Universal Business Language: Realizing eBusiness XML

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Why Are We Talking About UBL

- UBL fulfills the promise of XML for business by defining a standard cross-industry vocabulary
- UBL is the ebXML missing link
- UBL plus ebXML enables the next generation of EDI
 - Cheaper, easier, Internet-ready
 - Extends benefits of EDI to small businesses
 - Fits existing legal and trade concepts
 - Allows re-use of data
- UBL can provide the XML payload for a wide variety of other web-based business frameworks







Goals for Successful eBusiness Services

- Web-enable existing fax- and paper-based business practices
- Allow businesses to upgrade at their own pace
- Preserve the existing investment in EDI
- Integrate small and medium-size businesses into existing EDI-based supply chains

The standardization of XML business documents is the easiest way to accomplish these goals.





Can't We Just Do It?

W3C Specifications Documentation Text Encoding Initiative (TEI) Channel Definition Format, CDF (Based on XML) RDF Rich Site Summary (RSS) Open Content Syndication (OCS) W3C Document Object Model (DOM), Level 1 Specification Web Collections using XML Meta Content Framework Using XML (MCF) XML-Data Namespaces in XML Resource Description Framework (RDF) Australia New Zealand Land Information Council (ANZLIC) - Metadata Alexandria Digital Library Project ATLA Serials Project (ATLAS) XML Metadata Interchange Format (XMI)-Object Management Group (OMG) OMG Common Warehouse Metadata Interchange (CWMI) Specification Object Management Group XML/Value RFP MDC Open Information Model (OIM) Educom Instructional Management Systems Project (IMS) Metadata Specification Structured Graph Format (SGF) Legal XML Working Group and UELP XML Court Interface (XCI) Georgia State University Electronic Court Filing Project Web Standards Project (WSP HTML Threading - Use of HTML in Email Open Software Description Format (OSD) XLF (Extensible Log Format) Initiative Apache XML Project WAP Wireless Markup Language Specification HTTP Distribution and Replication Protocol (DRP) Chemical Markup Language Molecular Dynamics [Markup] Language (MoDL) Bioinformatic Sequence Markup Language (BSML) BIOpolymer Markup Language (BIOML) Virtual Hyperglossary (VHG) Weather Observation Definition Format (OMF) Open Financial Exchange (OFX/OFE) Interactive Financial Exchange (IFX) FinXML - 'The Digital Language for Capital Markets' Extensible Financial Reporting Markup Language (XFRML) Open Trading Protocol (OTP) Financial Products Markup Language (FpML) Mortgage Bankers Association of America XML Workgroup Digital Property Rights Language (DPRL) XML Digital Signature (Signed XML - IETF/W3C) Digital Receipt Infrastructure Initiative Digest Values for DOM (DOMHASH) Signed Document Markup Language (SDML) FIXML - A Markup Language for the FIX Application Message Layer Bank Internet Payment System (BIPS) smartX ['SmartCard'] Markup Language (SML) Real Estate Transaction Markup Language (RETML) OpenMLS - Real Estate DTD Design ACORD - XML for the Insurance Industry Customer Profile Exchange (CPEX) Working Group Customer Support Consortium XML for the Automotive Industry - SAE J2008 XML.ORG - The XML Industry Portal X-ACT - XML Active Content Technologies Council Electronic Business XML Initiative (ebXML) Portal Markup Language (PML) EDGARspace Portal DII Common Operating Environment (COE) XML Registry Open eBook Initiative Mathematical Markup Language OpenMath Standard

