

# **Proposed Infoset Addendum to SOAP Messages with Attachments**

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## **Abstract**

This specification defines a small number of XML and SOAP conventions that clarify an earlier proposal and collectively allow opaque data and web references to be used in an Infoset-based messaging model.

## **Status**

This specification is provided as-is and for review and evaluation only. AT&T, BEA, Canon, Microsoft, SAP, and Tibco hope to solicit your contributions and suggestions in the near future. AT&T, BEA, Canon, Microsoft, SAP, and Tibco make no warranties or representations regarding the specification in any manner whatsoever.

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### **Appendix I. XML Schemas**

# 1. Introduction

The desire to integrate XML [[XML](#)] with pre-existing data formats has been a long-standing and persistent issue for the XML community. Users often want to leverage the structured, extensible markup conventions of XML without abandoning existing data formats that do not readily adhere to XML 1.0 syntax. Often, users want to leave their existing non-XML formats as is, to be treated as opaque sequences of octets by XML tools and infrastructure. Such an approach would allow widely used formats such as JPEG and WAV to peacefully coexist with XML.

As XML is increasingly used as a message format (e.g., SOAP [[SOAP11](#), [SOAP12](#)]), the interest in integrating opaque data with XML has increased to the point where there are at least two concrete proposals for doing so: SOAP Messages with Attachments 1.0 [[SWA1](#)] and WS-Attachments [[WSA](#)]. The former has gained some traction within the community but is under specified with respect to the XML Infoset [[Infoset](#)] and with respect to the processing model of SOAP. (See [[InfosetWP](#)] for details.)

This document proposes a set of concrete idioms and conventions that clarify the processing model of SOAP Messages with Attachments, yielding the following enhancements:

- Alignment with the XML Infoset-based data model and the SOAP processing model – opaque data may be correctly processed by intermediaries and may be secured
- Backwards-compatible message syntax – every message conforming to this proposal is a legal SwA/1.0 message
- Alternate message syntax for SOAP processors that have no knowledge of SwA or this proposal – message content can be faithfully serialized in a form that is understandable by SOAP processors that do not comply with this specification

# 2. Notations and Terminology

This section specifies the notations, namespaces, and terminology used in this specification.

## 2.1 Notational Conventions

The keywords "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [[RFC 2119](#)].

## 2.2 Namespaces

The XML namespace URI that MUST be used by implementations of this specification are:

```
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/xbinc
```

```
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa
```

The following namespaces are used in this document:

Prefix	Namespace
soap11	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/

soap12	<a href="http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope">http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope</a>
xbinc	<a href="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/xbinc">http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/xbinc</a>
swa	<a href="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa">http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa</a>
xs	<a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema">http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema</a>

### 3. Using Media Types in XML

Opaque data whose native representation is a sequence of octets may be encoded as base64 [[base64](#)] text in XML [[XML](#)] elements without loss of information. However, the industry has invested heavily in the MIME Content-Type type [[RFC 2045](#)] system for annotating the expected format (if not interpretation) of raw octet sequences. This information is not captured in today's XML Schema [[XMLSchema2](#)] type `xs:base64Binary`<sup>1</sup>.

This specification defines a global attribute (`swa:MediaType`) that may be applied to elements whose children contain base64-encoded binary data. This specification also defines an XML Schema [[XMLSchema1](#)] complexType that augment the `xs:base64Binary` type with this attribute.

#### 3.1 swa:MediaType attribute

The `MediaType` attribute specifies the media type [[RFC 2045](#)] of the base64-encoded content of its [owner] element. Its normalized value is a media type as defined by Section 5.1 of RFC 2045 and RFC 2046 [[RFC 2046](#)]. When the `MediaType` attribute is not present the media type "application/octet-stream" is assumed.

#### 3.2 swa:Binary type

The `Binary` type is an XML Schema complexType whose base is `xs:base64Binary`. The type carries optional `swa:MediaType` attribute. This type can be used by elements that need to carry base64-encoded data along with optional media type information.

