



Digital Signature Service Core Protocols, Elements, and Bindings

Working Draft 34, 21 October 2005

Document identifier:

oasis-dss-1.0-core-spec-wd-34

Location:

<http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/dss>

Editor:

Stefan Drees, *individual* <stefan@drees.name>

Contributors:

Dimitri Andivahis, Surety
Juan Carlos Cruellas, *individual*
Frederick Hirsch, Nokia
Pieter Kasselmann, Cybertrust
Andreas Kuehne, *individual*
Konrad Lanz, Austria Federal Chancellery
Paul Madsen, Entrust
John Messing, American Bar Association
Tim Moses, Entrust
Trevor Perrin, *individual*
Nick Pope, *individual*
Rich Salz, DataPower
Ed Shallow, Universal Postal Union

Abstract:

This document defines XML request/response protocols for signing and verifying XML documents and other data. It also defines an XML timestamp format, and an XML signature property for use with these protocols. Finally, it defines transport and security bindings for the protocols.

Status:

This is a **Working Draft** produced by the OASIS Digital Signature Service Technical Committee. Committee members should send comments on this draft to dss@lists.oasis-open.org.

For information on whether any patents have been disclosed that may be essential to implementing this specification, and any offers of patent licensing terms, please refer to the Intellectual Property Rights section of the Digital Signature Service TC web page at <http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/dss/ipr.php>.

38 Table of Contents

39	1	Introduction	5
40	1.1	Notation	5
41	1.2	Schema Organization and Namespaces	5
42	1.3	DSS Overview (Non-normative).....	6
43	2	Common Protocol Structures.....	7
44	2.1	Type AnyType	7
45	2.2	Type InternationalStringType	7
46	2.3	Type saml:NameIdentifierType	7
47	2.4	Element <InputDocuments>.....	7
48	2.4.1	Type DocumentBaseType	8
49	2.4.2	Element <Document>	9
50	2.4.3	Element <TransformedData>	10
51	2.4.4	Element <DocumentHash>.....	11
52	2.5	Element <SignatureObject>	12
53	2.6	Element <Result>.....	13
54	2.7	Elements <OptionalInputs> and <OptionalOutputs>	14
55	2.8	Common Optional Inputs	15
56	2.8.1	Optional Input <ServicePolicy>.....	15
57	2.8.2	Optional Input <ClaimedIdentity>	15
58	2.8.3	Optional Input <Language>	16
59	2.8.4	Optional Input <AdditionalProfile>	16
60	2.8.5	Optional Input <Schema>	16
61	2.8.6	Optional Input <Schemas>	16
62	2.9	Type <RequestBaseType>	17
63	2.10	Type <ResponseBaseType>.....	17
64	2.11	Element <Response>.....	18
65	3	The DSS Signing Protocol	19
66	3.1	Element <SignRequest>	19
67	3.2	Element <SignResponse>	19
68	3.3	Processing for XML Signatures.....	20
69	3.3.1	Basic Process for <Base64XML>	20
70	3.3.2	Process Variant for <InlineXML>	21
71	3.3.3	Process Variant for <EscapedXML>.....	21
72	3.3.4	Process Variant for <Base64Data>	22
73	3.3.5	Process Variant for <TransformedData>	22
74	3.3.6	Process Variant for <DocumentHash>	22
75	3.4	Basic Processing for CMS Signatures	23
76	3.5	Optional Inputs and Outputs	23
77	3.5.1	Optional Input <SignatureType>.....	24

78	3.5.2 Optional Input <AddTimestamp>	24
79	3.5.3 Optional Input <IntendedAudience>	24
80	3.5.4 Optional Input <KeySelector>.....	24
81	3.5.5 Optional Input <Properties>.....	25
82	3.5.6 Optional Input <IncludeObject>	25
83	3.5.7 Enveloped Signatures, Optional Input <SignaturePlacement> and Output	
84	<DocumentWithSignature>.....	27
85	3.5.8 Optional Input <SignedReferences>.....	29
86	4 The DSS Verifying Protocol	32
87	4.1 Element <VerifyRequest>	32
88	4.2 Element <VerifyResponse>	32
89	4.3 Basic Processing for XML Signatures.....	32
90	4.3.1 Multi-Signature Verification	34
91	4.4 Result Codes.....	34
92	4.5 Basic Processing for CMS Signatures	35
93	4.6 Optional Inputs and Outputs	35
94	4.6.1 Optional Input <VerifyManifests> and Output <VerifyManifestResults>	35
95	4.6.2 Optional Input <VerificationTime>	36
96	4.6.3 Optional Input <AdditionalKeyInfo>	36
97	4.6.4 Optional Input <ReturnProcessingDetails> and Output <ProcessingDetails>	36
98	4.6.5 Optional Input <ReturnSigningTime> and Output <SigningTime>	38
99	4.6.6 Optional Input <ReturnSignerIdentity> and Output <SignerIdentity>	38
100	4.6.7 Optional Input <ReturnUpdatedSignature> and Output <UpdatedSignature>	39
101	4.6.8 Optional Input <ReturnTransformedDocument> and Output <TransformedDocument>	
102	39
103	5 DSS Core Elements.....	41
104	5.1 Element <Timestamp>	41
105	5.1.1 XML Timestamp Token.....	41
106	5.1.2 Element <TstInfo>.....	42
107	5.1.3 Timestamp verification procedure.....	42
108	5.2 Element <RequesterIdentity>.....	43
109	6 DSS Core Bindings	44
110	6.1 HTTP POST Transport Binding.....	44
111	6.2 SOAP 1.2 Transport Binding.....	44
112	6.3 TLS Security Bindings	45
113	6.3.1 TLS X.509 Server Authentication	45
114	6.3.2 TLS X.509 Mutual Authentication	45
115	6.3.3 TLS SRP Authentication	45
116	6.3.4 TLS SRP and X.509 Server Authentication.....	46
117	7 DSS-Defined Identifiers	47
118	7.1 Signature Type Identifiers	47
119	7.1.1 XML Signature	47
120	7.1.2 XML TimeStampToken	47

121	7.1.3 RFC 3161 TimeStampToken	47
122	7.1.4 CMS Signature.....	47
123	7.1.5 PGP Signature	47
124	8 Editorial Issues.....	48
125	9 References.....	50
126	9.1 Normative	50
127	Appendix A. Use of Exclusive Canonicalization	52
128	Appendix B. Revision History	53
129	Appendix C. Notices	56
130		

131 1 Introduction

132 This specification defines the XML syntax and semantics for the Digital Signature Service core
133 protocols, and for some associated core elements. The core protocols support the server-based
134 creation and verification of different types of signatures and timestamps. The core elements
135 include an XML timestamp format, and an XML signature property to contain a representation of
136 a client's identity.

137 The core protocols are typically *bound* into other protocols for transport and security, such as
138 HTTP and TLS. This document provides an initial set of bindings. The core protocols are also
139 typically *profiled* to constrain optional features and add additional features. Other specifications
140 are being produced which profile the core for particular applications scenarios.

141 The following sections describe how to understand the rest of this specification.

142 1.1 Notation

143 The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD",
144 "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this specification are to be
145 interpreted as described in IETF RFC 2119 [RFC 2119]. These keywords are capitalized when
146 used to unambiguously specify requirements over protocol features and behavior that affect the
147 interoperability and security of implementations. When these words are not capitalized, they are
148 meant in their natural-language sense.

149 This specification uses the following typographical conventions in text: <DSSElement>,
150 <ns:ForeignElement>, Attribute, **Datatype**, OtherCode.

151 Listings of DSS schemas appear like this.

152 1.2 Schema Organization and Namespaces

153 The structures described in this specification are contained in the schema file [Core-XSD]. All
154 schema listings in the current document are excerpts from the schema file. In the case of a
155 disagreement between the schema file and this document, the schema file takes precedence.

156 This schema is associated with the following XML namespace:

```
157 urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:core:schema
```

158 If a future version of this specification is needed, it will use a different namespace.

159 Conventional XML namespace prefixes are used in the schema:

- 160 • The prefix `dss:` stands for the DSS core namespace [Core-XSD].
- 161 • The prefix `ds:` stands for the W3C XML Signature namespace [XMLSig].
- 162 • The prefix `xs:` stands for the W3C XML Schema namespace [Schema1].
- 163 • The prefix `saml:` stands for the OASIS SAML Schema namespace [SAMLCore1.1].

164 Applications MAY use different namespace prefixes, and MAY use whatever namespace
165 defaulting/scoping conventions they desire, as long as they are compliant with the Namespaces
166 in XML specification [XML-ns].

167 The following schema fragment defines the XML namespaces and other header information for
168 the DSS core schema:

```
169 <xs:schema xmlns:dss="urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:core:schema"
```

```
170 xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"
171 xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
172 xmlns:saml="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:assertion"
173 targetNamespace="urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:core:schema"
174 elementFormDefault="qualified" attributeFormDefault="unqualified">
```

175 1.3 DSS Overview (Non-normative)

176 This specification describes two XML-based request/response protocols – a signing protocol and
177 a verifying protocol. Through these protocols a client can send documents (or document hashes)
178 to a server and receive back a signature on the documents; or send documents (or document
179 hashes) and a signature to a server, and receive back an answer on whether the signature
180 verifies the documents.

181 These operations could be useful in a variety of contexts – for example, they could allow clients to
182 access a single corporate key for signing press releases, with centralized access control,
183 auditing, and archiving of signature requests. They could also allow clients to create and verify
184 signatures without needing complex client software and configuration.

185 The signing and verifying protocols are chiefly designed to support the creation and verification of
186 XML signatures [**XMLSig**], XML timestamps (see section 5.1), binary timestamps [**RFC 3161**]
187 and CMS signatures [**RFC3369**]. These protocols may also be extensible to other types of
188 signatures and timestamps, such as PGP signatures [**RFC 2440**].

189 It is expected that the signing and verifying protocols will be *profiled* to meet many different
190 application scenarios. In anticipation of this, these protocols have only a minimal set of required
191 elements, which deal with transferring “input documents” and signatures back and forth between
192 client and server. The input documents to be signed or verified can be transferred in their
193 entirety, or the client can hash the documents itself and only send the hash values, to save
194 bandwidth and protect the confidentiality of the document content.

195 All functionality besides transferring input documents and signatures is relegated to a framework
196 of “optional inputs” and “optional outputs”. This document defines a number of optional inputs
197 and outputs. Profiles of these protocols can pick and choose which optional inputs and outputs to
198 support, and can introduce their own optional inputs and outputs when they need functionality not
199 anticipated by this specification.

200 Examples of optional inputs to the signing protocol include: what type of signature to produce,
201 which key to sign with, who the signature is intended for, and what signed and unsigned
202 properties to place in the signature. Examples of optional inputs to the verifying protocol include:
203 the time for which the client would like to know the signature’s validity status, additional validation
204 data necessary to verify the signature (such as certificates and CRLs), and requests for the
205 server to return information such as the signer’s name or the signing time.

206 The signing and verifying protocol messages must be transferred over some underlying
207 protocol(s) which provide message transport and security. A *binding* specifies how to use the
208 signing and verifying protocols with some underlying protocol, such as HTTP POST or TLS.
209 Section 6 provides an initial set of bindings.

210 In addition to defining the signing and verifying protocols, this specification defines two XML
211 elements that are related to these protocols. First, an XML timestamp element is defined in
212 section 5.1. The signing and verifying protocols can be used to create and verify XML
213 timestamps; a profile for doing so is defined in [**XML-TSP**]. Second, a Requester Identity
214 element is defined in section 5.2. This element can be used as a signature property in an XML
215 signature, to give the name of the end-user who requested the signature.

216 2 Common Protocol Structures

217 The following sections describe XML structures and types that are used in multiple places.

218 2.1 Type AnyType

219 The **AnyType** complex type allows arbitrary XML element content within an element of this type
220 (see section 3.2.1 Element Content [XML]).

```
221 <xs:complexType name="AnyType">  
222   <xs:sequence>  
223     <xs:any processContents="lax"  
224           minOccurs="0"  
225           maxOccurs="unbounded"/>  
226   </xs:sequence>  
227 </xs:complexType>
```

228 2.2 Type InternationalStringType

229 The **InternationalStringType** complex type attaches an `xml:lang` attribute to a human-
230 readable string to specify the string's language.

```
231 <xs:complexType name="InternationalStringType">  
232   <xs:simpleContent>  
233     <xs:extension base="xs:string">  
234       <xs:attribute ref="xml:lang" use="required">  
235     </xs:extension base="xs:string">  
236   </xs:simpleContent>  
237 </xs:complexType>
```

238 2.3 Type saml:NameIdentifierType

239 The **saml:NameIdentifierType** complex type is used where different types of names are needed
240 (such as email addresses, Distinguished Names, etc.). This type is borrowed from
241 [SAMLCore1.1] section 2.4.2.2. It consists of a string with the following attributes:

242 `NameQualifier` [Optional]

243 The security or administrative domain that qualifies the name of the subject. This attribute
244 provides a means to federate names from disparate user stores without collision.

245 `Format` [Optional]

246 A URI reference representing the format in which the string is provided. See section 7.3 of
247 [SAMLCore1.1] for some URI references that may be used as the value of the `Format`
248 attribute.

249 2.4 Element <InputDocuments>

250 The `<InputDocuments>` element is used to send input documents to a DSS server, whether for
251 signing or verifying. An input document can be any piece of data that can be used as input to a
252 signature or timestamp calculation. An input document can even *be* a signature or timestamp (for
253 example, a pre-existing signature can be counter-signed or timestamped). An input document
254 could also be a `<ds:Manifest>`, allowing the client to handle manifest creation and verification
255 while using the server to create and verify the rest of the signature.

256

257 The <InputDocuments> element consists of any number of the following elements:

258 <Document> [Any Number]

259 It contains an XML document as specified in section 2.4.2 of this document.

260 <TransformedData> [Any Number]

261 This contains the binary output of a chain of transforms applied by a client as specified in
262 section 2.4.3 of this document.

263 <DocumentHash> [Any Number]

264 This contains the hash value of an XML document or some other data after a client has
265 applied a sequence of transforms and also computed a hash value as specified in
266 section 2.4.4 of this document.

267 <Other>

268 Other may contain arbitrary content that may be specified in a profile and can also be used to
269 extend the Protocol for details see section 2.1.

270

```
271 <xs:element name="InputDocuments">
272   <xs:complexType>
273     <xs:sequence>
274       <xs:choice minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded">
275         <xs:element ref="dss:Document" />
276         <xs:element ref="dss:TransformedData" />
277         <xs:element ref="dss:DocumentHash" />
278         <xs:element name="Other" type="dss:AnyType" />
279       </xs:choice>
280     </xs:sequence>
281   </xs:complexType>
282 </xs:element>
```

283 When using DSS to create or verify XML signatures, each input document will usually correspond
284 to a single <ds:Reference> element. Thus, in our descriptions below of the <Document>,
285 <TransformedData> and <DocumentHash> elements, we will explain how certain elements
286 and attributes of a <Document>, <TransformedData> and <DocumentHash> correspond to
287 components of a <ds:Reference>.