OpenTag Markup Metadata - PICS MIX - Mediation of Information Using XML CDIF XML-Based Transfer Format Synchronized Multimedia Integration Language (SMIL) Precision Graphics Markup Language (PGML) Vector Markup Language (VML) WebBroker: Distributed Object Communication on the Web Web Interface Definition Language (WIDL) XML/EDI - Electronic Data Interchange XML/EDI Repository Working Group European XML/EDI Pilot Project EEMA EDI/EC Work Group - XML/EDI ANSI ASC X12/XML and DISA Information and Content Exchange (ICE) CommerceNet Industry Initiative eCo Interoperability Framework Specification BizTalk Framework eCo Framework Project and Working Group Commerce XML (cXML) RosettaNet Open Catalog Protocol (OCP) vCard Electronic Business Card iCalendar XML DTD XML Encoded Form Values Capability Card: An Attribute Certificate in XML Telecommunications Interchange Markup (TIM, TCIF/IPI) aecXML Working Group - Architecture, Engineering and Construction Product Data Markup Language (PDML) Product Definition Exchange (PDX) Electronic Component Information Exchange (ECIX) and Pinnacles Component Information Standard (PCIS) ECIX QuickData Specifications ECIX Component Information Dictionary Standard (CIDS) ECIX Timing Diagram Markup Language (TDML) Encoded Archival Description (EAD) UML eXchange Format (UXF) XML Data Binding Specification Translation Memory eXchange (TMX) P3P Syntax Specification Scripting News in XML InterX.org Initiative NuDoc Technology Coins: Tightly Coupled JavaBeans and XML Elements DMTF Common Information Model (CIM) Universal Plug and Play Forum Process Interchange Format XML (PIF-XML) Ontology and Conceptual Knowledge Markup Languages XOL - XML-Based Ontology Exchange Language Procedural Markup Language (PML) QAML - The Q&A Markup Language LACITO Projet Archivage de données linguistiques sonores et textuelles [Linguistic Data Archiving Project] Astronomical Markup Language Astronomical Instrument Markup Language (AIML) GedML: [GEDCOM] Genealogical Data in XML Newspaper Association of America (NAA) - Standard for Classified Advertising Data 5.5 News Industry Text Format (NITF) XMLNews: XMLNews-Story and XMLNews-Meta NewsML and IPTC2000 Notes Flat File Format (NFF) Java Help API Cold Fusion Markup Language (CFML) Document Content Description for XML (DCD) XSchema

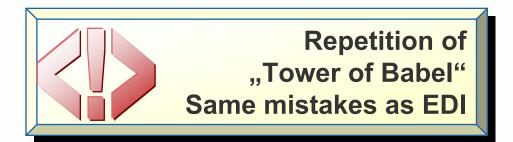
Document Definition Markup Language (DDML) WEBDAV (IETF 'Extensions for Distributed Authoring and Versioning on the Web') DAV Searching and Locating (DASL) Graphic Communications Association - GCA 'Paper' DTD DocBook XML DTD Tutorial Markup Language (TML) International Development Markup Language (IDML) Call Processing Language (CPL) Call Policy Markup Language (CPML) VoiceXML Forum (Voice Extensible Markup Language Forum) VoxML Markup Language Telephony Markup Language (TML) SABLE: A Standard for Text-to-Speech Synthesis Markup Java Speech Markup Language (JSML) SpeechML TalkML XML and VRML (Virtual Reality Modeling Language) - X3D XML for Workflow Management [NIST] SWAP - Simple Workflow Access Protocol XML-Based Process Management Standard: Wf-XML Theological Markup Language (ThML) LitML: A Liturgical Markup Language XML-F ('XML for FAX') Extensible Forms Description Language (XFDL) XML Forms Architecture (XFA) Broadcast Hypertext Markup Language (BHTML) IEEE LTSC XML Ad Hoc Group IEEE Standard DTD Open Settlement Protocol (OSP) - ETSI/TIPHON Directory Services Markup Language (DSML) WDDX - Web Distributed Data Exchange Business Rules Markup Language (BRML) Common Business Library (CBL) Open Applications Group - OAGIS Schema for Object-oriented XML (SOX) XMLTP.Org - XML Transfer Protocol The XML Bookmark Exchange Language (XBEL) Simple Object Definition Language (SODL) and XMOP Service Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP) XML and Music Clinical Trial Data Model Human Resource Management Markup Language (HRMML) HR-XML Consortium XML-HR Initiative - Human Resources ECMData - Electronic Component Manufacturer Data Sheet Inventory Specification Bean Markup Language (BML) The Koala Bean Markup Language (KBML) Jigsaw XML Format (JXML) Chinese XML Now! MOS-X (Media Object Server - XML) FLBC (Formal Language for Business Communication) and KQML ISO 12083 XML DTDs Extensible User Interface Language (XUL) User Interface Markup Language (UIML) Process Specification Language (PSL) and XML XML DTD for Phone Books Using XML for RFCs Schools Interoperability Framework (SIF) Guideline XML (gXML) Extensible Protocol XML Belief Network File Format (Bayesian Networks) Predictive Model Markup Language (PMML) The Data Documentation Initiative (DDI) XML and CORBA