#### 3.3 Example

In the following example, the `m:photo`, `m:sound`, and `m:sig` elements are of type `swa:Binary`. The `swa:MediaType` attribute defined for that type labels the MIME type of the base64-encoded content for each of these elements. Note that this message may be correctly processed by a SOAP node that does not explicitly comply with this document.

```
<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap='http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope' >
  <soap:Body>
    <m:data xmlns:m='http://example.org/stuff'
      xmlns:swa='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa' >
      <m:photo swa:MediaType='image/png' >
```

<sup>1</sup> This specification refers to the `xs:base64Binary` data type that is defined in Part II of XML Schema [[XMLSchema2](#)]. This reference in no way mandates XML Schema processing or description of XML instances that use this specification.

```

        /aWKKapGGyQ=
    </m:photo>
    <m:sound swa:MediaType='audio/mpeg' >
        sdcfo2JTixE=
    </m:sound>
    <m:sig swa:MediaType='application/pkcs7-signature' >
        Faa7vROi2VQ=
    </m:sig>
</m:data>
</soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>

```

## 4. Incorporating External Data into the SOAP Envelope

For many applications, the use of base64 [\[base64\]](#) encoding for opaque data does not present a significant performance overhead, especially when weighed against the costs of a conformant XML 1.0 [\[XML\]](#) parser. However, for applications that wish to avoid the overhead of base64 encoding, this specification defines an XML element (xbinc:Include) that can reference opaque data for inclusion as children of the referencing element. The opaque data is referenced by a URI, and the resultant base64-ized version of the octet sequence *logically* replaces the xbinc:Include element. The replacement can be implemented by brute-force conversion to base64 or by more sophisticated buffer management schemes. The degree to which a given implementation elects to optimize this style of access is completely implementation-specific. That stated, it is trivial to implement a brute force conversion technique as a SAX or System.Xml.XmlReader filter in Java or C# (respectively). Implementing a model in which the base64 conversion is bypassed is also relatively straightforward provided the consuming application can explicitly take advantage of such a technique. The specification also defines an xbinc:DoInclude header element which controls Include processing.

### 4.1 xbinc:Include element

The Include element is used to reference opaque data for logical inclusion. The Include element carries a single attribute. xbinc:Include MUST NOT be a child of, but MAY be a descendant of, soap11:Envelope, soap11:Header, soap11:Body, soap12:Envelope, soap12:Header, or soap12:Body.

#### 4.1.1 href attribute

The href attribute provides the URI of the opaque data to be included. The normalized value of the href attribute MUST resolve to a resource within the message serialization. A base64-encoding of the octet stream resulting from resolving the URI replaces the Include element that the URI attribute appears on.

## 4.2 xbinc:DoInclude element

The xbinc:DoInclude SOAP header block indicates that messages SHOULD be processed for xbinc:Include elements. The xbinc:DoInclude header block MUST be included if any of the descendants of the SOAP Envelope are xbinc:Include elements.

For SOAP 1.1,

- The mustUnderstand attribute, if present, MUST have a normalized value of "0"
- The actor attribute MUST have a normalized value of "http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/actor/next"

For SOAP 1.2,

- The mustUnderstand attribute, if present, MUST have a normalized value of "false" or "0"
- The role attribute MUST have a normalized value of "http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope/role/next"
- The relay attribute MUST have a normalized value of "true"

If a SOAP intermediary forwards a SOAP message to another SOAP node, the intermediary MUST re-insert the xbinc:DoInclude header block without change.

This header block is invoked upon access; it SHOULD be invoked in the processing model before other header blocks that reference or manipulate the data within. As a result, a naïve implementation MAY just invoke xbinc:Include once at the start of message processing, whilst a more sophisticated implementation MAY dereference the included data "lazily", that is, only upon access.

In some cases, ordering of header block processing becomes important; this document does not define a means to order processing but expects other mechanisms will address this need. In the absence of such information, the xbinc:DoInclude header block SHOULD be processed before any header blocks that access parts of the Envelope that contain xbinc:Include elements.