288 2.4.1 Type DocumentBaseType

289 The **DocumentBaseType** complex type is subclassed by <Document>, <TransformedData>
290 and <DocumentHash> elements. It contains the basic information shared by subclasses and
291 remaining persistent during the process from input document retrieval until digest calculation for
292 the relevant document. It contains the following elements and attributes:

293 ID [Optional]

294 This identifier gives the input document a unique label within a particular request message.
295 Through this identifier, an optional input (see sections 2.7, 3.5.6 and 3.5.7) can refer to a
296 particular input document.

297 RefURI [Optional]

298 This specifies the value for a <ds:Reference> element's URI attribute when referring to this
299 input document. The RefURI attribute SHOULD be specified; no more than one RefURI
300 attribute may be omitted in a single signing request.

301 RefType [Optional]
302 This specifies the value for a <ds:Reference> element's Type attribute when referring to
303 this input document.

304 SchemaRefs [Optional]:

305 This may be used when the document contains XML documents or signatures. It refers a
306 single XML Schema [**Schema1**] which gives the ID attributes of elements within the input
307 document, which may be necessary if the included signatures' <ds:Reference> elements
308 use XPath expressions or <ds:Transforms> require it. The <Schema> is to be used
309 during parsing in sections 2.5.2, 3.3.1 1.a and 4.3 and for XPath evaluation in sections 2.6,
310 3.5.7, 4.3.1 if they are supplied. If anything else but <Schemas>, <Schema> are referred to
311 from here the server MUST report an Error. If a referred Schema is not used by the document
312 this MAY be ignored or reported to the client in the <Result>/<ResultMessage>.

313 A Document shall only refer to a single <Schema> or <Schemas> element. If a <Schemas>
314 element is referred to the document is validated against the first <Schema> inside <Schemas>
315 and the other <Schema> elements inside <Schemas> are assumed to be used by the first
316 <Schema>.

317

```
318 <xs:complexType name="DocumentBaseType" abstract="true">  
319   <xs:attribute name="ID" type="xs:ID" use="optional"/>  
320   <xs:attribute name="RefURI" type="xs:ID" use="optional"/>  
321   <xs:attribute name="RefType" type="xs:ID" use="optional"/>  
322   <xs:attribute name="SchemaRefs" type="xs:IDREFS" use="optional"/>  
323 </xs:complexType>  
324
```

325 2.4.2 Element <Document>

326 The <Document> element may contain the following elements (in addition to the common ones
327 listed in section 2.4.1):

328 If the content inside one of the following mutually exclusive elements <InlineXML>,
329 <EscapedXML> or <Base64XML> is not parseable XML data, then the server MUST return a
330 <Result> (section 2.6) issuing a <ResultMajor> RequesterError qualified by a
331 <ResultMinor> NotParseableXMLDocument.

332 The server MUST use the <Schema> referred by <SchemaRefs> for validation if specified.

333 <Base64XML> [Optional] [Default]

334 This contains a base64 string obtained after base64 encoding of a XML data. The server
335 MUST decode it to obtain the XML data.

336 <InlineXML> [Optional]

337 The InlineXMLType clearly expresses the fact, that content of <InlineXML> is inline xml that
338 should be equivalent to a complete XML Document. I.e. having only one DocumentElement
339 (see section 2.1 Well-Formed XML Documents [**XML**]) and not allowing anything but PI's and
340 Comments before and after this one element.

341 It contains the ignorePis and ignoreComments attributes. These attributes indicate
342 respectively, if processing instructions or comments MAY be ignored.

343 If one or both of these attributes are not present, their values MUST be considered to be
344 "true".

345 <EscapedXML> [Optional]

346 This contains an escaped string. The server MUST unescape (escape sequences are
347 processed to produce original XML sequence) it for obtaining xml data.

348 <Base64Data> [Optional]

349 This contains a base64 encoding of data that are not XML. The type of data is specified by its
350 MIMEType attribute. The MIMEType attribute is not required for XML signatures, but may be
351 required when using DSS with other signature types.

352 SchemaRefs [Optional]:

353 As described above in 2.4.1.

354

```
355 <xs:element name="Document" type="dss:DocumentType"/>
356
357 <xs:complexType name="DocumentType">
358   <xs:complexContent>
359     <xs:extension base="dss:DocumentBaseType">
360       <xs:choice>
361         <xs:element name="InlineXML" type="dss:InlineXMLType"/>
362         <xs:element name="Base64XML" type="xs:base64Binary"/>
363         <xs:element name="EscapedXML" type="xs:string"/>
364         <xs:element ref="dss:Base64Data"/>
365       </xs:choice>
366     </xs:extension>
367   </xs:complexContent>
368 </xs:complexType>
369
370 <xs:element name="Base64Data">
371   <xs:complexType>
372     <xs:simpleContent>
373       <xs:extension base="xs:base64Binary">
374         <xs:attribute name="MIMEType" type="xs:string"
375           use="optional"/>
376       </xs:extension>
377     </xs:simpleContent>
378   </xs:complexType>
379 </xs:element>
380
381 <xs:complexType name="InlineXMLType">
382   <xs:sequence>
383     <xs:any processContents="lax"/>
384   </xs:sequence>
385   <xs:attribute name="ignorePis" type="xs:boolean"
386     use="optional" default="true"/>
387   <xs:attribute name="ignoreComments" type="xs:boolean"
388     use="optional" default="true"/>
389 </xs:complexType>
```

390 2.4.3 Element <TransformedData>

391 The <TransformedData> element contains the following elements (in addition to the common
392 ones listed in section 2.4.1):

393 <ds:Transforms> [Optional]

394 This is the sequence of transforms applied by the client and specifies the value for a
395 <ds:Reference> element's <ds:Transforms> child element. In other words, this

396 specifies transforms that the client has already applied to the input document before the
397 server will hash it.

398 <Base64Data> [Required]

399 This gives the binary output of a sequence of transforms to be hashed at the server side.

```
400 <xs:element name="DocumentHash">  
401   <xs:complexType>  
402     <xs:complexContent>  
403       <xs:extension base="dss:DocumentBaseType">  
404         <xs:sequence>  
405           <xs:element ref="ds:Transforms" minOccurs="0"/>  
406           <xs:element ref="dss:Base64Data"/>  
407         </xs:sequence>  
408       </xs:extension>  
409     </xs:complexContent>  
410   </xs:complexType>  
411 </xs:element>
```

412

413 2.4.4 Element <DocumentHash>

414 The <DocumentHash> element contains the following elements (in addition to the common ones
415 listed in section 2.4.1):

416 <ds:Transforms> [Optional]

417 This specifies the value for a <ds:Reference> element's <ds:Transforms> child element
418 when referring to this document hash. In other words, this specifies transforms that the client
419 has already applied to the input document before hashing it.

420 <ds:DigestMethod> [Required]

421 This identifies the digest algorithm used to hash the document at the client side. This
422 specifies the value for a <ds:Reference> element's <ds:DigestMethod> child element
423 when referring to this input document.

424 <ds:DigestValue> [Required]

425 This gives the document's hash value. This specifies the value for a <ds:Reference>
426 element's <ds:DigestValue> child element when referring to this input document.

```
427 <xs:element name="DocumentHash">  
428   <xs:complexType>  
429     <xs:complexContent>  
430       <xs:extension base="dss:DocumentBaseType">  
431         <xs:sequence>  
432           <xs:element ref="ds:Transforms" minOccurs="0"/>  
433           <xs:element ref="ds:DigestMethod"/>  
434           <xs:element ref="ds:DigestValue"/>  
435         </xs:sequence>  
436       </xs:extension>  
437     </xs:complexContent>  
438   </xs:complexType>  
439 </xs:element>
```

440 2.5 Element <SignatureObject>

441 The <SignatureObject> element contains a signature or timestamp of some sort. This
442 element is returned in a sign response message, and sent in a verify request message. It may
443 contain one of the following child elements:

444 <ds:Signature> [Optional]

445 An XML signature [**XMLSig**].

446 <Timestamp> [Optional]

447 An XML, RFC 3161 or other timestamp (see section 5.1).

448 <Base64Signature> [Optional]

449 A base64 encoding of some non-XML signature, such as a PGP [**RFC 2440**] or CMS [**RFC**
450 **3369**] signature. The type of signature is specified by its `TYPE` attribute (see section 7.1).

451 <SignaturePtr> [Optional]

452 This is used to point to an XML signature in an input (for a verify request) or output (for a sign
453 response) document in which a signature is enveloped.

454 SchemaRefs [Optional]

455 As described above in 2.4.1

456 A <SignaturePtr> contains the following attributes:

457 whichDocument [Required]

458 This identifies the input document as in section 2.4.2 being pointed at (see also ID attribute in
459 section 2.4.1).

460 XPath [Optional]

461 a) This identifies the signature element being pointed at.

462 b) The XPath expression is evaluated from the root node (see section 5.1 [XPath]) of the
463 document identified by whichDocument after the xml data was extracted and parsed if
464 necessary. The context node for the XPath evaluation is the document's DocumentElement
465 (see section 2.1 Well-Formed XML Documents [**XML**]).

466 c) about namespace declarations for the expression necessary for evaluation.
467 <http://www.w3.org/TR/xpath#section-Introduction> see also the following example below. A
468 piece of a XML signature of a <ds:Reference> containing a <ds:Transform> with a
469 XPath filtering element that includes inline namespace prefixes declaration. This piece of text
470 comes from one of the signatures that were generated in the course of the interoperability
471 experimentation. As one can see they are added to the <ds:XPath> element....:

```
472 <Reference URI="">  
473   <Transforms>  
474     <ds:Transform xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#" ;  
475       Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xpath-19991116" ;>  
476       <ds:XPath  
477         xmlns:upc1="http://www.ac.upc.edu/namespaces/ns1" ;  
478         xmlns:upc2="http://www.ac.upc.edu/namespaces/ns2" ;>ancestor-or-  
479 self::upc1:Root</ds:XPath>  
480       </ds:Transform>  
481     </Transforms>  
482     <DigestMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1" />  
483     <DigestValue>24xf8vfP3xJ40akfFAnEVM/zxXY</DigestValue>  
484 </Reference>
```

485 If the XPath does not evaluate to one element the server MUST return a <Result> (section
486 2.6) issuing a <ResultMajor> RequesterError qualified by a <ResultMinor>
487 XPathEvaluationError.

488

489 <Other>

490 Other may contain arbitrary content that may be specified in a profile and can also be used to
491 extend the Protocol.

492 The following schema fragment defines the <SignatureObject>, <Base64Signature>, and
493 <SignaturePtr> elements:

```
494 <xs:element name="SignatureObject">
495   <xs:complexType>
496     <xs:sequence>
497       <xs:choice>
498         <xs:element ref="ds:Signature"/>
499         <xs:element ref="dss:Timestamp"/>
500         <xs:element ref="dss:Base64Signature"/>
501         <xs:element ref="dss:SignaturePtr"/>
502         <xs:element name="Other" ref="dss:AnyType"/>
503       </xs:choice>
504       <xs:element name="Schema" type="xs:base64Binary"
505         minOccurs="0"/>
506     </xs:sequence>
507     <xs:attribute name="SchemaRefs" type="xs:IDREFS" use="optional"/>
508   </xs:complexType>
509 </xs:element>
510 <xs:element name="Base64Signature">
511   <xs:complexType>
512     <xs:simpleContent>
513       <xs:extension base="xs:base64Binary">
514         <xs:attribute name="Type" type="xs:anyURI"/>
515       </xs:extension>
516     </xs:simpleContent>
517   </xs:complexType>
518 </xs:element>
519 <xs:element name="SignaturePtr">
520   <xs:complexType>
521     <xs:attribute name="WhichDocument" type="xs:IDREF"/>
522     <xs:attribute name="XPath" type="xs:string" use="optional"/>
523   </xs:complexType>
524 </xs:element>
```

525 2.6 Element <Result>

526 The <Result> element is returned with every response message. It contains the following child
527 elements:

528 <ResultMajor> [Required]

529 The most significant component of the result code.

530 <ResultMinor> [Optional]

531 The least significant component of the result code.

532 <ResultMessage> [Optional]

533 A message which MAY be returned to an operator, logged, used for debugging, etc.

```

534 <xs:element name="Result">
535   <xs:complexType>
536     <xs:sequence>
537       <xs:element name="ResultMajor" type="xs:anyURI"/>
538       <xs:element name="ResultMinor" type="xs:anyURI"
539         minOccurs="0"/>
540       <xs:element name="ResultMessage"
541         type="InternationalStringType" minOccurs="0"/>
542     </xs:sequence>
543   </xs:complexType>
544 </xs:element>

```

545 The <ResultMajor> and <ResultMinor> URIs MUST be values defined by this specification
546 or by some profile of this specification. The <ResultMajor> values defined by this specification
547 are:

548 urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultmajor:Success

549 The protocol executed successfully.

550 urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultmajor:RequesterError

551 The request could not be satisfied due to an error on the part of the requester.

552 urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultmajor:ResponderError

553 The request could not be satisfied due to an error on the part of the responder.

554

555 This specification defines the following two <ResultMinor> values. These values SHALL only
556 be returned when the <ResultMajor> code is RequesterError:

557 urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultminor:NotAuthorized

558 The client is not authorized to perform the request.

559 urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultminor:NotSupported

560 The server didn't recognize or doesn't support some aspect of the request.

561 urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultminor:NotParseableXMLDocument

562 The server was not able to parse a Document.

563 urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultminor:XMLDocumentNotValid

564 The server was not able to validate a Document.

565 urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultminor:XPathEvaluationError

566 The server was not able to evaluate a given XPath as required.

567 urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultminor:MoreThanOneRefUriOmitted

568 The server was not able to create a signature because more than one RefURI was omitted.

569 The Success <ResultMajor> code on a verify response message SHALL be followed by a
570 <ResultMinor> code which indicates the status of the signature. See section 4 for details.

571 **2.7 Elements <OptionalInputs> and <OptionalOutputs>**

572 All request messages can contain an <OptionalInputs> element, and all response messages
573 can contain an <OptionalOutputs> element. Several optional inputs and outputs are defined
574 in this document, and profiles can define additional ones.

575 The <OptionalInputs> contains additional inputs associated with the processing of the
576 request. Profiles will specify the allowed optional inputs and their default values. The definition of

577 an <OptionalInput> MAY include a default value, so that a client may omit the
578 <OptionalInputs> yet still get service from any profile-compliant DSS server.