The Problem Is

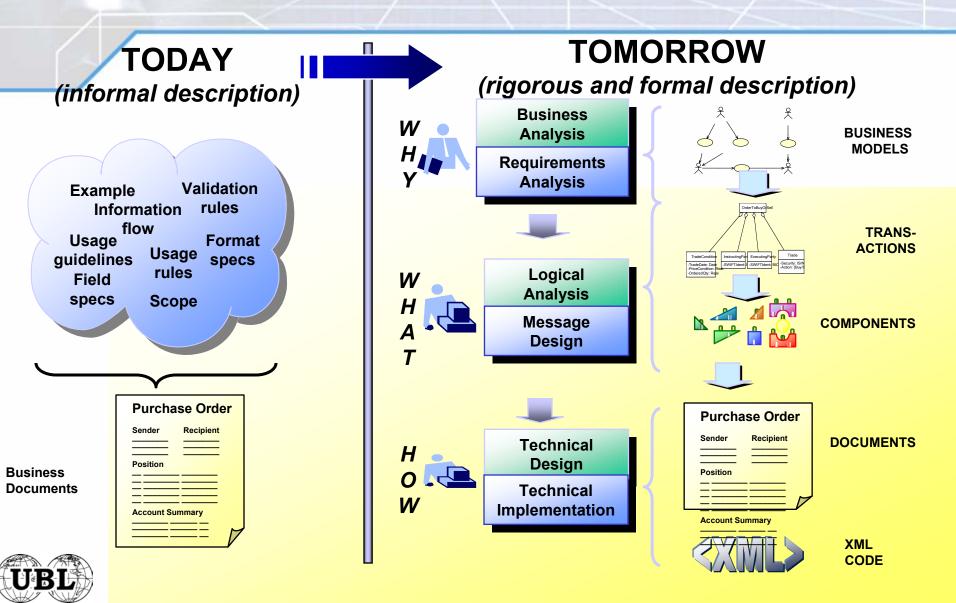








Reengineering the Standards Process









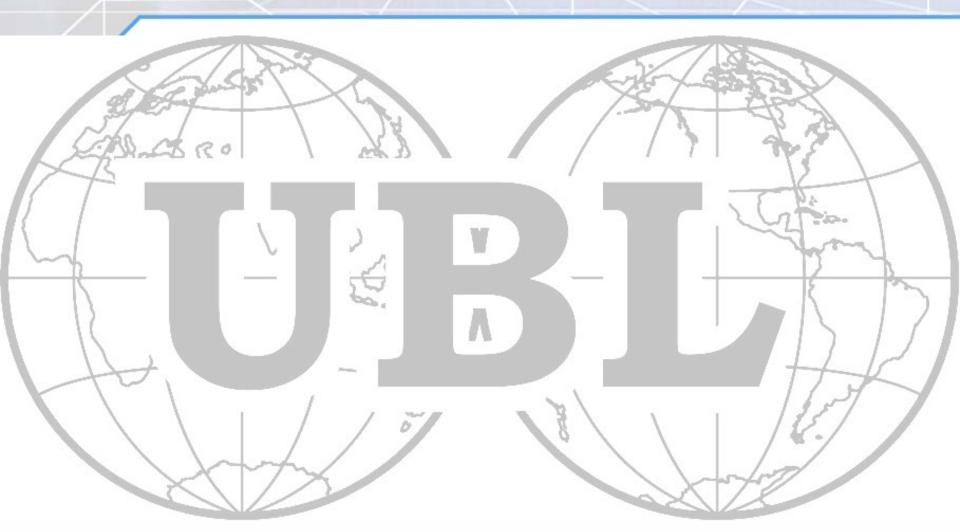
Criteria For Successful XML Business Standardization Efforts

- User-driven
- Focused on global requirements
- Clear development process and high quality documentation
- Reuse of existing standards
- Modularized structure





So – What Is The Answer?