## 4.3 FatalIncludeFault

If the xbinc:Include processor encounters a Fatal Error, the FatalIncludeFault is generated.

## 4.4 Include example

The following example illustrates the use of xbinc:Include in a multipart MIME [[RFC 2387](#)] serialization. Note that while in this example all opaque data is carried in the multipart MIME packaging, Include elements could be used to refer to resources which are external to the MIME package.

```
MIME-Version: 1.0
Content-Type: Multipart/Related; boundary=MIME_boundary; type=text/xml;
start="<mymessage.xml@example.org>"
Content-Description: An XML document with my pic, warcry and sig in it

--MIME_boundary
Content-Type: text/xml; charset=UTF-8
```

```

Content-Transfer-Encoding: 8bit
Content-ID: <mymessage.xml@example.org>

<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap='http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope'
                xmlns:xbinc='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/xbinc' >
  <soap:Header>
    <xbinc:DoInclude
      soap:role='http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope/role/next'
      soap:mustUnderstand='false'
      soap:relay='true' />
  </soap:Header>
  <soap:Body>
    <m:data xmlns:m='http://example.org/stuff'
            xmlns:swa='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa'
            xmlns:xbinc='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/xbinc' >
      <m:photo swa:MediaType='image/png' >
        <xbinc:Include href='cid:http://example.org/me.png' />
      </m:photo>
      <m:sound swa:MediaType='audio/mpeg' >
        <xbinc:Include href='cid:http://example.org/it.mp3' />
      </m:sound>
      <m:sig swa:MediaType='application/pkcs7-signature' >
        <xbinc:Include href='cid:http://example.org/my.hsh' />
      </m:sig>
    </m:data>
  </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>

--MIME_boundary
Content-Type: image/png
Content-Transfer-Encoding: binary
Content-ID: <http://example.org/me.png>

fd a5 8a 29 aa 46 1b 24

--MIME_boundary

```

```

Content-Type: audio/mpeg
Content-Transfer-Encoding: binary
Content-ID: <http://example.org/it.mp3>

b1 d7 1f a3 62 53 89 71

--MIME_boundary
Content-Type: application/pkcs7-signature
Content-Transfer-Encoding: binary
Content-ID: <http://example.org/my.hsh>

15 a6 bb bd 13 a2 d9 54

--MIME_boundary

```

The resultant Infoset is the same as that of the following:

```

<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap='http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope'
                xmlns:xbinc='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/xbinc' >
  <soap:Header>
    <xbinc:DoInclude
      soap:role='http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope/role/next'
      soap:mustUnderstand='false'
      soap:relay='true' />
  </soap:Header>
  <soap:Body>
    <m:data xmlns:m='http://example.org/stuff' >
      <m:photo swa:MediaType='image/png' >
        /aWKKapGGyQ=
      </m:photo>
      <m:sound swa:MediaType='audio/mpeg' >
        sdcfo2JTixE=
      </m:sound>
      <m:sig swa:MediaType='application/pkcs7-signature' >
        Faa7vROi2VQ=
      </m:sig>
    </m:data>
  </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>

```



```
</soap:Body>  
</soap:Envelope>
```

## 5. Web References in the SOAP Envelope

The technique described in [Section 3](#) provided the ability to add MIME type information [[RFC 2046](#)] to opaque binary data in XML [[XML](#)]. This technique is applicable whether or not the opaque data is in fact associated with a URI-based web reference.

There is one scenario that is not completely satisfied by the technique described in [Section 3](#). That scenario is the M/HTML-esque [[RFC 2557](#)] scenario in which the message content contains URI-based web references and the sender wishes to send the representations behind these references as part of the aggregate message. To facilitate this usage, this specification defines a SOAP [[SOAP11](#), [SOAP12](#)] header block (swa:Representation) that allows a SOAP node to send cached representations of web resources to either the ultimate receiver or a specific intermediary.