579 If a server doesn't recognize or can't handle any optional input, it MUST reject the request with a
580 <ResultMajor> code of RequesterError and a <ResultMinor> code of NotSupported
581 (see section 2.6).

582 The <OptionalOutputs> element contains additional protocol outputs. The client MAY
583 request the server to respond with certain optional outputs by sending certain optional inputs.
584 The server MAY also respond with outputs the client didn't request, depending on the server's
585 profile and policy.

586 The <OptionalInputs> and <OptionalOutputs> elements contain unordered inputs and
587 outputs. Applications MUST be able to handle optional inputs or outputs appearing in any order
588 within these elements. Normally, there will only be at most one occurrence of any particular
589 optional input or output within a protocol message. Where multiple occurrences of an optional
590 input (e.g. <IncludeObject> in section 3.5.6) or optional output are allowed, it will be explicitly
591 specified (see section 4.6.8 for an example).

592 The following schema fragment defines the <OptionalInputs> and <OptionalOutputs>
593 elements:

```
594 <xs:element name="OptionalInputs" type="dss:AnyType" />  
595  
596 <xs:element name="OptionalOutputs" type="dss:AnyType" />
```

597 2.8 Common Optional Inputs

598 These optional inputs can be used with both the signing protocol and the verifying protocol.

599 2.8.1 Optional Input <ServicePolicy>

600 The <ServicePolicy> element indicates a particular policy associated with the DSS service.
601 The policy may include information on the characteristics of the server that are not covered by the
602 Profile attribute (see sections 3.1 and 4.1). The <ServicePolicy> element may be used to
603 select a specific policy if a service supports multiple policies for a specific profile, or as a sanity-
604 check to make sure the server implements the policy the client expects.

```
605 <xs:element name="ServicePolicy" type="xs:anyURI" />
```

606 2.8.2 Optional Input <ClaimedIdentity>

607 The <ClaimedIdentity> element indicates the identity of the client who is making a request.
608 The server may use this to parameterize any aspect of its processing. Profiles that make use of
609 this element MUST define its semantics.

610 The <SupportingInfo> child element can be used by profiles to carry information related to
611 the claimed identity. One possible use of <SupportingInfo> is to carry authentication data
612 that authenticates the request as originating from the claimed identity (examples of authentication
613 data include a password or SAML Assertion [SAMLCore1.1], or a signature or MAC calculated
614 over the request using a client key).

615 The claimed identity may be authenticated using the security binding, according to section 6, or
616 using authentication data provided in the <SupportingInfo> element. The server MUST
617 check that the asserted <Name> is authenticated before relying upon the <Name>.

```
618 <xs:element name="ClaimedIdentity">  
619 <xs:complexType>
```

```
620     <xs:sequence>
621         <xs:element name="Name" type="saml:NameIdentifierType" />
622         <xs:element name="SupportingInfo" type="dss:AnyType"
623             minOccurs="0" />
624     </xs:sequence>
625 </xs:complexType>
626 </xs:element>
```

627 **2.8.3 Optional Input <Language>**

628 The <Language> element indicates which language the client would like to receive
629 **InternationalStringType** values in. The server should return appropriately localized strings, if
630 possible.

```
631 <xs:element name="Language" type="xs:language" />
```

632 **2.8.4 Optional Input <AdditionalProfile>**

633 The <AdditionalProfile> element can appear multiple times in a request. It indicates
634 additional profiles which modify the main profile specified by the Profile attribute (thus the
635 Profile attribute **MUST** be present; see sections 3.1 and 4.1 for details of this attribute). The
636 interpretation of additional profiles is determined by the main profile.

```
637 <xs:element name="AdditionalProfile" type="xs:anyURI" />
```

638 **2.8.5 Optional Input <Schema>**

639 <RefUri> [Optional]

640 This uri if present **MUST** match the targetNamespace of the contained Schema if present
641 otherwise the uri extracted from the targetNamespace is used.

642 Base64Data can be used for other not yet defined forms of verification for CMS or whatever or an
643 error can be thrown.

644 SchemaRefs[Optional]:

645 This is used to point to all Schemas used in this schema.

```
646 <xs:element name="Schema" type="dss:DocumentType" />
```

647 **2.8.6 Optional Input <Schemas>**

648 <Schemas> can be used for a set of Schemas used by a Document or other Schema.

649 If it is referred to from a Document it is assumed that the Document is validated against the first
650 Schema and the other Schemas are assumed to be used by the first Schema.

```
651 <xs:element name="Schemas" type="dss:SchemasType" />
652 <xs:complexType name="SchemasType">
653     <xs:sequence>
654         <xs:element ref="dss:Schema" minOccurs="1" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
655     </xs:sequence>
656 </xs:complexType>
```

657

658 2.9 Type <RequestBaseType>

659 The <RequestBaseType> structure is the base structure for request elements defined by the
660 core protocol or profiles. It defines the following attributes and elements:

661 RequestID [Optional]

662 This attribute is used to correlate requests with responses. When present in a request, the
663 server MUST return it in the response.

664 Profile [Optional]

665 This attribute indicates a particular DSS profile. It may be used to select a profile if a server
666 supports multiple profiles, or as a sanity-check to make sure the server implements the profile
667 the client expects.

668 <OptionalInputs> [Optional]

669 Any additional inputs to the request.

670 <InputDocuments> [Optional]

671 The input documents which the processing will be applied to.

```
672 <xs:element name="RequestBaseType" abstract="true">  
673   <xs:sequence>  
674     <xs:element ref="dss:OptionalInputs" minOccurs="0"/>  
675     <xs:element ref="dss:InputDocuments" minOccurs="0"/>  
676   </xs:sequence>  
677   <xs:attribute name="RequestID" type="xs:string"  
678     use="optional"/>  
679   <xs:attribute name="Profile" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional"/>  
680 </xs:element>
```

681

682 2.10 Type <ResponseBaseType>

683 The <ResponseBaseType> type is the base structure for response elements defined by the
684 core protocol or profiles. It defines the following attributes and elements:

685 RequestID [Optional]

686 This attribute is used to correlate requests with responses. When present in a request, the
687 server MUST return it in the response.

688 Profile [Optional]

689 This attribute indicates the particular DSS profile used by the server. It may be used by the
690 client for logging purposes or to make sure the server implements a profile the client expects.

691 <Result> [Required]

692 A code representing the status of the request.

693 <OptionalOutputs> [Optional]

694 Any additional outputs returned by the server.

695 <SignatureObject> [Optional]

696 The resulting signature or timestamp or other artifact produced by the requested processing.

```
697 <xs:element name="ResponseBaseType">  
698   <xs:sequence>  
699     <xs:element ref="dss:Result"/>  
700     <xs:element ref="dss:OptionalOutputs" minOccurs="0"/>
```

```
701     </xs:sequence>
702     <xs:attribute name="RequestID" type="xs:string"
703                 use="optional" />
704     <xs:attribute name="Profile" type="xs:anyURI" use="required" />
705 </xs:element>
```

706

707 2.11 Element <Response>

708 The <Response> element is an instance of the <ResponseBaseType> type. This element is
709 useful in cases where the DSS server is not able to respond with a special response type. E.g. a
710 client sends a <SignRequest> to a service that only supports <VerifyRequest>'s over plain
711 HTTP (as opposed to protocols where some information could be derived from the header). As
712 the service does not support <SignRequest>'s it has to either generate a <VerifyResponse>
713 with a "bad message" result or fail at the HTTP layer. In the former case, the client will receive a
714 response that does not correspond semantically to the request - it got a <VerifyResponse> to
715 a <SignRequest>. This leaves both parties thinking that the other one is at fault.

716

717 Other use cases for this type are expected to be described in special profiles (e.g. the
718 Asynchronous profile).

719

```
720 <xs:element name="Response" type="ResponseBaseType" />
```

721

722

3 The DSS Signing Protocol

723

3.1 Element <SignRequest>

724

The <SignRequest> element is sent by the client to request a signature or timestamp on some input documents. It contains the following attributes and elements inherited from <RequestBaseType>:

726

<RequestID> [Optional]

727

RequestID [Optional]

728

This attribute is used to correlate requests with responses. When present in a request, the server MUST return it in the response.

729

730

Profile [Optional]

731

This attribute indicates a particular DSS profile. It may be used to select a profile if a server supports multiple profiles, or as a sanity-check to make sure the server implements the profile the client expects.

732

733

734

<OptionalInputs> [Optional]

735

Any additional inputs to the request.

736

<InputDocuments> [Required]

737

The input documents which the signature will be calculated over.

738

```
<xs:element name="SignRequest">
```

739

```
  <xs:complexType>
```

740

```
    <xs:complexContent>
```

741

```
      <xs:extension base="dss:RequestBaseType"/>
```

742

```
    </xs:complexContent>
```

743

```
  </xs:complexType>
```

744

```
</xs:element>
```

745

3.2 Element <SignResponse>

746

The <SignResponse> element contains the following attributes and elements inherited from <ResponseBaseType>:

747

<ResponseBaseType>:

748

RequestID [Optional]

749

This attribute is used to correlate requests with responses. When present in a request, the server MUST return it in the response.

750

751

Profile [Optional]

752

This attribute indicates the particular DSS profile used by the server. It may be used by the client for logging purposes or to make sure the server implements a profile the client expects.

753

754

<Result> [Required]

755

A code representing the status of the request.

756

<OptionalOutputs> [Optional]

757

Any additional outputs returned by the server.

758

In addition to <ResponseBaseType> the <SignResponse> element defines the following

759

<SignatureObject> element:

760

<SignatureObject> [Optional]

761 The result signature or timestamp or, in the case of a signature being enveloped in an output
762 document (see section 3.5.7), pointer to the signature.

763 In the case of <SignaturePlacement> being used this MUST contain a
764 <SignaturePtr>, having the same XPath expression as in <SignaturePlacement> and
765 pointing to a <DocumentWithSignature> using it's WhichDocument attribute.

```
766 <xs:element name="SignResponse">  
767   <xs:complexType>  
768     <xs:complexContent>  
769       <xs:extension base="dss:ResponseBaseType">  
770         <xs:sequence>  
771           <xs:element ref="dss:SignatureObject"  
772 minOccurs="0"/>  
773         </xs:sequence>  
774       </xs:extension>  
775     </xs:complexContent>  
776   </xs:complexType>  
777 </xs:element>
```

778 3.3 Processing for XML Signatures

779 3.3.1 Basic Process for <Base64XML>

780 A DSS server that produces XML signatures SHOULD perform the following steps, upon
781 receiving a <SignRequest>.

782 These steps may be changed or overridden by procedures defined for the optional inputs (for
783 example, see section 3.5.6), or by the profile or policy the server is operating under.

784 The ordering of the <Document> elements inside the <InputDocuments> MAY be ignored by
785 the server.

786 1. For each <Document> in <InputDocuments> the server MUST perform the following
787 steps:

788 a. In the case of <Base64XML> (see later sub-sections for other cases), the server
789 base64-decodes the data contained within <Document> into an octet stream.
790 This data MUST be a well formed XML Document as defined in [Schema1]
791 section 2.1. If the RefURI attribute references within the same input document
792 then the server parses the octet stream to NodeSetData (see [XMLSig] section
793 4.3.3.3) before proceeding to the next step.

794 b. The data is processed and transforms applied by the server to produce a
795 canonicalized octet string as required in [XMLSig] section 4.3.3.2.

796 Note: Transforms are applied as a server implementation MAY choose to
797 increase robustness of the Signatures created. These Transforms may reflect
798 idiosyncrasies of different parsers or to solve encoding issues and so on. Servers
799 MAY also choose not to apply transforms in basic processing and to extract the
800 data binary or canonicalize the data directly if certain optional inputs (see
801 sections 3.5.7 point 2 and 1.d.v, 3.5.8) are not to be implemented.

802 Note: As required in [XMLSig] if the end result is an XML node set, the server
803 MUST attempt to convert the node set back into an octet stream using Canonical
804 XML [XML-C14N].

805 c. The hash of the resulting octet stream is calculated.

806 d. The server forms a <ds:Reference> with the elements and attributes set as
807 follows:

- 808 i. If the `<Document>` has a `RefURI` attribute, the `<ds:Reference>`
809 element's `URI` attribute is set to the value of the `RefURI` attribute, else
810 this attribute is omitted.
811 A signature MUST NOT be created if more than one `RefURI` is omitted
812 in the set of input documents and the server MUST report a
813 `RequesterError`.
- 814 ii. If the `<Document>` has a `RefType` attribute, the `<ds:Reference>`
815 element's `Type` attribute is set to the value of the `RefType` attribute,
816 else this attribute is omitted.
- 817 iii. The `<ds:DigestMethod>` element is set to the hash method used.
- 818 iv. The `<ds:DigestValue>` element is set to the hash value that is to be
819 calculated as per **[XMLSig]**.
- 820 v. The `<ds:Transforms>` element is set to the sequence of transforms
821 applied by the server in step b. This sequence MUST describe the
822 effective transform as a reproducible procedure from parsing until hash.
- 823 2. References resulting from processing of optional inputs MUST be included. In doing so, the
824 server MAY reflect the ordering of the `<Document>` elements.
- 825 3. The server creates an XML signature using the `<ds:Reference>` elements created in Step
826 1.d, according to the processing rules in **[XMLSig]**.

827 **3.3.2 Process Variant for `<InlineXML>`**

828 In the case of an input document which contains `<InlineXML>` Step 3.3.1 1.a is replaced with
829 the following step:

- 830 1.
- 831 a. The XML document is extracted from the DSS protocol envelope, without taking
832 inherited namespaces and attributes. Exclusive Canonical XML **[XML-xcl-c14n]**
833 MUST be applied to extract data AND assure context free extraction.
834 In cases like echoing and such where details could get lost, see Appendix A.

835

836 In Step 3.3.1 step 1.d.v, the `<ds:Transforms>` element MUST begin with the canonicalization
837 transform applied under revised step 3.3.2 1.a above.

838 **3.3.3 Process Variant for `<EscapedXML>`**

839 In the case of an input document which contains `<EscapedXML>` Step 3.3.1 1.a is replaced with
840 the following:

- 841 1.
- 842 a. In the case of `<EscapedXML>` the server unescapes the data contained within
843 `<Document>` into a character string. If the `RefURI` references within the same input
844 document the server parses the unescaped character content to `NodeSetData` if
845 necessary. If the `RefURI` does not reference within the same input document then the
846 server canonicalizes the characters or parsed `NodeSetData` (see **[XMLSig]** section
847 4.3.3.3) to octet stream if necessary before proceeding to the next step.

848

849 Note: If the characters are converted to an octet stream directly a consistent
850 encoding including `ByteOrderMark` has to be ensured.