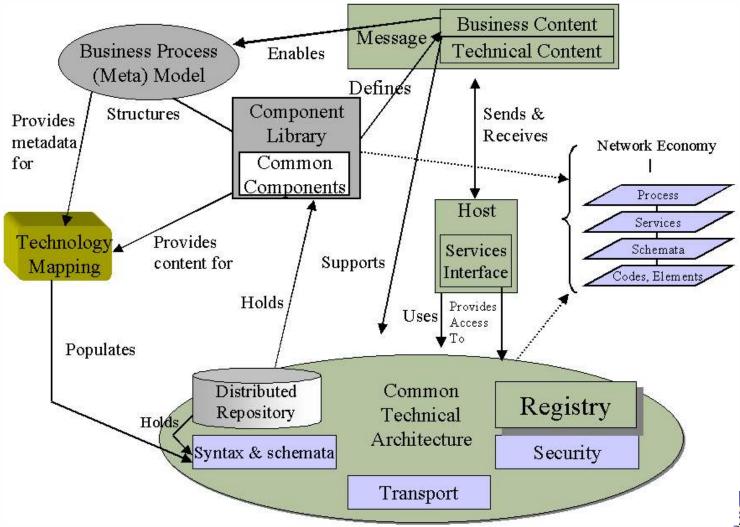
The ebXML Initiative

- A joint UN/CEFACT and OASIS 18-month effort, concluding in May 2001
- Over 1000 international participants from both XML and Business Communities
- The vision: a global electronic marketplace where enterprises of any size, anywhere, can:
 - Find each other electronically
 - Conduct business by exchanging XML messages
- Initial product is a technical framework that enables XML and other payloads to be utilized in a consistent manner for the exchange of all electronic business data
- ebXML work continues in OASIS and UN/CEFACT





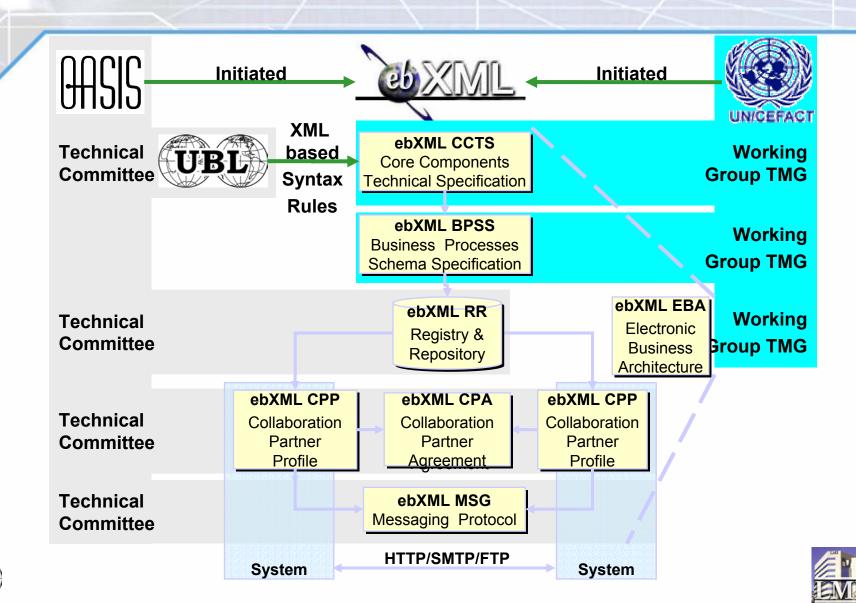
The ebXML Construct







ebXML Phase II





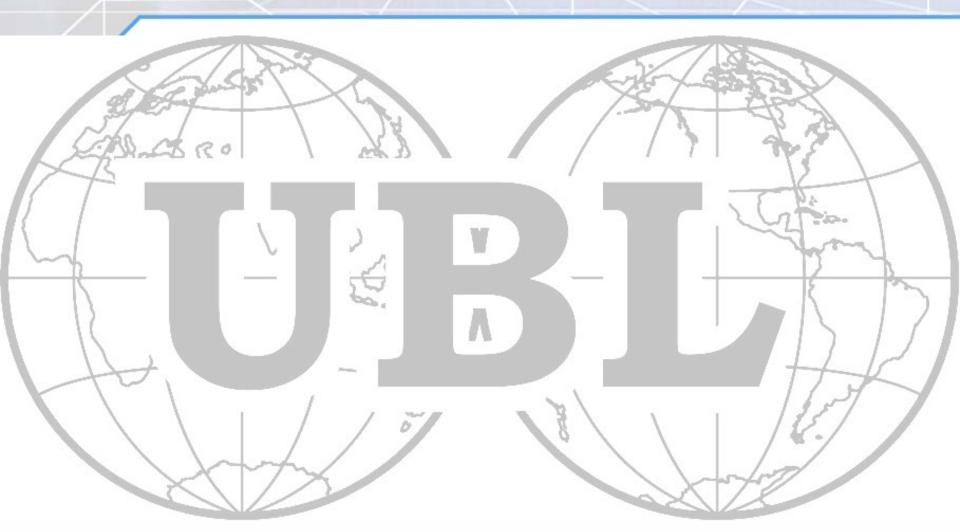
So What About Standard Payloads?