### 5.1 swa:Representation element

The Representation element contains base64-encoded [[base64](#)] content and carries an href attribute. It also carries an optional swa:MediaType attribute as defined in [Section 3](#) of this specification. The Representation element can also carry soap11:mustUnderstand and/or soap11:actor attributes per the SOAP 1.1 specification [[SOAP11](#)] or soap12:mustUnderstand, soap12:role and/or soap12:relay attributes per the SOAP 1.2 specification [[SOAP12](#)].

The content of the element is the base64-encoding of the web resource referred to by the URI attribute. Applications that resolve URIs MAY use this representation of the web resource. Specifically, when a URI is dereferenced, the contents of the Representation header with the matching URI attribute value MAY be used as the representation returned. However, note that this header block does not offer all of the functionality of HTTP caching and content negotiation mechanisms.

Because the Representation element appears as a SOAP header block, it is subject to the rules of the SOAP processing model. Thus understanding of it can be made mandatory by including a soap11:mustUnderstand attribute with a normalized value of '1' (or a soap12:mustUnderstand attribute with a normalized value of 'true'). In addition, different representations can be targeted at different nodes via the soap11:actor/soap12:role attributes. Each node would then be responsible for removing any Representation headers targeted at it as per the SOAP processing model.

#### 5.1.1 URI attribute

The value of the URI attribute specifies the identifier of the Web resource whose base64-encoded representation the Representation element contains.

When comparing URIs to find an appropriate representation, only the lexical form should be considered; that is, they should be compared character-by-character.

## 5.2 Example

In this example, a representation of an image is carried in an `swa:Representation` header in a SOAP message. The representation is referred to by the `src` attribute of an `img` element in the body of the message.

```
<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap="http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope" >
  <soap:Header>
    <swa:Representation
      xmlns:swa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa"
      URI="http://example.org/me.png"
      swa:MediaType="image/png" >
      /aWKKapGGyQ=
    </swa:Representation>
  </soap:Header>
  <soap:Body>
    <x:MyData xmlns:x="http://example.org/mystuff" >
      <x:name>Don Box</x:name>
      <x:img src="http://example.org/me.png" />
    </x:MyData>
  </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>
```

Combining this header with the `xbinc:Include` element described in [Section 4](#) would yield the following serialization:

```
MIME-Version: 1.0
Content-Type: Multipart/Related; boundary=MIME_boundary; type=text/xml;
start="<mymessage.xml@example.org>"
Content-Description: An XML document with my picture

--MIME_boundary
Content-Type: text/xml; charset=UTF-8
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 8bit
Content-ID: <mymessage.xml@example.org>

<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap="http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope"
  xmlns:xbinc="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/xbinc" >
  <soap:Header>
    <xbinc:DoInclude
```

```

        soap:role="http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope/role/next"
        soap:mustUnderstand="false"
        soap:relay="true" />
    <swa:Representation
        xmlns:swa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa"
        URI="http://example.org/me.png"
        swa:MediaType="image/png" >
        <xbinc:Include href="cid:me@example.com" />
    </swa:Representation>
</soap:Header>
<soap:Body>
    <x:MyData xmlns:x="http://example.org/mystuff" >
        <x:name>Don Box</x:name>
        <x:img src="http://example.org/me.png" />
    </x:MyData>
</soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>

--MIME_boundary
Content-Type: image/png
Content-Transfer-Encoding: binary
Content-ID: <me@example.com>

fd a5 8a 29 aa 46 1b 24

--MIME_boundary

```

## 6. Processing model

The SOAP [[SOAP11](#), [SOAP12](#)] processing model is defined in terms of an Infoset [[Infoset](#)]. SOAP messages containing `xbinc:Include` elements are treated as if SOAP processing occurs post-inclusion. Thus if a SOAP header block is removed by an intermediary and that header block referred to opaque data via an `xbinc:Include` element, the opaque data would also be removed from the message.

Since the `xbinc:Include` element is transfer syntax, if a SOAP intermediary forwards a message, it MAY serialize opaque data in the message Infoset using base64 encoding or using an `xbinc:Include` element independent of the original message transfer syntax.