851

852 In Step 3.3.1 1.d.v, the <ds:Transforms> element MUST begin with the canonicalization
853 transform applied under revised step 3.3.3 1.a above.
854

855 **3.3.4 Process Variant for <Base64Data>**

856 In the case of an input document which contains <Base64data> Step 1 a and Step 1 b are
857 replaced with the following:

- 858 1.
 - 859 a. The server base64-decodes the data contained within <Document> into an octet
860 string.
 - 861 b. No transforms or other changes are made to the octet string before hashing.
862

863 Note: If the RefURI references within the same input document the Document MUST
864 also be referenced by <IncludeObject> in section 3.5.6 to include the object as
865 base64 data inside a <ds:Object> otherwise a <Result> (section 2.6) issuing a
866 <ResultMajor> RequesterError qualified by a <ResultMinor>
867 NotParseableXMLDocument.
868

869 **3.3.5 Process Variant for <TransformedData>**

870 In the case of an input document which contains <TransformedData> Step 3.3.1 1 is replaced
871 with the following:

- 872 1.
 - 873 a. The server base64-decodes the data contained within <Base64Data> of
874 <TransformedData> into an octet string.
 - 875 b. Omitted.
 - 876 c. The hash over of the octet stream extracted in step a is calculated.
 - 877 d. as in 3.3.1 step 1d updated as follows
 - 878 i. The <ds:Transforms> element is set to the sequence of transforms
879 indicated by the client in the <ds:Transforms> element within the
880 <TransformedData>. This sequence MUST describe the effective
881 transform as a reproducible procedure from parsing until digest input.

882 **3.3.6 Process Variant for <DocumentHash>**

883 In the case of an input document which is provided in the form of a hash value in
884 <DocumentHash> Step 3.3.1 1 is replaced with the following:

- 885 1.
 - 886 a. Omitted.
 - 887 b. Omitted.
 - 888 c. Omitted.
 - 889 d. as in 3.3.1 step 1d updated as follows
 - 890 i. The <ds:DigestMethod> element is set to the value in <DocumentHash>.
891 The <ds:DigestValue> element is set to the value in <DocumentHash>.

892 ii. The <ds:Transforms> element is set to the sequence of transforms indicated
893 by the client in the <ds:Transforms> element within <DocumentHash>, if any
894 such transforms are indicated by the client. This sequence MUST describe
895 the effective transform as a reproducible procedure from parsing until hash.

896 **3.4 Basic Processing for CMS Signatures**

897 A DSS server that produces CMS signatures [RFC 3852] SHOULD perform the following steps,
898 upon receiving a <SignRequest>. These steps may be changed or overridden by the optional
899 inputs, or by the profile or policy the server is operating under.

900 The <SignRequest> should contain either a single <Document> not having RefURI,
901 RefType set or a single <DocumentHash> not having RefURI, RefType,
902 <ds:Transforms> set:

- 903 1. If a <Document> is present, the server hashes its contents as follows:
 - 904 a. If the <Document> contains <Base64XML>, the server extracts the ancestry context
905 free text content of the <Base64XML> as an octet stream by base64 decoding its
906 contents.
 - 907 b. If the <Document> contains <InlineXML>, the server extracts the ancestry context
908 free text content of the <InlineXML> as an octet stream as explained in (section 3.3.2
909 1.a). This octet stream has to be returned as <TransformedDocument>/
910 <Base64XML>.
 - 911 c. If the <Document> contains <EscapedXML>, the server unescapes the content of the
912 <EscapedXML> as a character stream and converts the character stream to an octet
913 stream using an encoding as explained in (section 3.3.3).
 - 914 d. If the <Document> contains <Base64Data>, the server base64-decodes the text
915 content of the <Base64Data> into an octet stream.
 - 916 e. The server hashes the resultant octet stream.
- 917 2. The server forms a SignerInfo structure based on the input document. The components of
918 the SignerInfo are set as follows:
 - 919 a. The digestAlgorithm field is set to the OID value for the hash method that was used in
920 step 1.c (for a <Document>), or to the OID value that is equivalent to the input
921 document's <ds:DigestMethod> (for a <DocumentHash>).
 - 922 b. The signedAttributes field's message-digest attribute contains the hash value that
923 was calculated in step 1.e (for a <Document>), or that was sent in the input
924 document's <ds:DigestValue> (for a <DocumentHash>). Other signedAttributes may
925 be added by the server, according to its profile or policy, or according to the
926 <Properties> optional input (see section 3.5.5).
 - 927 c. The remaining fields (sid, signatureAlgorithm, and signature) are filled in as per a
928 normal CMS signature.
- 929 3. The server creates a CMS signature (i.e. a SignedData structure) containing the
930 SignerInfo that was created in Step 2. The resulting SignedData should be detached
931 (i.e. external) unless the client sends the <EnvelopingSignature> optional input (see
932 section 3.5.8).

933 **3.5 Optional Inputs and Outputs**

934 This section defines some optional inputs and outputs that profiles of the DSS signing protocol
935 might find useful. Section 2.8 defines some common optional inputs that can also be used with

936 the signing protocol. Profiles of the signing protocol can define their own optional inputs and
937 outputs, as well. General handling of optional inputs and outputs is discussed in section 2.7.

938 **3.5.1 Optional Input <SignatureType>**

939 The <SignatureType> element indicates the type of signature or timestamp to produce (such
940 as a XML signature, a XML timestamp, a RFC 3161 timestamp, a CMS signature, etc.). See
941 section 7.1 for some URI references that MAY be used as the value of this element.

```
942 <xs:element name="SignatureType" type="xs:anyURI" />
```

943 **3.5.2 Optional Input <AddTimestamp>**

944 The <AddTimestamp> element indicates that the client wishes the server to provide a timestamp
945 as a property or attribute of the resultant signature. The Type attribute, if present, indicates what
946 type of timestamp to apply. Profiles that use this optional input MUST define the allowed values,
947 and the default value, for the Type attribute (unless only a single type of timestamp is supported,
948 in which case the Type attribute can be omitted).

```
949 <xs:element name="AddTimestamp">  
950   <xs:complexType>  
951     <xs:attribute name="Type" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional" />  
952   </xs:complexType>  
953 </xs:element>
```

954 **3.5.3 Optional Input <IntendedAudience>**

955 The <IntendedAudience> element tells the server who the target audience of this signature is.
956 The server may use this to parameterize any aspect of its processing (for example, the server
957 may choose to sign with a key that it knows a particular recipient trusts).

```
958 <xs:element name="IntendedAudience">  
959   <xs:complexType>  
960     <xs:sequence>  
961       <xs:element name="Recipient" type="saml:NameIdentifierType"  
962         maxOccurs="unbounded" />  
963     </xs:sequence>  
964   </xs:complexType>  
965 </xs:element>
```

966 **3.5.4 Optional Input <KeySelector>**

967 The <KeySelector> element tells the server which key to use.

```
968 <xs:element name="KeySelector">  
969   <xs:complexType>  
970     <xs:choice>  
971       <xs:element ref="ds:KeyInfo" />  
972       <xs:element name="Other" ref="dss:AnyType" />  
973     </xs:choice>  
974   </xs:complexType>  
975 </xs:element>
```


976 3.5.5 Optional Input <Properties>

977 The <Properties> element is used to request that the server add certain signed or unsigned
978 properties (aka "signature attributes") into the signature. The client can send the server a
979 particular value to use for each property, or leave the value up to the server to determine. The
980 server can add additional properties, even if these aren't requested by the client.

981 The <Properties> element contains:

982 <SignedProperties> [Optional]

983 These properties will be covered by the signature.

984 <UnsignedProperties> [Optional]

985 These properties will not be covered by the signature.

986 Each <Property> element contains:

987 <Identifier> [Required]

988 A URI reference identifying the property.

989 <Value> [Optional]

990 If present, the value the server should use for the property.

991 This specification does not define any properties. Profiles that make use of this element MUST
992 define the allowed property URIs and their allowed values.

```
993 <xs:element name="Properties">  
994   <xs:complexType>  
995     <xs:sequence>  
996       <xs:element name="SignedProperties"  
997         type="dss:PropertiesType" minOccurs="0" />  
998       <xs:element name="UnsignedProperties"  
999         type="dss: PropertiesType" minOccurs="0" />  
1000     </xs:sequence>  
1001   </xs:complexType>  
1002 </xs:element>  
1003  
1004 <xs:complexType name="PropertiesType">  
1005   <xs:sequence>  
1006     <xs:element ref="dss:Property" maxOccurs="unbounded" />  
1007   </xs:sequence>  
1008 </xs:complexType>  
1009  
1010 <xs:element name="Property">  
1011   <xs:complexType>  
1012     <xs:sequence>  
1013       <xs:element name="Identifier" type="xs:anyURI" />  
1014       <xs:element name="Value" type="dss:AnyType"  
1015         minOccurs="0" />  
1016     </xs:sequence>  
1017   </xs:complexType>  
1018 </xs:element>
```

1019 3.5.6 Optional Input <IncludeObject>

1020 Optional input <IncludeObject> is used to request the creation of an XMLSig enveloping
1021 signature as follows.

1022 The attributes of <IncludeObject> are:

1023 whichDocument [Required]

1024 Identifies the input document which will be inserted into the returned signature (see the ID
1025 attribute in section 2.4.1).

1026 hasObjectTagsAndAttributesSet

1027 If True indicates that the <Document> contains a <ds:Object> element which has been
1028 prepared ready for direct inclusion in the <ds:Signature>.

1029 ObjId [optional]

1030 Sets the Id attribute on the returned <ds:Object>.

1031 createReference

1032 This attribute set to true causes the <ds:Object> to be referenced by a <ds:Reference>
1033 and hence to be actually digested and signed. Otherwise it has to be referenced by another
1034 reference or it is just included but not signed.

```
1035 <xs:element name="IncludeObject">  
1036   <xs:complexType>  
1037     <xs:attribute name="WhichDocument" type="xs:IDREF"/>  
1038     <xs:attribute name="hasObjectTagsAndAttributesSet"  
1039       type="xs:boolean" default="false"/>  
1040     <xs:attribute name="ObjId" type="xs:string"  
1041       use="optional"/>  
1042     <xs:attribute name="createReference" type="xs:boolean"  
1043       use="optional" default="true"/>  
1044   </xs:complexType>  
1045 </xs:element>
```

1046

1047 3.5.6.1 XML DSig Variant Optional Input <IncludeObject>

1048 An enveloping signature is a signature having <ds:Object>s which are referenced by
1049 <ds:Reference>s having a same-document URI.

1050 For each <IncludeObject> the server creates a new <ds:Object> element containing the
1051 document, as identified using the WhichDocument attribute, as its child. This object is carried
1052 within the enveloping signature. This <Document> (or documents) MUST include a "same-
1053 document" RefURI attribute (having a value starting with "#") which references the data to be
1054 signed.

1055 The URI in the RefURI attribute of this <Document> should at least reference the relevant parts
1056 of the Object to be included in the calculation for the corresponding reference. Clients MUST
1057 generate requests in a way that some <ds:Reference>'s URI values actually will reference the
1058 <ds:Object> generated by the server once this element will have been included in the
1059 <ds:Signature> produced by the server.

1060

1061 1. For each <IncludeObject> the server MUST carry out the following steps:

1062 a. The server identifies the <Document> that is to be placed into a <ds:Object> as
1063 indicated by the WhichDocument attribute.

1064 b. The data to be carried in the enveloping signature is extracted and decoded as
1065 described in 3.3.1 Step 1 a (or equivalent step in variants of the basic process as
1066 defined in 3.3.2 onwards depending of the form of the input document).

1067 c. if the hasObjectTagsAndAttributesSet attribute is false or not present the server
1068 builds the <ds:Object> as follows:

- 1069 i. The server generates the new <ds:Object> and sets its Id attribute to the
1070 value indicated in ObjId attribute of the optional input if present.
- 1071 ii. In the case of the Document pointed at by WhichDocument having
1072 Base64Data, <ds:Object>('s) MIME Type is to be set to the value of
1073 <dss:Base64Data>('s) MIME Type value and the Encoding is to be set to
1074 http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-2/#base64Binary
- 1075 d. The server splices the to-be-enveloped documents as <ds:Object>(s) into the
1076 <ds:Signature>, which is to be returned.
- 1077 The server then continues with processing as specified in section 3.3.1 if create reference is true
1078 otherwise this <Document> is excluded from further processing and basic processing is applied
1079 for the rest of the <Document>s as specified in section 3.3.1.

1080 **3.5.6.2 CMS Enveloping Signatures, Variant Optional Input <IncludeObject>**

- 1081 In the case of the optional input <IncludeObject> section 3.4 step 3 is overridden as follows.
- 1082 3. The server creates a CMS signature (i.e. a SignedData structure) containing the SignerInfo
1083 that was created in Step 3. The resulting SignedData is now internal, as the document is
1084 enveloped in the signature.
- 1085

1086 **3.5.7 Enveloped Signatures, Optional Input <SignaturePlacement>** 1087 **and Output <DocumentWithSignature>**

- 1088 Optional input <SignaturePlacement> is used to request the creation of an XMLDSig
1089 enveloped signature placed within an input document. The resulting document with the
1090 enveloped signature is placed in the optional output <DocumentWithSignature>.
- 1091 The server places the signature in the document identified using the WhichDocument attribute.
1092 This <Document> MUST include a "same-document" RefURI attribute which references the data
1093 to be signed of the form RefURI="".
- 1094 In the case of an XML input document, the client may instruct the server precisely where to place
1095 the signature with the optional <XpathAfter> and <XpathFirstChildOf> child elements. In
1096 the case of a non-XML input document, or when these child elements are omitted, then the server
1097 places the signature in the input document in accordance with procedures defined in a profile or
1098 as part of the server policy.
- 1099 The <SignaturePlacement> element contains the following attributes and elements:
- 1100 WhichDocument [Required]
1101 Identifies the input document which the signature will be inserted into (see the ID attribute in
1102 section 2.4.1).
- 1103 CreateEnvelopedSignature
1104 If this is set to true a reference having an enveloped signature transform is created.
- 1105 <XpathAfter> [Optional]
1106 Identifies an element, inside the XML input document, after which the signature will be
1107 inserted. (The rules for XPath evaluation are those stated in section 2.5 SignatureObject)
- 1108 <XpathFirstChildOf> [Optional]
1109 Identifies an element, in the XML input document, which the signature will be inserted as the
1110 first child of. For details on the evaluation of The XPath expression see above

1111 (<XPathAfter>). The signature is placed immediately after the start tag of the specified
1112 element.

```
1113 <xs:element name="SignaturePlacement">
1114   <xs:complexType>
1115     <xs:choice>
1116       <xs:element name="XPathAfter" type="xs:string"/>
1117       <xs:element name="XPathFirstChildOf"
1118         type="xs:string"/>
1119     </xs:choice>
1120     <xs:attribute name="WhichDocument" type="xs:IDREF"/>
1121     <xs:attribute name="CreateEnvelopedSignature"
1122       type="xs:boolean" default="true"/>
1123   </xs:complexType>
1124 </xs:element>
```

1125 The <DocumentWithSignature> optional output contains the input document with the
1126 signature inserted. It has one child element:

1127 <Document> [Required]

1128 This contains the input document with a signature inserted in some fashion.

```
1129 <xs:element name="DocumentWithSignature">
1130   <xs:complexType>
1131     <xs:sequence>
1132       <xs:element ref="dss:Document"/>
1133     </xs:sequence>
1134   </xs:complexType>
1135 </xs:element>
```

1136

1137 For an XMLSig enveloped signature the client produces a request including elements set as
1138 follows:

- 1139 1. The WhichDocument attribute is set to identify the <Document> to envelope the signature.
- 1140 2. The RefURI attribute for the relevant <Document> is set to reference the relevant parts of
1141 the Document to be included in the calculation for the corresponding reference. This MUST
1142 be a relative reference within the same document. (e.g. URI="", URI="#xpointer()",
1143 URI="#xpointer(/DocumentElement/ToBeSignedElement)",
1144 URI="#xpointer(/ToBeSignedElements)", ...).
- 1145 3. The createEnvelopedSignature is set to true (or simply omitted).