- Not Part of Phase 1
- No mention in Phase 2
- Core Components provide a basis for standardization, but not syntax specific expressions



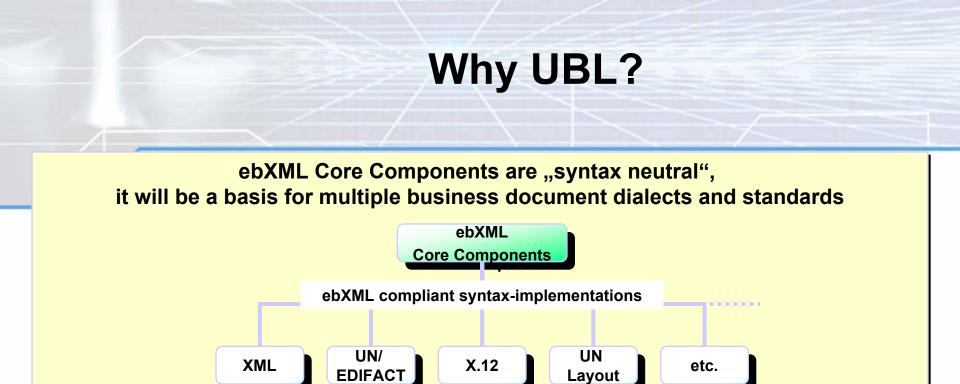


So – What Is The Answer?









- But we must have concrete standard XML syntax to enable wide use and cheap commercial software
- Given a concrete XML syntax for business, users will adopt it

UBL is developing XML business document design rules, XML syntax core component (CC) structures and ebXML (UN/CEFACT) CC compliant XML document schemas

UBL's Relationship with ebXML

- UBL is committed to international semantic standardization
- UBL is committed to, and fully conformant with, the CCTS
- UBL is not actually an ebXML deliverable Yet!
- UBL does not mandate a particular framework, but is built to support ebXML







ebXML Core Components

•A set of the lowest common denominator that captures information about a real world (business) concept

- •Core Components are neutral
 - in the notation for every kind of industry
 - in the syntax for every kind of business document standard or implementation





ebXML Core Components

- Reusable pieces (objects) of contents that can be atomic or aggregate
 - Enables interoperability among different industry domains and areas
 - Are using common semantic units at any level consistent across context
 - Hold any related information together and avoiding fragmented semantic dispersal
 - Facilitate multilingual support
- Accompanied by methodology for extensibility
 - Enable users to define meaningful business and process data
 - Ensure maximum interoperability





The Core Components Specification Follows ISO 11179

Object class

Property 1: representation 1 Property 2: representation 2 Property 3: representation 3 Property 4: representation 4

Address

Street: text Post code: text Town: text Country: identifier

ISO 11179 governs data dictionaries: defines the notions of object class, property, and representation term

• This is basic object-oriented "good stuff"







So What is UBL?

• UBL is:

- Jon Bosak's brainchild
- An OASIS Technical Committee
- An implementation of ebXML Core Components
- An XML-based business language standard-in-progress
- A cross-sector XML solution
- A Non-proprietary solution that is committed to freedom from royalties
- A future legal standard for international trade
- The ebXML missing link





UBL's Benefits

- Transparent and efficient interface naming and design rules
- Harmonization and standardization of business objects
- Transparent rules for customer specific interface modifications
- Plugs directly into existing traditional business practices
- Interoperable with existing EDI systems





UBL Development Strategies

• Start with the low-hanging fruit

- The 20% of documents and business objects actually used by 80% of electronic business partners
- Defer the rocket science to later phases
 - Produce useful, concrete outputs ASAP
- Don't start with a blank slate
 - We are working from xCBL 3.0
 - But with no expectations of backwards compatibility
- Take advantage of domain expertise
 - Get XML experts and business experts together and form liaisons





UBL Deliverables

- Naming and design rules for UBL XML schemas
- Library of standard XML business information entities (BIEs)
- Set of standard XML business documents (purchase order, invoice, shipping notice, price catalogue, etc.)
- Context methodology to make the standard documents interoperate across industries
- Timeline:
 - NDR, CC/BIE library, and basic documents: early 2003
 - Context methodology and assembly: Fall 2003