## 6.1 Example

The following message arrives at a security intermediary which acts in the role 'http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/security':

```
MIME-Version: 1.0
Content-Type: Multipart/Related; boundary=MIME_boundary; type=text/xml;
start="<mymessage.xml@example.org>"
Content-Description: A SOAP envelope containing a thumbprint image for
authentication purposes

--MIME_boundary
Content-Type: text/xml; charset=UTF-8
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 8bit
Content-ID: <mymessage.xml@example.org>

<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap='http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope'
               xmlns:swa='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa'
               xmlns:xbinc='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/xbinc'
               xmlns:m='http://example.org/stuff' >
  <soap:Header>
    <xbinc:DoInclude
      soap:role='http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope/role/next'
      soap:mustUnderstand='false'
      soap:relay='true' />
    <m:Thumbprint swa:MediaType='image/png'
      soap:role='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/security' >
      <xbinc:Include href='cid:http://example.org/thumb.png' />
    </m:Thumbprint>
  </soap:Header>
  <soap:Body>
    <m:sound swa:MediaType='audio/mpeg' >
      <xbinc:Include href='cid:http://example.org/it.mp3' />
    </m:sound>
  </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>

--MIME_boundary
```

```
Content-Type: image/png
Content-Transfer-Encoding: binary
Content-ID: <http://example.org/thumb.png>
```

```
fd a5 8a 29 aa 46 1b 24
```

```
--MIME_boundary
Content-Type: audio/mpeg
Content-Transfer-Encoding: binary
Content-ID: <http://example.org/it.mp3>
```

```
b1 d7 1f a3 62 53 89 71
```

```
--MIME_boundary
```

The resultant Infoset is the same as that of the following:

```
<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap='http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope'
                xmlns:swa='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa'
                xmlns:xbinc='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/xbinc'
                xmlns:m='http://example.org/stuff' >
  <soap:Header>
    <xbinc:DoInclude
      soap:role='http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope/role/next'
      soap:mustUnderstand='false'
      soap:relay='true' />
    <m:Thumbprint swa:MediaType='image/png'
      soap:role='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/security' >
      /aWKKapGGyQ=
    </m:Thumbprint>
  </soap:Header>
  <soap:Body>
    <m:sound swa:MediaType='audio/mpeg' >
      sdcfo2JTixE=
    </m:sound>
  </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>
```

After processing by the security intermediary the resultant Infoset is the same as that of the following:

```
<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap='http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope'
               xmlns:swa='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa'
               xmlns:xbinc='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/xbinc' >
  <soap:Header>
    <xbinc:DoInclude
      soap:role='http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope/role/next'
      soap:mustUnderstand='false'
      soap:relay='true' />
  </soap:Header>
  <soap:Body>
    <m:sound swa:MediaType='audio/mpeg' >
      sdcfo2JTixE=
    </m:sound>
  </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>
```

The security intermediary MAY choose to serialize that Infoset as the following:

```
MIME-Version: 1.0
Content-Type: Multipart/Related; boundary=MIME_boundary; type=text/xml;
start="<mymessage.xml@example.org>"
Content-Description: A SOAP envelope containing a thumbprint image for
authentication purposes

--MIME_boundary
Content-Type: text/xml; charset=UTF-8
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 8bit
Content-ID: <mymessage.xml@example.org>

<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap='http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope'
               xmlns:swa='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa'
               xmlns:xbinc='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/xbinc' >
  <soap:Header>
    <xbinc:DoInclude
      soap:role='http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope/role/next'
```

```

        soap:mustUnderstand='false'
        soap:relay='true' />
</soap:Header>
<soap:Body>
    <m:sound swa:MediaType='audio/mpeg' >
        <xbinc:Include href='cid:http://example.org/it.mp3' />
    </m:sound>
</soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>

--MIME_boundary
Content-Type: audio/mpeg
Content-Transfer-Encoding: binary
Content-ID: <http://example.org/it.mp3>

b1 d7 1f a3 62 53 89 71

--MIME_boundary

```

## 7. Schema and WSDL Constructs

Applications often have a need to specify a set of acceptable media types for opaque data. To satisfy this need, this specification defines the `swa:Accept` which can be used to annotate schema declarations of elements of type `swa:Binary`.