1146

1147 If the <SignaturePlacement> element is present the server processes it as follows:

- 1148 1. The server identifies the <Document> that in which the signature is to be enveloped as
1149 indicated by the WhichDocument attribute.
- 1150 2. This document is extracted and decoded as described in 3.3.1 Step Fehler! Verweisquelle
1151 konnte nicht gefunden werden. (or equivalent step in variants of the basic process as
1152 defined in 3.3.2 onwards depending of the form of the input document).
- 1153 3. The server splices the <ds:Signature> to-be-enveloped into the document.
- 1154 4. If createEnvelopedSignature equals true create a <ds:Reference> for the document
1155 in question by performing Basic processing as in section 3.3.1 and Step 1.b to 1.d is
1156 performed with the following amendments:
1157 1.

- 1158 a. [No 1.a]
1159 b. [replaced] Include an EnvelopedSignatureTransform as the first transform for
1160 calculation (even preceding transforms used for extraction) and continue as in
1161 3.3.1 Step 1.b applied on the previously extracted document bearing the
1162 incomplete signature.
1163 c. (same as in 3.3.1 Step 1.c)
1164 d. (same as in 3.3.1 Step 1.d.i to 1.d.iv) plus 1.d.v amended as follows:
1165 v. The EnvelopedSignatureTransform is included as the first Transform
1166 (even before excl-c14n if it was used for extraction) in the
1167 <ds:Transforms> element. The sequence MUST describe the
1168 effective transform as a reproducible procedure from parsing until hash.
1169
1170 Note: This is necessary because the EnvelopedSignatureTransform
1171 would not work if there was a Canonicalization before it. Similar
1172 problems apply to transforms using the here() function, if such are to be
1173 supported the use of Base64XML is indicated.
1174 5. Add the returned <ds:Reference> as required in 3.3.1 Step **Fehler! Verweisquelle**
1175 **konnte nicht gefunden werden.** of Basic processing.
1176 6. The server continues with processing as specified in section 3.3.1 for the rest of the
1177 documents.
1178 7. The <SignedObject> element of the result is set to point to the document with the same
1179 WhichDocument and XPath expression as in the request.
1180
1181

1182 **3.5.8 Optional Input <SignedReferences>**

1183 The <SignedReferences> element gives the client greater control over how the
1184 <ds:Reference> elements are formed. When this element is present, step 1 of Basic
1185 Processing (section 3.3.1) is overridden. Instead of there being a one-to-one correspondence
1186 between input documents and <ds:Reference> elements, now each <SignedReference>
1187 element controls the creation of a corresponding <ds:Reference>.

1188 Since each <SignedReference> refers to an input document, this allows multiple
1189 <ds:Reference> elements to be based on a single input document. Furthermore, the client
1190 can request additional transforms to be applied to each <ds:Reference>, and can set each
1191 <ds:Reference> element's Id or URI attribute. These aspects of the <ds:Reference> can
1192 only be set through the <SignedReferences> optional input; they cannot be set through the
1193 input documents, since they are aspects of the reference to the input document, not the input
1194 document itself.

1195 Each <SignedReference> element contains:

1196 WhichDocument [Required]

1197 Which input document this reference refers to (see the ID attribute in section 2.4.1).

1198 RefId [Optional]

1199 Sets the Id attribute on the corresponding <ds:Reference>.

1200 RefURI [Optional]

1201 overrides the `RefURI` of `<dss:Document>` and if present from the `<SignedReferences>`
1202 creates an additional `<ds:Reference>`

1203 `RefType` [Optional]

1204 overrides the `RefType` of `<dss:Document>`

1205 `<ds:Transforms>` [Optional]

1206 Requests the server to perform additional transforms on this reference.

1207 When the `<SignedReferences>` optional input is present, basic processing 3.3.1 step 1 is
1208 performed for each `<SignedReference>` overriding steps a., b., c. and d.:

1209 If the `<SignaturePlacement>` element is present the server processes it as follows:

1210

1211 For each `<SignedReference>` in `<SignedReferences>`

- 1212 1. The server identifies the `<Document>` referenced as indicated by the `WhichDocument`
1213 attribute.
- 1214 2. If `RefURI` is present create an additional `<ds:Reference>` for the document in question by
1215 performing basic processing as in section 3.3.1 Step 1 amended as follows:
 - 1216 1.
 - 1217 a. Unchanged.
 - 1218 b. Applies the transforms indicated in `<ds:Transforms>`. Afterwards, the server may
1219 apply any other transform it considers worth according to its policy for generating a
1220 canonicalized octet string as required in step b. of basic Processing before hashing.
 - 1221 c. Unchanged.
 - 1222 d. The server forms a `<ds:Reference>` with the elements and attributes set as follows:
 - 1223 i. Use this `RefURI` attribute from the `<SignedReference>` if present instead of
1224 `RefURI` from `<dss:Document>` in step i. of Basic Processing.
1225 The `Id` attribute is set to the `<SignedReference>` element's `RefId` attribute. If
1226 the `<SignedReference>` has no `RefId` attribute, the `<ds:Reference>`
1227 element's `Id` attribute is omitted.
 - 1228 ii.
 - 1229 iii.
 - 1230 iv.
 - 1231 v. The `<ds:Transforms>` used here will have to be added to `<ds:Transforms>` of
1232 step v. of basic processing so that this element describes the sequence of
1233 transforms applied by the server and describing the effective transform as a
1234 reproducible procedure from parsing until hash.
 - 1235 2. Add the returned `<ds:Reference>` as required in 3.3.1 Step **Fehler! Verweisquelle**
1236 **konnte nicht gefunden werden.** of Basic processing.
- 1237 3. If `RefURI` is not present perform basic processing for the input document not creating an
1238 additional `<ds:Reference>` amending Step 1 as follows:
 - 1239 1.
 - 1240 a. *Unchanged.*
 - 1241 b. *Applies the transforms indicated in `<ds:Transforms>`. Afterwards, the server may*
1242 *apply any other transform it considers worth according to its policy for generating a*
1243 *canonicalized octet string as required in step b. of basic Processing before hashing.*
 - 1244 c. *Unchanged.*

- 1245 d. The server forms a `<ds:Reference>` with the elements and attributes set as
1246 follows:
- 1247 i. Perform step i. of Basic Processing and the `Id` attribute is set to the
1248 `<SignedReference>` element's `RefId` attribute. If the
1249 `<SignedReference>` has no `RefId` attribute, the `<ds:Reference>`
1250 element's `Id` attribute is omitted.
 - 1251 ii. Unchanged
 - 1252 iii. Unchanged
 - 1253 iv. Unchanged
 - 1254 v. The `<ds:Transforms>` used here will have to be added to
1255 `<ds:Transforms>` of step v. of basic processing so that this element
1256 describes the sequence of transforms applied by the server and describing
1257 the effective transform as a reproducible procedure from parsing until hash.
- 1258 4. The server continues with processing as specified in section 3.3.1 for the rest of the
1259 documents.

```
1260 <xs:element name="SignedReferences">
1261   <xs:complexType>
1262     <xs:sequence>
1263       <xs:element ref="dss:SignedReference"
1264                 maxOccurs="unbounded" />
1265     </xs:sequence>
1266   </xs:complexType>
1267 </xs:element>
1268
1269 <xs:element name="SignedReference">
1270   <xs:complexType>
1271     <xs:sequence>
1272       <xs:element ref="ds:Transforms" minOccurs="0" />
1273     </xs:sequence>
1274     <xs:attribute name="WhichDocument" type="xs:IDREF" use="required" />
1275     <xs:attribute name="RefURI" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional" />
1276     <xs:attribute name="RefId" type="xs:string" use="optional" />
1277   </xs:complexType>
1278 </xs:element>
```

1279

4 The DSS Verifying Protocol

1280

4.1 Element <VerifyRequest>

1281

The <VerifyRequest> inherits from <Request>. This element is sent by the client to verify a signature or timestamp on some input documents. It contains the following additional elements:

1282

1283

<SignatureObject> [Optional]

1284

This element contains a signature or timestamp, or else contains a <SignaturePtr> that points to an XML signature in one of the input documents. If this element is omitted, there must be only a single <InputDocument> which the server will search to find the to-be-verified signature(s). A <SignaturePtr> or omitted <SignatureObject> MUST be used whenever the to-be-verified signature is an XML signature which uses an Enveloped Signature Transform; otherwise the server would have difficulty locating the signature and applying the Enveloped Signature Transform.

1285

1286

1287

1288

1289

1290

1291

<InputDocuments> [Optional]

1292

The input documents which the signature was calculated over. The signature to be verified may also be contained in one of these documents. This element may be omitted if an enveloping signature inside the <SignatureObject> contains the input document(s).