Basic UBL Documents

Procurement

- Purchase Order, P.O. Response, P.O. Change
- Materials management
 - Advance Ship Notice, Planning Schedule, Goods Receipt
- Payment
 - Commercial Invoice, Remittance Advice
- Transport/logistics
 - Consignment Status Request, Consignment Status Report, Bill of Lading
- Catalogs
 - Price Catalog, Product Catalog
- Statistical reports
 - Accounting Report





Some UBL Participants

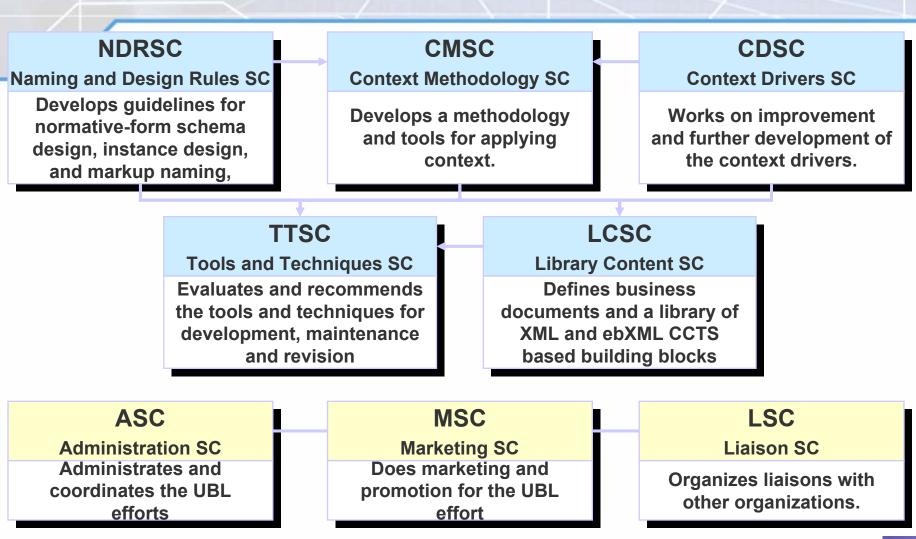
APACS
Aeon Consulting
ACORD
Boeing
Commerce One
Danish Bankers Association
France Telecom
General Electric
Government of Hong Kong
Government of Korea
HP
IBM
KPMG

LMI **Northrop Grumman Ontogenics** Oracle **PricewaterhouseCoopers** SAP SeeBeyond **Sterling Commerce Sun Microsystems U.K. Cabinet Office United Parcel Service U.S. General Services Administration** U.S. Navy Visa International





UBL Subcommittees









UBL Naming and Design Rules Subcommittee

- Chairs:
 - Mark Crawford <mcrawford@lmi.org>
 - Lisa Seaburg <lseaburg@midsouth.rr.com>
 - Mavis Courname < mavis.cournane@cognitran.com>
- Archive: http://lists.oasisopen.org/archives/ubl-ndrsc
- Web page: http://oasisopen.org/committees/ubl/ndrsc/





NDR Requirements

- Leverage XML technology, but keep it interoperable
- Achieve semantic clarity through a binding to the Core Components model
- Support contextualization (customization) and reuse
- Selectively allow "outsourcing" to other standard schemas





Some Major Design Rules Developed So Far

- The choice of normative schema language - XSD
- Garden of Eden design approach
- Naming and construction of elements, attributes, and types
- Modularity, namespaces, and versioning
- Embedded schema documentation
- Handling code lists





A Taste Of The Naming Rules

- Dictionary entry names are fully qualified with object class names
- But using these full names would result in hundreds of extra elements
- We get reusability by allowing properties (elements) to "inherit" parent object classes (types), XPath-style
 - Delivery schedule IDs and order IDs could both be called <ID>
 - Each would be identifiable by means of //Order/ID and //DeliverySchedule/ID respectively





Encoding Code Lists

- UBL will seek to import external datatype definitions in conventional XSD form
 - Validation
 - Clarity
- We are developing a schema for promotion as an international standard
- We hope to promote a global code list marketplace





UBL Context Methodology Subcommittee

- Chair: Matthew Gertner
 <matthew.gertner@schemantix.com>
- Editor: Eduardo Gutentag <eduardo.gutentag@sun.com>
- Archive: http://lists.oasisopen.org/archives/ubl-cmsc
- Web page: http://oasisopen.org/committees/ubl/cmsc/