### 7.1 `swa:Accept` attribute

The `Accept` attribute may be used on element declarations in schema to specify a list of accepted media types of the base64-encoded content of instances of the element. Its normalized value is a space-delimited list of media types with “q” parameters as defined in Section 14.1 of [[RFC 2616](#)]. When the `Accept` attribute is not present the media type “\*/\*” is assumed.

The following WSDL shows an example message that contains an element of type `swa:Binary`:

```

<wsdl:definitions
    xmlns:wsdl="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/"
    targetNamespace="http://example.org/CustomerExample"
    xmlns:tns="http://example.org/CustomerExample"
    xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
    xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/soap/" >

```

```

<wsdl:types>
  <xs:schema xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
    targetNamespace="http://example.org/CustomerExample"
    xmlns:swa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa" >
    <xs:import namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa" />
    <xs:element name="Customer" >
      <xs:complexType>
        <xs:sequence>
          <xs:element name="Name" type="xs:string" />
          <xs:element name="Photo"
            type="swa:Binary"
            swa:Accept="image/jpeg image/gif;p=0.5" />
        </xs:sequence>
      </xs:complexType>
    </xs:element>
    <xs:element name="Status" type="xs:string" />
  </xs:schema>
</wsdl:types>

<wsdl:message name="InMessage" >
  <wsdl:part name="InPart" element="tns:Customer" />
</wsdl:message>

<wsdl:message name="OutMessage" >
  <part name="OutPart" element="tns:Status" />
</wsdl:message>

<wsdl:portType name="ThePortType" >
  <wsdl:operation name="CustomerInfo" >
    <wsdl:input message="tns:InMessage" />
    <wsdl:output message="tns:OutMessage" />
  </wsdl:operation>
</wsdl:portType>

<wsdl:binding name="SoapBinding" type="tns:ThePortType" >
  <soap:binding transport="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/http" />
  <wsdl:operation name="CustomerInfo" >

```



```

    <soap:operation
      soapAction="http://example.org/CustomerExample/CustomerInfo"
      style="document" />
    <wsdl:input>
      <soap:body use="literal" />
    </wsdl:input>
    <wsdl:output>
      <soap:body use="literal" />
    </wsdl:output>
  </wsdl:operation>
</wsdl:binding>

</wsdl:definitions>

```

The following is the corresponding SOAP message with contents of Photo serialized using base64 encoding:

```

<soap11:Envelope
  xmlns:soap11="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/" >
  <soap11:Body>
    <d:Customer xmlns:d="http://example.org/CustomerExample" >
      <d:Name>John Doe</d:Name>
      <d:Photo xmlns:swa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa"
        swa:MediaType="image/jpeg" >
        /aWKKapGGyQ=
      </d:Photo>
    </d:Customer>
  </soap11:Body>
</soap11:Envelope>

```

Alternatively, the message may use multipart MIME and xbin:Include as described in [Section 4](#):

```

MIME-Version: 1.0
Content-Type: Multipart/Related; boundary=MIME_boundary; type=text/xml;
start='<mymessage.xml@example.org>'
Content-Description: A SOAP envelope containing a photo

```

```

--MIME_boundary
Content-Type: text/xml; charset=UTF-8
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 8bit
Content-ID: <mymessage.xml@example.org>

<soap11:Envelope
  xmlns:soap11='http://schemas.xmls.org/soap/envelope/'
  xmlns:xbinc='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/xbinc' >
  <soap11:Header>
    <xbinc:DoInclude
      soap11:actor='http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/actor/next'
      soap11:mustUnderstand='false' />
    </soap11:Header>
    <soap11:Body>
      <d:Customer xmlns:d='http://example.org/CustomerExample' >
        <d:Name>John Doe</d:Name>
        <d:Photo xmlns:swa="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa"
          swa:MediaType='image/jpeg' >
          <xbinc:Include href='cid:http://example.org/Customer.jpg' />
        </d:Photo>
      </d:Customer>
    </soap11:Body>
  </soap11:Envelope>

--MIME_boundary
Content-Type: image/jpeg
Content-Transfer-Encoding: binary
Content-ID: <http://example.org/Customer.jpg>

fd a5 8a 29 aa 46 1b 24

--MIME_boundary