1293

1294

1295

```
<xs:element name="VerifyRequest">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element ref="dss:OptionalInputs" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element ref="dss:SignatureObject" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element ref="dss:InputDocuments" minOccurs="0"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="RequestID" type="xs:string"
      use="optional"/>
    <xs:attribute name="Profile" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional"/>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

1296

1297

1298

1299

1300

1301

1302

1303

1304

1305

1306

1307

4.2 Element <VerifyResponse>

1308

The <VerifyResponse> inherits from <Response>. This element defines no additional attributes and elements

1309

1310

4.3 Basic Processing for XML Signatures

1311

A DSS server that verifies XML signatures SHOULD perform the following steps, upon receiving a <VerifyRequest>. These steps may be changed or overridden by the optional inputs, or by the profile or policy the server is operating under. For more details on multi-signature verification, see section 4.3.1.

1312

1313

1314

1315

1. The server retrieves one or more <ds:Signature> objects, as follows: If the <SignatureObject> is present, the server retrieves either the <ds:Signature> that is a child element of the <SignatureObject>, or those <ds:Signature> objects which are pointed to by the <SignaturePtr> in the <SignatureObject>.

1316

1317

1318

- 1319 a. If the <SignaturePtr> points to an input document but not a specific element in that
1320 document, the pointed-to input document must be a <Document> element containing
1321 XML either in an <InlineXML>, <EscapedXML> or <Base64XML> element. This
1322 document is extracted and decoded as described in 3.3.1 Step **Fehler!**
1323 **Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.** (or equivalent step in variants of
1324 the basic process as defined in 3.3.2 onwards depending of the form of the input
1325 document). The server will search and find every <ds:Signature> element in this
1326 input document, and verify each <ds:Signature> according to the steps below.
- 1327 b. If the <SignatureObject> is omitted, there **MUST** be only a single <Document>
1328 element. This case is handled as if a <SignaturePtr> pointing to the single
1329 <Document> was present: the server will search and find every <ds:Signature>
1330 element in this input document, and verify each <ds:Signature> according to the
1331 steps below.
- 1332 2. For each <ds:Reference> in the <ds:Signature>, the server finds the input document
1333 with matching RefURI and RefType values. If the <ds:Reference> uses a same-
1334 document URI, the XPointer should be evaluated against the input document the
1335 <ds:Signature> is contained within, or against the <ds:Signature> itself if it is
1336 contained within the <SignatureObject> element. The <SchemaRef> element or optional
1337 input <Schema> of the input document or <SignatureObject> will be used, if present, to
1338 identify ID attributes when evaluating the XPointer expression. If the <ds:Reference> uses
1339 an external URI and the corresponding input document is not present, the server will skip the
1340 <ds:Reference>, and later return a result code such as ReferencedDocumentNotPresent
1341 to indicate this.
- 1342 a. If the input document is a <Document>, the server extracts and decodes as
1343 described in 3.3.1 Step **Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.** (or
1344 equivalent step in variants of the basic process as defined in 3.3.2 onwards
1345 depending of the form of the input document).
- 1346 b. If the input document is a <TransformedData>, the server checks that the
1347 <ds:Transforms> match between the <TransformedData> and the
1348 <ds:Reference> and then hashes the resultant data object according to
1349 <ds:DigestMethod>, and checks that the result matches <ds:DigestValue>.
- 1350 c. If the input document is a <DocumentHash>, the server checks that the
1351 <ds:Transforms>, <ds:DigestMethod>, and <ds:DigestValue> elements
1352 match between the <DocumentHash> and the <ds:Reference>.
- 1353 d. If such an input document isn't present, and the <ds:Reference> uses a same-
1354 document URI without a barename XPointer (URI=""), then the relevant input
1355 document is the input document the <ds:Signature> is contained within, or the
1356 <ds:Signature> itself if it is contained within the <SignatureObject> element
1357 and processed according to a. above.
- 1358 3. The server then validates the signature according to section 3.2.2 in [XMLSig].
- 1359 4. If the signature validates correctly, the server returns one of the first three <ResultMinor>
1360 codes listed in section 4.4, depending on the relationship of the signature to the input
1361 documents (not including the relationship of the signature to those XML elements that were
1362 resolved through XPointer evaluation; the client will have to inspect those relationships
1363 manually). If the signature fails to validate correctly, the server returns some other code;
1364 either one defined in section 4.4 of this specification, or one defined by some profile of this
1365 specification.
- 1366

1367 **4.3.1 Multi-Signature Verification**

1368 If a client requests verification of an entire input document, either using a `<SignaturePtr>`
1369 without an `<XPath>` or a missing `<SignaturePtr>` (see section 4.3 step 1), then the server
1370 MUST determine whether the input document contains zero, one, or more than one
1371 `<ds:Signature>` elements. If zero, the server should return a `<ResultMajor>` code of
1372 `RequesterError`.

1373 If more than one `<ds:Signature>` elements are present, the server MUST either reject the
1374 request with a `<ResultMajor>` code of `RequesterError` and a `<ResultMinor>` code of
1375 `NotSupported`, or accept the request and try to verify all of the signatures.

1376 If the server accepts the request in the multi-signature case (or if only a single signature is
1377 present) and one of the signatures fails to verify, the server should return one of the error codes
1378 in section 4.4, reflecting the first error encountered.

1379 If all of the signatures verify correctly, the server should return the `Success` `<ResultMajor>`
1380 code and the following `<ResultMinor>` code:

1381 `urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultminor:ValidMultiSignatures`

1382 Upon receiving this result code, the client SHOULD NOT assume any particular relationship
1383 between the signature and the input document(s). To check such a relationship, the client would
1384 have to verify or inspect the signatures individually.

1385 Only certain optional inputs and outputs are allowed when performing multi-signature verification.
1386 See section 4.6 for details.

1387 **4.4 Result Codes**

1388 Whether the signature succeeds or fails to verify, the server will return the `Success`
1389 `<ResultMajor>` code. The `<ResultMinor>` URI MUST be one of the following values, or
1390 some other value defined by some profile of this specification. The first three values listed below
1391 indicate that the signature or timestamp is valid. Any other value SHALL signal an error of some
1392 sort.

1393 `urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultminor:valid:signature:onAllDocuments`
1394

1395 The signature or timestamp is valid. Furthermore, the signature or timestamp covers all of the
1396 input documents just as they were passed in by the client.

1397 `urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultminor:valid:signature:onTransformedDoc`
1398 `uments`

1399 The signature or timestamp is valid. Furthermore, the signature or timestamp covers all of the
1400 input documents. However, some or all of the input documents have additional transforms
1401 applied to them that were not specified by the client.

1402 `urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultminor:valid:signature:notAllDocumentsR`
1403 `eferenced`

1404 The signature or timestamp is valid. However, the signature or timestamp does not cover all
1405 of the input documents that were passed in by the client.

1406 `urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultminor:invalid:refencedDocumentNotPrese`
1407 `nt`

1408 A `ds:Reference` element is present in the `ds:Signature` containing a full URI, but the
1409 corresponding input document is not present in the request.

1410 `urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultminor:invalid:indeterminateKey`

1411 The server could not determine whether the signing key is valid. For example, the server
1412 might not have been able to construct a certificate path to the signing key.

1413 urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultminor:invalid:untrustedKey

1414 The signature is performed by a key the server considers suspect. For example, the signing
1415 key may have been revoked, or it may be a different key from what the server is expecting the
1416 signer to use.

1417 urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultminor:invalid:incorrectSignature

1418 The signature fails to verify, indicating that the message was modified in transit, or that the
1419 signature was performed incorrectly.

1420 urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:resultminor:inappropriate:signature

1421 The signature or its contents are not appropriate in the current context. For example, the
1422 signature may be associated with a signature policy and semantics which the DSS server
1423 considers unsatisfactory.

1424 **4.5 Basic Processing for CMS Signatures**

1425 A DSS server that verifies CMS signatures SHOULD perform the following steps, upon receiving
1426 a <VerifyRequest>. These steps may be changed or overridden by the optional inputs, or by
1427 the profile or policy the server is operating under.

- 1428 1. The server retrieves the CMS signature by decoding the <Base64Signature> child of
1429 <SignatureObject>.
- 1430 2. The server retrieves the input data. If the CMS signature is detached, there must be a single
1431 input document: i.e. a single <Document> or <DocumentHash> element. Otherwise, if the
1432 CMS signature is enveloping, it contains its own input data and there MUST NOT be any
1433 input documents present.
- 1434 3. The CMS signature and input data are verified in the conventional way (see **[RFC 3369]** for
1435 details).
- 1436 4. If the signature validates correctly, the server returns the first <ResultMinor> code listed in
1437 section 4.4. If the signature fails to validate correctly, the server returns some other code;
1438 either one defined in section 4.4 of this specification, or one defined by some profile of this
1439 specification.

1440 **4.6 Optional Inputs and Outputs**

1441 This section defines some optional inputs and outputs that profiles of the DSS verifying protocol
1442 might find useful. Section 2.8 defines some common optional inputs that can also be used with
1443 the verifying protocol. Profiles of the verifying protocol can define their own optional inputs and
1444 outputs, as well. General handling of optional inputs and outputs is discussed in section 2.7.

1445 **4.6.1 Optional Input <VerifyManifests> and Output 1446 <VerifyManifestResults>**

1447 The presence of this element instructs the server to validate manifests in an XML signature.

1448 On encountering such a document in step 2 of basic processing, the server shall repeat step 2 for
1449 all the <ds:Reference> elements within the manifest. In accordance with **[XMLSIG]** section
1450 5.1, DSS Manifest validation does not affect a signature's core validation. The results of verifying
1451 individual <ds:Reference>'s within a <ds:Manifest> are returned in the
1452 <dss:VerifyManifestResults> optional output.

1453 The <VerifyManifests> optional input is allowed in multi-signature verification.

1454 <ReferenceXPath> [Required]
1455 Identifies the manifest reference, in the XML signature, to which this result pertains.
1456 <Status> [Required]
1457 Indicates the manifest validation result. It takes one of the values
1458 urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:manifeststatus:Valid or
1459 urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:manifeststatus:Invalid.

```
1460 <xs:element name="VerifyManifestResults"  
1461 type="dss:VerifyManifestResultsType" />  
1462 <xs:complexType name="VerifyManifestResultsType">  
1463 <xs:sequence>  
1464 <xs:element ref="dss:ManifestResult" maxOccurs="unbounded" />  
1465 </xs:sequence>  
1466 </xs:complexType>  
1467  
1468 <xs:element name="ManifestResult">  
1469 <xs:complexType>  
1470 <xs:sequence>  
1471 <xs:element name="ReferenceXPath" type="xs:string" />  
1472 <xs:element name="Status" type="xs:anyURI" />  
1473 </xs:sequence>  
1474 </xs:complexType>  
1475 </xs:element>
```

1476 4.6.2 Optional Input <VerificationTime>

1477 This element instructs the server to attempt to determine the signature's validity at the specified
1478 time, instead of the current time.

1479 This optional input is allowed in multi-signature verification.

```
1480 <xs:element name="VerificationTime" type="xs:dateTime" />
```

1481 4.6.3 Optional Input <AdditionalKeyInfo>

1482 This element provides the server with additional data (such as certificates and CRLs) which it can
1483 use to validate the signing key.

1484 This optional input is not allowed in multi-signature verification.

```
1485 <xs:element name="AdditionalKeyInfo">  
1486 <xs:complexType>  
1487 <xs:sequence>  
1488 <xs:element ref="ds:KeyInfo" />  
1489 </xs:sequence>  
1490 </xs:complexType>  
1491 </xs:element>
```

1492 4.6.4 Optional Input <ReturnProcessingDetails> and Output 1493 <ProcessingDetails>

1494 The presence of the <ReturnProcessingDetails> optional input instructs the server to return
1495 a <ProcessingDetails> output.

1496 These options are not allowed in multi-signature verification.

```
1497 <xs:element name="ReturnProcessingDetails" />
```

1498 The <ProcessingDetails> optional output elaborates on what signature verification steps
1499 succeeded or failed. It may contain the following child elements:

1500 <ValidDetail> [Any Number]

1501 A verification detail that was evaluated and found to be valid.

1502 <IndeterminateDetail> [Any Number]

1503 A verification detail that could not be evaluated or was evaluated and returned an
1504 indeterminate result.

1505 <InvalidDetail> [Any Number]

1506 A verification detail that was evaluated and found to be invalid.

```
1507 <xs:element name="ProcessingDetails">  
1508   <xs:complexType>  
1509     <xs:sequence>  
1510       <xs:element name="ValidDetail" type="dss:DetailType"  
1511         minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>  
1512       <xs:element name="IndeterminateDetail"  
1513         type="dss:DetailType"  
1514         minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>  
1515       <xs:element name="InvalidDetail" type="xs:dss:DetailType"  
1516         minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>  
1517     </xs:sequence>  
1518   </xs:complexType>  
1519 </xs:element>
```

1520 Each detail element is of type dss:DetailType. A dss:DetailType contains the following
1521 child elements and attributes:

1522 Type [Required]

1523 A URI which identifies the detail. It may be a value defined by this specification, or a value
1524 defined by some other specification. For the values defined by this specification, see below.

1525 Multiple detail elements of the same Type may appear in a single <ProcessingDetails>. For
1526 example, when a signature contains a certificate chain that certifies the signing key, there may be
1527 details of the same Type present for each certificate in the chain, describing how each certificate
1528 was processed.

1529 <Code> [Optional]

1530 A URI which more precisely specifies why this detail is valid, invalid, or indeterminate. It must
1531 be a value defined by some other specification, since this specification defines no values for
1532 this element.

1533 <Message> [Optional]

1534 A human-readable message which MAY be logged, used for debugging, etc.

1535

```
1536 <xs:complexType name="DetailType">  
1537   <xs:sequence>  
1538     <xs:element name="Code" type="xs:anyURI" minOccurs="0"/>  
1539     <xs:element name="Message" type="InternationalStringType"  
1540       minOccurs="0"/>  
1541     <xs:any processContents="lax" minOccurs="0"  
1542       maxOccurs="unbounded"/>  
1543   </xs:sequence>  
1544   <xs:attribute name="Type" type="xs:anyURI" use="required"/>  
1545 </xs:complexType>
```

1546 The values for the `Type` attribute defined by this specification are the following:

1547 `urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:detail:IssuerTrust`

1548 Whether the issuer of trust information for the signing key (or one of the certifying keys) is
1549 considered to be trustworthy.

1550 `urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:detail:RevocationStatus`

1551 Whether the trust information for the signing key (or one of the certifying keys) is revoked.

1552 `urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:detail:ValidityInterval`

1553 Whether the trust information for the signing key (or one of the certifying keys) is within its
1554 validity interval.

1555 `urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:detail:Signature`

1556 Whether the document signature (or one of the certifying signatures) verifies correctly.

1557 `urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:detail:Manifest`

1558 Whether the manifests in the XML signature verified correctly.

1559 **4.6.5 Optional Input <ReturnSigningTime> and Output <SigningTime>**

1560 The presence of the `<ReturnSigningTime>` optional input instructs the server to return a
1561 `<SigningTime>` output. This output typically gives the client access to a time value carried
1562 within a signature attribute or a signature timestamp, or within a timestamp token if the signature
1563 itself is a timestamp (e.g. see section 5.1.1). If no such value is present, and the server has no
1564 other way of determining when the signature was performed, the server should omit the
1565 `<SigningTime>` output. If there are multiple such values present, behavior is profile-defined.

1566 These options are not allowed in multi-signature verification.

```
1567 <xs:element name="ReturnSigningTime" />
```

1568 The `<SigningTime>` optional output contains an indication of when the signature was
1569 performed, and a boolean attribute that indicates whether this value is attested to by a third-party
1570 timestamp authority (if true), or only by the signer (if false).

```
1571 <xs:element name="SigningTime">
1572   <xs:complexType>
1573     <xs:simpleContent>
1574       <xs:extension base="xs:dateTime">
1575         <xs:attribute name="ThirdPartyTimestamp"
1576           type="xs:boolean" use="required" />
1577       </xs:extension>
1578     </xs:simpleContent>
1579   </xs:complexType>
1580 </xs:element>
```

1581 **4.6.6 Optional Input <ReturnSignerIdentity> and Output 1582 <SignerIdentity>**

1583 The presence of the `<ReturnSignerIdentity>` optional input instructs the server to return a
1584 `<SignerIdentity>` output.

1585 This optional input and output are not allowed in multi-signature verification.

```
1586 <xs:element name="ReturnSignerIdentity" />
```

1587 The `<SignerIdentity>` optional output contains an indication of who performed the signature.

```
1588 <xs:element name="SignerIdentity" type="saml:NameIdentifierType" />
```

1589 **4.6.7 Optional Input <ReturnUpdatedSignature> and Output** 1590 **<UpdatedSignature>**

1591 The presence of the <ReturnUpdatedSignature> optional input instructs the server to return
1592 an <UpdatedSignature> output, containing a new or updated signature.

1593 The Type attribute on <ReturnUpdatedSignature>, if present, defines exactly what it means
1594 to "update" a signature. For example, the updated signature may be the original signature with
1595 some additional unsigned signature properties added to it (such as timestamps, counter-
1596 signatures, or additional information for use in verification), or the updated signature could be an
1597 entirely new signature calculated on the same input documents as the input signature. Profiles
1598 that use this optional input MUST define the allowed values and their semantics, and the default
1599 value, for the Type attribute (unless only a single type of updated signature is supported, in which
1600 case the Type attribute can be omitted).

1601 Multiple occurrences of this optional input can be present in a single verify request message. If
1602 multiple occurrences are present, each occurrence MUST have a different Type attribute. Each
1603 occurrence will generate a corresponding optional output. These optional outputs SHALL be
1604 distinguishable based on their Type attribute, which will match each output with an input.

1605 These options are not allowed in multi-signature verification.

```
1606 <xs:element name="ReturnUpdatedSignature">  
1607   <xs:complexType>  
1608     <xs:attribute name="Type" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional" />  
1609   </xs:complexType>  
1610 </xs:element>
```

1611 The <UpdatedSignature> optional output contains the returned signature.

```
1612 <xs:element name="UpdatedSignature">  
1613   <xs:complexType>  
1614     <xs:sequence>  
1615       <xs:element ref="dss:SignatureObject">  
1616       <xs:sequence>  
1617         <xs:attribute name="Type" type="xs:anyURI" use="optional" />  
1618       </xs:complexType>  
1619 </xs:element>
```

1620 **4.6.8 Optional Input <ReturnTransformedDocument> and Output** 1621 **<TransformedDocument>**

1622 The <ReturnTransformedDocument> optional input instructs the server to return an input
1623 document to which the XML signature transforms specified by a particular <ds:Reference>
1624 have been applied. The <ds:Reference> is indicated by the zero-based WhichReference
1625 attribute (0 means the first <ds:Reference> in the signature, 1 means the second, and so on).
1626 Multiple occurrences of this optional input can be present in a single verify request message.
1627 Each occurrence will generate a corresponding optional output.

1628 These options are not allowed in multi-signature verification.