The Special Requirement For Context

- "Standard" business components need to be different in different business contexts
 - Addresses differ in Japan vs. the U.S.
 - Addresses in the auto industry differ from those for other industries
 - Invoice items for shoes need size information; for coffee, grind information
- UBL needs this kind of customization without losing interoperability





Context Methodology

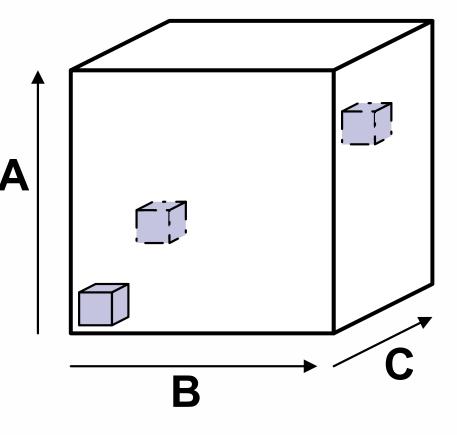
- Defines how document formats can be extended based on specific trading partner characteristics
- Takes ebXML context drivers (8 space) and context rules as starting point
- Builds on experience with OO extension methodology, but will be
 - – More structured
 - – More consistent
 - – Easier to track
 - – Easier to automate
 - Require a lower level of skill





The "eight-space"

- UBL defines BIEs, not CCs they have a bit of real context in them
 - Typically just the business process
 - Everything else should ideally be "zeroed out"
- A set of eight values identifies a unique business context
 - A trading community can associate their schema customizations with it









UBL Library Content Subcommittee

- Chair: Tim McGrath <tmcgrath@portcomm.com.au>
- Vice Chair: Marion Royal <marion.royal@gsa.gov>
- Archive: http://lists.oasisopen.org/archives/ubl-lcsc
- Web page: http://oasisopen.org/committees/ubl/lcsc/





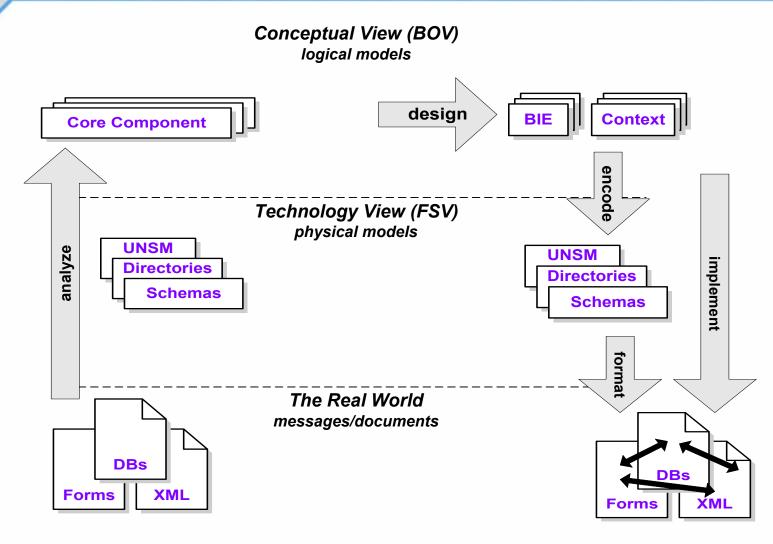
The Inputs

- Documents/expertise from:
 - The members of the Library Content SC
 - Organizations with a liaison to the UBL TC
 - Feedback from the general public
- xCBL 3.0
 - A working XML business vocabulary for several years
 - Has lots of EDI knowledge baked into it
- ebXML CCs
 - Ultimately, as many UBL constructs as possible will be mapped to the final form of CCs
 - Where there's no match, this will be fed back to the CC project





The Approach







Core Components vs. Business Information Entities

Core Component (CC)

A building block for the exchange of semantically correct and meaningful information

apply business context:

business process product classification industry classification geopolitical region official constraint business process role supporting role system capabilitites

Business Information Entity (BIE)

A CC to which a business context has been applied

- An address might be a generic CC
- A U.S. address has (at least) the geopolitical region set as its business context, making it a BIE
- UBL, by its nature, deals only in BIEs