```

## 8. Security Considerations

Given that SOAP processing happens post inclusion, signatures over elements with `xbinc:Include` children MUST be signatures over the base64 data. The `xbinc:Include` element and its `href` attribute cannot be signed.

In general, it is RECOMMENDED that signatures be against elements and their content (not just the content of elements) to ensure the context is not altered. Specifically, if the `swa:MediaType` attribute is used on an element, then it SHOULD be included in the signature to prevent certain types of attacks.

To ensure that the URI associated with a `swa:Representation` is not tampered with, the `swa:Representation` header block and its URI attribute SHOULD be signed. References SHOULD be signed by a party who has the right to "speak for" the domain of the reference.

## 9. References

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## Appendix I. XML Schemas

This appendix provides an XML Schema [[XMLSchema1](#)] definition for the `http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa` namespace:

```
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
            xmlns:soap11="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
            xmlns:soap12="http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope"
            xmlns:tns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa"
            targetNamespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/swa" >

  <xs:import namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/" />
  <xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope" />

  <xs:attribute name="MediaType" >
    <xs:simpleType>
      <xs:restriction base="xs:string" >
        <xs:pattern
          value="(text|image|application|audio|video|model|x-.+)/.+" />
        </xs:restriction>
      </xs:simpleType>
    </xs:attribute>
  </xs:schema>
```

```

    </xs:simpleType>
</xs:attribute>

<xs:attribute name="Accept" >
  <xs:simpleType>
    <xs:restriction base="xs:string" >
      <xs:pattern value=
"(text|image|application|audio|video|model|x-.+)(;p=(1\.0|0.d))?/."+ />
    </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
</xs:attribute>

<xs:complexType name="Binary" >
  <xs:simpleContent>
    <xs:extension base="xs:base64Binary" >
      <xs:attribute ref="tns:MediaType" use="optional" />
      <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:simpleContent>
</xs:complexType>

<xs:element name="Representation" >
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:simpleContent>
      <xs:extension base="tns:Binary" >
        <xs:attribute name="URI" type="xs:anyURI" use="required" />
        <xs:attribute ref="soap11:mustUnderstand" use="optional" />
        <xs:attribute ref="soap12:mustUnderstand" use="optional" />
        <xs:attribute ref="soap11:actor" use="optional" />
        <xs:attribute ref="soap12:role" use="optional" />
        <xs:attribute ref="soap12:relay" use="optional" />
        <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
      </xs:extension>
    </xs:simpleContent>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

```
</xs:schema>
```

and the <http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/xbinc> namespace:

```
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:soap11="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/"
  xmlns:soap="http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope"
  xmlns:tns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/xbinc"
  targetNamespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/2003/03/xbinc" >

  <xs:import namespace="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/" />
  <xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/2002/12/soap-envelope" />

  <xs:element name="DoInclude" >
    <xs:complexType>
      <xs:attribute ref="soap11:mustUnderstand" use="optional" />
      <xs:attribute ref="soap12:mustUnderstand" use="optional" />
      <xs:attribute ref="soap11:actor" use="optional" />
      <xs:attribute ref="soap12:role" use="optional" />
      <xs:attribute ref="soap12:relay" use="optional" />
      <xs:anyAttribute namespace="##any" processContents="lax" />
    </xs:complexType>
  </xs:element>

  <xs:element name="Include" type="tns:Include" />
  <xs:complexType name="Include" >
    <xs:attribute name="href" type="xs:anyURI" use="required" />
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:schema>
```