```
1629 <xs:element name="ReturnTransformedDocument">  
1630   <xs:complexType>  
1631     <xs:attribute name="WhichReference" type="xs:integer"  
1632                 use="required" />  
1633   </xs:complexType>
```

1634 </xs:element>

1635 The <TransformedDocument> optional output contains a document corresponding to the
1636 specified <ds:Reference>, after all the transforms in the reference have been applied. In other
1637 words, the hash value of the returned document should equal the <ds:Reference> element's
1638 <ds:DigestValue>. To match outputs to inputs, each <TransformedDocument> will contain
1639 a WhichReference attribute which matches the corresponding optional input.

```
1640 <xs:element name="TransformedDocument">  
1641   <xs:complexType>  
1642     <xs:sequence>  
1643       <xs:element ref="dss:Document">  
1644     </xs:sequence>  
1645   </xs:complexType>  
1646   <xs:attribute name="WhichReference" type="xs:integer"  
1647     use="required"/>  
1648 </xs:element>
```

1649

1650 5 DSS Core Elements

1651 This section defines two XML elements that may be used in conjunction with the DSS core
1652 protocols.

1653 5.1 Element <Timestamp>

1654 This section defines an XML timestamp. A <Timestamp> contains some type of timestamp
1655 token, such as an RFC 3161 TimeStampToken [RFC 3161] or a <ds:Signature> (aka an
1656 "XML timestamp token"). Profiles may introduce additional types of timestamp tokens. XML
1657 timestamps can be produced and verified using the timestamping profile of the DSS core
1658 protocols [XML-TSP].

1659 An XML timestamp may contain:

1660 <ds:Signature> [Optional]

1661 This is an enveloping XML signature, as defined in section 5.1.1.

1662 <RFC3161TimeStampToken> [Optional]

1663 This is a base64-encoded TimeStampToken as defined in [RFC3161].

```
1664 <xs:element name="Timestamp">  
1665   <xs:complexType>  
1666     <xs:choice>  
1667       <xs:element ref="ds:Signature" />  
1668       <xs:element name="RFC3161TimeStampToken"  
1669         type="xs:base64Binary" />  
1670       <xs:element name="Other" type="AnyType" />  
1671     </xs:choice>  
1672   </xs:complexType>  
1673 </xs:element>
```

1674 5.1.1 XML Timestamp Token

1675 An XML timestamp token is similar to an RFC 3161 TimeStampToken, but is encoded as a
1676 <TstInfo> element (see section 5.1.2) inside an enveloping <ds:Signature>. This allows
1677 conventional XML signature implementations to validate the signature, though additional
1678 processing is still required to validate the timestamp properties (see section 5.1.3).

1679 The following text describes how the child elements of the <ds:Signature> MUST be used:

1680 <ds:KeyInfo> [Required]

1681 The <ds:KeyInfo> element SHALL identify the issuer of the timestamp and MAY be
1682 used to locate, retrieve and validate the timestamp token signature-verification key. The
1683 exact details of this element may be specified further in a profile.

1684 <ds:SignedInfo>/<ds:Reference> [Required]

1685 There MUST be a single <ds:Reference> element whose URI attribute references the
1686 <ds:Object> containing the enveloped <TstInfo> element, and whose Type attribute
1687 is equal to urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:core:schema:XMLTimeStampToken.
1688 For every input document being timestamped, there MUST be a single
1689 <ds:Reference> element whose URI attribute references the document.

1690 <ds:Object> [Required]

1691 A <TstInfo> element SHALL be contained in a <ds:Object> element.

1692 5.1.2 Element <TstInfo>

1693 A <TstInfo> element is included in an XML timestamp token as a <ds:Signature> /
1694 <ds:Object> child element. A <TstInfo> element has the following children:

1695 <SerialNumber> [Required]

1696 This element SHALL contain a serial number produced by the timestamp authority (TSA).
1697 It MUST be unique across all the tokens issued by a particular TSA.

1698 <CreationTime> [Required]

1699 The time at which the token was issued.

1700 <Policy> [Optional]

1701 This element SHALL identify the policy under which the token was issued. The TSA's
1702 policy SHOULD identify the fundamental source of its time.

1703 <ErrorBound> [Optional]

1704 The TSA's estimate of the maximum error in its local clock.

1705 <Ordered> [Default="false"]

1706 This element SHALL indicate whether or not timestamps issued by this TSA, under this
1707 policy, are strictly ordered according to the value of the CreationTime element value.

1708 TSA [Optional]

1709 The name of the TSA.

```
1710 <xs:element name="TstInfo">  
1711   <xs:complexType>  
1712     <xs:sequence>  
1713       <xs:element name="SerialNumber" type="xs:integer"/>  
1714       <xs:element name="CreationTime" type="xs:dateTime"/>  
1715       <xs:element name="Policy" type="xs:anyURI" minOccurs="0"/>  
1716       <xs:element name="ErrorBound" type="xs:duration"  
1717         minOccurs="0"/>  
1718       <xs:element name="Ordered" type="xs:boolean"  
1719         default="false" minOccurs="0"/>  
1720       <xs:element name="TSA" type="saml:NameIdentifierType"  
1721         minOccurs="0"/>  
1722     </xs:sequence>  
1723   </xs:complexType>  
1724 </xs:element>
```

1725 5.1.3 Timestamp verification procedure

1726 If any one of these steps results in failure, then the timestamp token SHOULD be rejected.

1727 Locate and verify the signature-verification key corresponding to the ds:KeyInfo/ element
1728 contents.

1729 Verify that the signature-verification key is authorized for verifying timestamps.

1730 Verify that the signature-verification key conforms with all relevant aspects of the relying-party's
1731 policy.

1732 Verify that all digest and signature algorithms conform with the relying-party's policy.

- 1733 Verify that the signature-verification key is consistent with the
1734 ds:SignedInfo/SignatureMethod/@Algorithm element value.
- 1735 Verify that there is a single ds:SignedInfo/Reference element whose URI attribute
1736 references a <ds:Object> containing an enveloped <TstInfo> element.
- 1737 Verify that each timestamped document is referenced by a single ds:SignedInfo/Reference
1738 element.
- 1739 Verify that the tstInfo/Policy element value is acceptable.
- 1740 Verify all digests and the signature.
- 1741 If comparing the tstInfo/CreationTime element value to another time value, first verify that
1742 they differ by more than the error bound value.

1743 **5.2 Element <RequesterIdentity>**

1744 This section contains the definition of an XML Requester Identity element. This element can be
1745 used as a signature property in an XML signature to identify the client who requested the
1746 signature.

1747 This element has the following children:

1748 Name [Required]

1749 The name or role of the requester who requested the signature be performed.

1750 SupportingInfo [Optional]

1751 Information supporting the name (such as a SAML Assertion [**SAMLCORE1.1**], Liberty Alliance
1752 Authentication Context, or X.509 Certificate).

1753 The following schema fragment defines the <RequesterIdentity> element:

