteria: SSO assertion sent by implementation-under-test MUST contain all required
 493 information in the right sequence and format. Any optional information included (including conditions)
 494 MUST NOT compromise the validity of the required information.
- 495 **Requirements Reference:** R-AUTHN and R-MULTIDOMAIN
- 496 Specification Reference: [SAMLCore] Sections 2.3, 2.4, and 3; [SAMLBind] Section 4.1.2
- 497 Implementation Notes: Test program (consumer role) implementing this test case establishes
 498 successful execution of the test case by inspection of the format of the returned assertion.

499 4.2.4 Test Case 2-4: Browser/Post Profile: ValidAssertions Sent in Valid 500 HTTP POST

501 **Description:** This test case sends a SAML protocol response message in an HTTP POST message to an 502 implementation-under-test containing an SSO and other assertions and checks that the assertions are 503 consumed.

- 504 **Pass/Fail Criteria:** Implementation-under-test allows access based on assertions it receives and consumes.
- 506 **Requirements Reference:** R-AUTHN and R-MULTIDOMAIN
- 507 Specification Reference: [SAMLCore] Sections 2.3, 2.4, and 3; [SAMLBind] Section 4.1.2
- 508 **Implementation Notes:** It is up to the test program and implementation-under-test to determine how to validate that assertion was consumed.

510 5 Test Suite

A test suite, which is the combination of test cases and test documentation, is used to check whether an implementation or application satisfies the requirements in the standard. The test cases, implemented by a test tool or a set of files (such as data, programs, scripts, or instructions for manual action), check each requirement in the specification to determine whether the results produced by the implementation or application match the expected results, as defined by the specification.

516 The test documentation describes how the testing is to be done and the directions for the tester to follow. 517 Additionally, the documentation should be detailed enough so that testing of a given implementation can 518 be repeated with no change in test results.

519 Conformance testing is black-box testing to test the functionality of an implementation. This means that

520 the internal structure or the source code of a candidate implementation is not available to the tester.

521 However, content and format of received or returned messages can be inspected as part of the

522 determination of conformance.

523 Any test suite for SAML should consist of platform independent, non-biased, objective tests. Generally, a 524 conformance test suite is a collection of combinations of legal and illegal inputs to the implementation 525 being tested, together with a corresponding collection of expected results. Only the requirements 526 specified in the standard are testable. A test suite should not check any implementation properties that 527 are not described by the standard or set of standards. A test suite cannot require features that are optional 528 in a standard, but if such features are present, a test suite could include tests for those features. A test 529 suite does not assess the performance of an implementation unless performance requirements are 530 specified in the specification, although implementation dependencies or machine dependencies can be 531 demonstrated through the execution of the test cases.

532 The results of conformance testing apply only to the implementation and environment for which the tests

are run. Test suites can be provided as a web-based system executed on a remote server, downloadable

files for local execution, or a combination of remote and local access and execution. The method for providing and delivering the test suite depends on what is being tested as well as the objective for test

535 providing and delivering the test suite depends on what is being tested as well as 536 suite use – that is, providing self-test capability or formal certification testing.

537 6 Conformance Services

538 The OASIS Security Services Technical Committee does not itself provide conformance services. As

539 SAML test suites become available and experience with SAML identified appropriate conformance testing

540 approaches, the Conformance Specification will describe the services which a conformance services

541 organization should provide, including software services, releases, self-test kit, actual computer systems,

542 facilities, web based interfaces, and availability.

543 7 References

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568 Appendix A. Acknowledgments

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599 Appendix B. Notices

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