```
1754 <xs:element name="RequesterIdentity">  
1755   <xs:complexType>  
1756     <xs:sequence>  
1757       <xs:element name="Name" type="saml:NameIdentifierType" />  
1758       <xs:element name="SupportingInfo" type="dss:AnyType"  
1759                 minOccurs="0" />  
1760     </xs:sequence>  
1761   </xs:complexType>  
1762 </xs:element>
```

1763

6 DSS Core Bindings

1764 Mappings from DSS messages into standard communications protocols are called DSS *bindings*.
1765 *Transport bindings* specify how DSS messages are encoded and carried over some lower-level
1766 transport protocol. *Security bindings* specify how confidentiality, authentication, and integrity can
1767 be achieved for DSS messages in the context of some transport binding.

1768 Below we specify an initial set of bindings for DSS. Future bindings may be introduced by the
1769 OASIS DSS TC or by other parties.

1770

6.1 HTTP POST Transport Binding

1771 In this binding, the DSS request/response exchange occurs within an HTTP POST exchange
1772 [RFC 2616]. The following rules apply to the HTTP request:

1773 The client may send an HTTP/1.0 or HTTP/1.1 request.

1774 The Request URI may be used to indicate a particular service endpoint.

1775 The `Content-Type` header MUST be set to “application/xml”.

1776 The `Content-Length` header MUST be present and correct.

1777 The DSS request message MUST be sent in the body of the HTTP Request.

1778 The following rules apply to the HTTP Response:

1779 The `Content-Type` header MUST be set to “text/xml”.

1780 The `Content-Length` header MUST be present and correct.

1781 The DSS response message MUST be sent in the body of the HTTP Response.

1782 The HTTP status code MUST be set to 200 if a DSS response message is returned. Otherwise,
1783 the status code can be set to 3xx to indicate a redirection, 4xx to indicate a low-level client error
1784 (such as a malformed request), or 5xx to indicate a low-level server error.

1785

6.2 SOAP 1.2 Transport Binding

1786 In this binding, the DSS request/response exchange occurs using the SOAP 1.2 message
1787 protocol [SOAP]. The following rules apply to the SOAP request:

1788 A single DSS `<SignRequest>` or `<VerifyRequest>` element will be transmitted within the
1789 body of the SOAP message.

1790 The client MUST NOT include any additional XML elements in the SOAP body.

1791 The UTF-8 character encoding must be used for the SOAP message.

1792 Arbitrary SOAP headers may be present.

1793 The following rules apply to the SOAP response:

1794 The server MUST return either a single DSS `<SignResponse>` or `<VerifyResponse>` element
1795 within the body of the SOAP message, or a SOAP fault code.

1796 The server MUST NOT include any additional XML elements in the SOAP body.

1797 If a DSS server cannot parse a DSS request, or there is some error with the SOAP envelope, the
1798 server MUST return a SOAP fault code. Otherwise, a DSS result code should be used to signal
1799 errors.

1800 The UTF-8 character encoding must be used for the SOAP message.

1801 Arbitrary SOAP headers may be present.
1802 On receiving a DSS response in a SOAP message, the client MUST NOT send a fault code to the
1803 DSS server.

1804 **6.3 TLS Security Bindings**

1805 TLS [RFC 2246] is a session-security protocol that can provide confidentiality, authentication, and
1806 integrity to the HTTP POST transport binding, the SOAP 1.2 transport binding, or others. TLS
1807 supports a variety of authentication methods, so we define several security bindings below. All of
1808 these bindings inherit the following rules:

1809 TLS 1.0 MUST be supported. SSL 3.0 MAY be supported. Future versions of TLS MAY be
1810 supported.

1811 RSA ciphersuites MUST be supported. Diffie-Hellman and DSS ciphersuites MAY be supported.

1812 TripleDES ciphersuites MUST be supported. AES ciphersuites SHOULD be supported. Other
1813 ciphersuites MAY be supported, except for weak ciphersuites intended to meet export
1814 restrictions, which SHOULD NOT be supported.

1815 **6.3.1 TLS X.509 Server Authentication**

1816 The following ciphersuites defined in [RFC 2246] and [RFC 3268] are supported. The server
1817 MUST authenticate itself with an X.509 certificate chain [RFC 3280]. The server MUST NOT
1818 request client authentication.

1819 MUST:

1820 TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

1821 SHOULD:

1822 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

1823 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

1824 **6.3.2 TLS X.509 Mutual Authentication**

1825 The same ciphersuites mentioned in section 6.2.1 are supported. The server MUST authenticate
1826 itself with an X.509 certificate chain, and MUST request client authentication. The client MUST
1827 authenticate itself with an X.509 certificate chain.

1828 **6.3.3 TLS SRP Authentication**

1829 SRP is a way of using a username and password to accomplish mutual authentication. The
1830 following ciphersuites defined in [draft-ietf-tls-srp-08] are supported.

1831 MUST:

1832 TLS_SRP_SHA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

1833 SHOULD:

1834 TLS_SRP_SHA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

1835 TLS_SRP_SHA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

1836 **6.3.4 TLS SRP and X.509 Server Authentication**

1837 SRP can be combined with X.509 server authentication. The following ciphersuites defined in
1838 **[draft-ietf-tls-srp-08]** are supported.

1839 MUST:

1840 TLS_SRP_SHA_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

1841 SHOULD:

1842 TLS_SRP_SHA_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

1843 TLS_SRP_SHA_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

1844 7 DSS-Defined Identifiers

1845 The following sections define various URI-based identifiers. Where possible an existing URN is
1846 used to specify a protocol. In the case of IETF protocols the URN of the most current RFC that
1847 specifies the protocol is used (see [RFC 2648]). URI references created specifically for DSS
1848 have the following stem:

1849 urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:

1850 7.1 Signature Type Identifiers

1851 The following identifiers MAY be used as the content of the <SignatureType> optional input
1852 (see section 3.5.1).

1853 7.1.1 XML Signature

- 1854 • **URI:** urn:ietf:rfc:3275
- 1855 • This refers to an XML signature per [XMLSig].

1856 7.1.2 XML TimeStampToken

- 1857 • **URI:** urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:core:schema:XMLTimeStampToken
- 1858 • This refers to an XML timestamp containing an XML signature, per section 5.1.

1859 7.1.3 RFC 3161 TimeStampToken

- 1860 • **URI:** urn:ietf:rfc:3161
- 1861 • This refers to an XML timestamp containing an ASN.1 TimeStampToken, per [RFC
1862 3161].

1863 7.1.4 CMS Signature

- 1864 • **URI:** urn:ietf:rfc:3369
- 1865 • This refers to a CMS signature per [RFC 3369].

1866 7.1.5 PGP Signature

- 1867 • **URI:** urn:ietf:rfc:2440
- 1868 • This refers to a PGP signature per [RFC 2440].

1869 8 Editorial Issues

- 1870 Another way of handling the options is to have each option placed within an `<Option>` element.
1871 This has the advantage that each option could be tagged with a `mustUnderstand` attribute, so
1872 the server would know whether it was okay to ignore the option or not. It has the disadvantage of
1873 making things a little more verbose.
- 1874 **Resolution:** Leave as is, per 10/20/2003 meeting.
- 1875 It is suggested that the RequestID option be put in the top level of the protocol structure so that it
1876 can be used at the basic level of the DSS protocol handler.
- 1877 **Resolution:** This has been done, per 10/20/2003 meeting.
- 1878 The utility of the `<DocumentURI>` element has been questioned.
- 1879 **Resolution:** Since Rich, John, Trevor, and perhaps Andreas seem in favor of removing this, and
1880 only Gregor and Juan Carlos, and perhaps Nick, seem in favor of keeping it, it's been removed.
- 1881 Should every Output only be returned if the client requests it, through an Option?
- 1882 **Resolution:** No – Servers can return outputs on their own initiative, per 11/3/2003 meeting.
- 1883 Should Signature Placement, and elements to envelope, be made Signature Options?
- 1884 **Resolution:** Yes – per 11/3/2003 meeting, but hasn't been done yet.
- 1885 Should `<Options>` be renamed? To `<AdditionalInputs>`, `<Inputs>`, `<Parameters>`, or something
1886 else?
- 1887 **Resolution:** Yes - `<OptionalInputs>` and `<OptionalOutputs>`
- 1888 Should we adopt a Timestamp more like Dimitri's `<Tst>`?
- 1889 **Resolution:** No – instead add a `<dss:Timestamp>` element, per Nick's suggestion on list
- 1890 The `<ProcessingDetails>` are a little sketchy, these could be fleshed out.
- 1891 **Resolution:** Done – per draft 10, based on list discussions.
- 1892 A `<dss:SignatureObject>` can contain a `<dss:SignaturePtr>`, which uses an XPath expression to
1893 point to a signature. This allows a client to send an `<InputDocument>` to the server with an
1894 embedded signature, and just point to the signature, without copying it. Is it acceptable to require
1895 all servers to support XPath, for this?
- 1896 **Resolution:** This is not only allowed but required when sending enveloped signatures to the
1897 server, so the server knows how to apply the enveloped signature transform. This is disallowed
1898 when the server returns signatures to the client, cause the bandwidth savings aren't worth the
1899 complexity.
- 1900 **NOTE:** This document may be updated as we work on DSS profiles. In particular, we may add
1901 additional Signature Types, Timestamp Types, and Updated Signature Types to section 6. We
1902 may also add additional optional inputs and outputs, if commonality is discovered across multiple
1903 profiles.
- 1904 Should `<ServicePolicy>` be made a permanent part of the protocols? (i.e. *not* an optional input?)
- 1905 **Resolution:** Yes, added to the Request in wd-13.
- 1906 Should we use URLs or URNs for our schema namespace URI?
- 1907 **Resolution:** URL (in draft 17)
- 1908 Should we add a WSS Security Binding?
- 1909 **Resolution:** not now

- 1910 Should we add some way for an external policy authority to vouch for some portion of a request?
- 1911 **Resolution:** not in the core
- 1912 Should RequestID be removed?
- 1913 Resolution: No.
- 1914 Should input documents have a RefId attribute?
- 1915 Resolution: No.
- 1916 Should <SignaturePtr> be optional when there's only 1 input doc, with 1 signature?
- 1917 Resolution: Yes.
- 1918 Should the server return the <Profile> it used?
- 1919 Resolution: Yes.
- 1920 Further Issues discussed and resolved are to be found in the latest revision of the Comments Tracking Document (oasis-dss-1.0-comments-track-wd-##).
- 1921
- 1922 **Resolution:** Not applicable.

1923

9 References

1924

9.1 Normative

- 1925 [Core-XSD] S. Drees, T. Perrin, JC Cruellas, N Pope, K Lanz, et al. *DSS Schema*. OASIS,
1926 October 2005.
- 1927 [RFC 2119] S. Bradner. Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels. IETF
1928 RFC 2396, August 1998.
- 1929 <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2396.txt>.
- 1930 [RFC 2246] T Dierks, C. Allen. *The TLS Protocol Version 1.0*. IETF RFC 2246, January
1931 1999.
- 1932 <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2246.txt>.
- 1933 [RFC 2396] T. Berners-Lee et al. *Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax*. IETF
1934 RFC 2396, August 1998.
- 1935 <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2396.txt>.
- 1936 [RFC 2440] J. Callas, L. Donnerhacke, H. Finney, R. Thayer. *OpenPGP Message Format*.
1937 IETF RFC 2440, November 1998.
- 1938 <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2440.txt>.
- 1939 [RFC 2616] R. Fielding et al. *Hypertext Transfer Protocol – HTTP/1.1*. IETF RFC 2616, June
1940 1999.
- 1941 <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2616.txt>.
- 1942 [RFC 2648] R. Moats. *A URN Namespace for IETF Documents*. IETF RFC 2648, August
1943 1999.
- 1944 <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2648.txt>.
- 1945 [RFC 2822] P. Resnick. *Internet Message Format*. IETF RFC 2822, April 2001.
1946 <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2822.txt>
- 1947 [RFC 3161] C. Adams, P. Cain, D. Pinkas, R. Zuccherato. *Internet X.509 Public Key
1948 Infrastructure Time-Stamp Protocol (TSP)*. IETF RFC 3161, August 2001.
- 1949 <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3161.txt>.
- 1950 [RFC 3268] P. Chown. *AES Ciphersuites for TLS*. IETF RFC 3268, June 2002.
1951 <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3268.txt>.
- 1952 [RFC 3280] R. Housley, W. Polk, W. Ford, D. Solo. Internet X.509 Public Key Infrastructure
1953 Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile. IETF RFC 3280, April 2002.
- 1954 <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3280.txt>.
- 1955 [RFC 3852] R. Housley. *Cryptographic Message Syntax*. IETF RFC 3852, July 2004.
1956 <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3852.txt>.
- 1957 [SAMLCore1.1] E. Maler et al. Assertions and Protocol for the OASIS Security Assertion
1958 Markup Language (SAML) V 1.1. OASIS, November 2002.
- 1959 <http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/download.php/3406/oasis-sstc-saml-core-1.1.pdf>
- 1960 [Schema1] H. S. Thompson et al. *XML Schema Part 1: Structures*. W3C Recommendation,
1961 May 2001.
- 1962 <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-1/>

1963 **[SOAP]** M. Gudgin et al. *SOAP Version 1.2 Part 1: Messaging Framework*. W3C
1964 Recommendation, June 2003.
1965 <http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-1/>
1966 **[XML-C14N]** J. Boyer. *Canonical XML Version 1.0*. W3C Recommendation, March 2001.
1967 <http://www.w3.org/TR/xml-c14n>
1968 **[XML-ESCAPE]** Tim Bray, Jean Paoli, C. M. Sperberg-McQueen, et al. *Predefined*
1969 *Entities in Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0 (Third Edition)*, W3C Recommendation, 04
1970 February 2004,
1971 <http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml/#dt-escape>
1972 **[XML-ns]** T. Bray, D. Hollander, A. Layman. *Namespaces in XML*. W3C
1973 Recommendation, January 1999.
1974 <http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/REC-xml-names-19990114>
1975 **[XML-NT-Document]** <http://www.w3.org/TR/2004/REC-xml-20040204/#NT-document>
1976 **[XML-PROLOG]** Tim Bray, Jean Paoli, C. M. Sperberg-McQueen, et al. *Prolog and*
1977 *Document Type Declaration in Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0 (Third Edition)*, W3C
1978 Recommendation, 04 February 2004, <http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml/#sec-prolog-dtd>
1979 **[XMLSig]** D. Eastlake et al. *XML-Signature Syntax and Processing*. W3C
1980 Recommendation, February 2002.
1981 <http://www.w3.org/TR/2002/REC-xmlsig-core-20020212/>
1982 **[XML-TSP]** T. Perrin et al. *XML Timestamping Profile of the OASIS Digital Signature*
1983 *Services*. W3C Recommendation, February 2002. OASIS, **(MONTH/YEAR TBD)**
1984
1985 **[XML]** Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0 (Third Edition). W3C Recommendation 04
1986 February 2004 <http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml/#sec-element-content>
1987 **[XPath]** XML Path Language (XPath) Version 1.0. W3C Recommendation 16 November 1999
1988 <http://www.w3.org/TR/xpath>
1989
1990 **[XML-xcl-c14n]** Exclusive XML Canonicalization Version 1.0. W3C Recommendation 18 July
1991 2002 <http://www.w3.org/TR/2002/REC-xml-exc-c14n-20020718/>
1992
1993
1994
1995
1996
1997

1998

Appendix A. Use of Exclusive Canonicalization

1999 Exclusive Canonicalization of dereferenced and transformed data can be achieved by appending
2000 exclusive canonicalization as the last transform in the `<ds:Transforms>` element of
2001 `<TransformedData>` or `<DocumentHash>`.

2002 In the case of `<Document>` being used this can be done by adding exclusive canonicalization as
2003 the last transform in the `<ds:Transforms>` of a `<SignedReference>` pointing to that
2004 `<Document>`.

2005

2006 By doing this the resulting data produced by the chain of transforms will always be octet stream
2007 data which will be hashed without further processing on a `<ds:Reference>` level by the server
2008 as indicated by basic processing section 3.3.1 step 1 b. and c.

2009

2010 Another possibility to apply exclusive canonicalization on `<ds:Reference>` level is the freedom
2011 given to servers to apply additional transforms to increase robustness. This however implies that
2012 only trustworthy transformations are appended by a server.

2013

2014 As in section 3.3.1 step 1 b an implementation can choose to use exclusive canonicalization: "...
2015 Transforms are applied as a server implementation MAY choose to increase robustness of the
2016 Signatures created. These Transforms may reflect idiosyncrasies of different parsers or solve
2017 encoding issues and so on. ..."

2018 In such a case that the exclusive canonicalization is to be included in the `<ds:Transforms>` as
2019 well (cf. section 3.3.1 step 1.d.v.)

2020

2021 The standards default is however in line with [XMLSig] as indicated in the Note in section 3.3.1
2022 step 1 b.

2023

2024 However after the server formed a `<ds:SignedInfo>` (section 3.3.1 step 3.) this information to
2025 be signed also needs to be canonicalized and digested, here [XMLSig] offers the necessary
2026 element `<ds:CanonicalizationMethod>` directly and can be used to specify exclusive
2027 canonicalization.

2028

Appendix B. Revision History

Rev	Date	By Whom	What
wd-01	2003-10-03	Trevor Perrin	Initial version
wd-02	2003-10-13	Trevor Perrin	Skeleton of verify as well
wd-03	2003-10-19	Trevor Perrin	Added TimeStampToken, References
wd-04	2003-10-29	Trevor Perrin	Fleshed things out
wd-05	2003-11-9	Trevor Perrin	Added Name, clarified options-handling
wd-06	2003-11-12	Trevor Perrin	Added more options/outputs
wd-07	2003-11-25	Trevor Perrin	URNs, <Timestamp>, other changes.
Wd-08	2003-12-6	Trevor Perrin	Many suggestions from Juan Carlos, Frederick, and Nick incorporated.
Wd-09	2004-1-6	Trevor Perrin	A few minor tweaks to fix a typo, add clarity, and change the order of SignResponse's children
wd-10	2004-1-20	Trevor Perrin	Organized references, updated processing details, touched up a few things.

Rev	Date	By Whom	What
Wd-11	2004-2-04	Trevor Perrin	Added transport and security bindings, and <Language> optional input
wd-12	2004-2-12	Trevor Perrin	Editorial suggestions from Frederick
wd-13	2004-2-29	Trevor Perrin	Added SOAP Transport binding, and made 'Profile' attribute part of the Request messages, instead of an option.
Wd-14	2004-3-07	Trevor Perrin	Fixes from Krishna
wd-15	2004-3-08	Trevor Perrin	Property URI -> QNames, added some Editorial issues
wd-16	2004-3-21	Trevor Perrin	Replaced dss:NameType with saml:NameIdentifierType, per Nick's suggestion.
Wd-17	2004-4-02	Trevor Perrin	Schema URN -> URL, TryAgainLater
wd-18	2004-4-04	Trevor Perrin	Fixes from Karel Wouters
wd-19	2004-4-15	Trevor Perrin	ResultMajor URIs, AdditionalProfile
wd-20	2004-4-19	Trevor Perrin	Updated <Timestamp>, few tweaks
wd-21	2004-5-11	Trevor Perrin	CMS, special handling of enveloping/enveloped DSIG, multi-signature DSIG verification.
Wd-23	2004-6-08	Trevor Perrin	Added DTD example, added returned Profile attribute on SignResponse and VerifyResponse.
Wd-24	2004-6-20	Trevor Perrin	Removed xmlns:xml from schema.
Wd-25	2004-6-22	Trevor Perrin	Fixed a typo.
Wd-26	2004-6-28	Trevor Perrin	Mentioned as committee draft
wd-27	200410-04	Trevor Perrin	Gregor Karlinger's feedback
wd-28	200410-18	Trevor Perrin	Added a little text to clarify manifests and <ReturnSigningTime>
wd-29	200411-01	Trevor Perrin	Added a little text to clarify <ReturnUpdatedSignature>, and added

Rev	Date	By Whom	What
			<SupportingInfo> to <ClaimedIdentity>
wd-30	20041113	Trevor Perrin	-
wd-31	20050627	Stefan Drees	Added all resolved issues from oasis-dss-1.0-comments-track-wd-03
wd-32	20050629	Stefan Drees	Synchronized with Schema, clarified ambiguity issues in Basic Processing for CMS Signatures and Transforms.
wd-33	20050715	Stefan Drees	Added Feedback from mailing list and telco 20050708. Introduced <InlineXMLType>. Simplified basic processing.
wd-34	20051021	Stefan Drees	<p>Added Feedback from discussions of technical committee members from 20050808 through 20051020:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Structural changes (optional inputs etc.), - new basic processing, - consistent handling of XPath and - editorial changes/fixes. <p>Preparation for cd-34 candidate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Schema element - Canonicalization - Manifest validation.

2030

Appendix C. Notices

2031 OASIS takes no position regarding the validity or scope of any intellectual property or other rights
2032 that might be claimed to pertain to the implementation or use of the technology described in this
2033 document or the extent to which any license under such rights might or might not be available;
2034 neither does it represent that it has made any effort to identify any such rights. Information on
2035 OASIS's procedures with respect to rights in OASIS specifications can be found at the OASIS
2036 website. Copies of claims of rights made available for publication and any assurances of licenses
2037 to be made available, or the result of an attempt made to obtain a general license or permission
2038 for the use of such proprietary rights by implementors or users of this specification, can be
2039 obtained from the OASIS Executive Director.

2040 OASIS invites any interested party to bring to its attention any copyrights, patents or patent
2041 applications, or other proprietary rights which may cover technology that may be required to
2042 implement this specification. Please address the information to the OASIS Executive Director.

2043 Copyright © OASIS Open 2003. *All Rights Reserved.*

2044 This document and translations of it may be copied and furnished to others, and derivative works
2045 that comment on or otherwise explain it or assist in its implementation may be prepared, copied,
2046 published and distributed, in whole or in part, without restriction of any kind, provided that the
2047 above copyright notice and this paragraph are included on all such copies and derivative works.
2048 However, this document itself does not be modified in any way, such as by removing the
2049 copyright notice or references to OASIS, except as needed for the purpose of developing OASIS
2050 specifications, in which case the procedures for copyrights defined in the OASIS Intellectual
2051 Property Rights document must be followed, or as required to translate it into languages other
2052 than English.

2053 The limited permissions granted above are perpetual and will not be revoked by OASIS or its
2054 successors or assigns.

2055 This document and the information contained herein is provided on an "AS IS" basis and OASIS
2056 DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO
2057 ANY WARRANTY THAT THE USE OF THE INFORMATION HEREIN WILL NOT INFRINGE
2058 ANY RIGHTS OR ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A
2059 PARTICULAR PURPOSE.