The Modeling Steps

- Working from an xCBL document type, analyze its constituent constructs to identify BBIEs and ABIEs
- Establish each BIE's dictionary name, UBL name, definition, and business context
- Establish its cardinality/optionality within its object class
- Identify missing BIEs
- Identify which BIEs are reusable
- Assemble an appropriate UBL document type from the BIEs





The Formalism

- Initially
 - A spreadsheet with carefully designed columns
- Ultimately
 - ebXML registered objects





A tiny sample data dictionary

Person

Name: text Birth: date Residence Address: Address Official Address: Address

Address

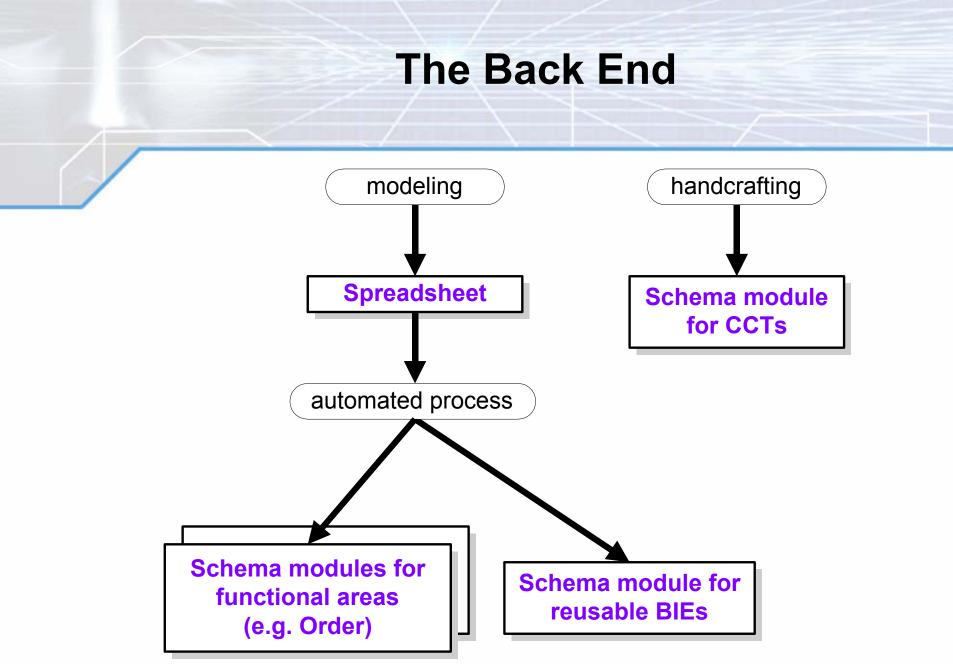
Street: text Post Code: text Town: text Country: identifier

Key:Object class (aggregate BIE)Property (association BIE)Property (association BIE)

 This leaves out cardinality considerations for simplicity













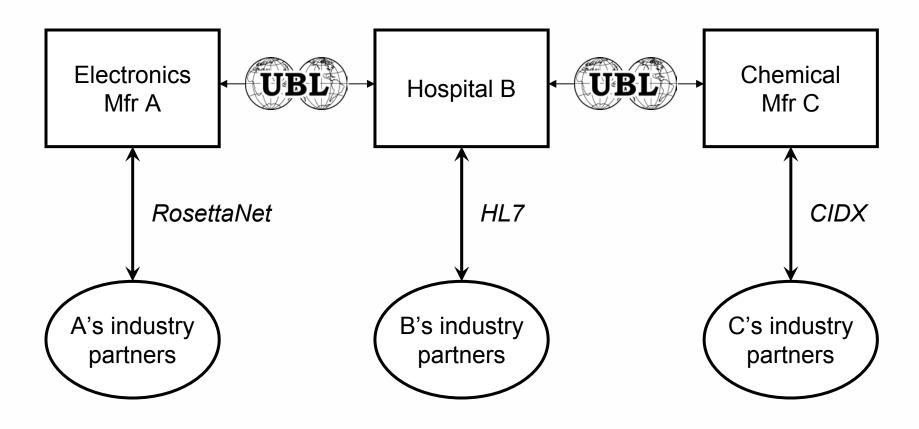
UBL Differentiators

- Completely open, public, accountable standards process
- Non-proprietary and royalty-free
- Based on UN, OASIS, and W3C specifications
- Intended for normative status under international law
- Designed for B2B
- Intended for exchange of legal documents
- Human- and machine-readable
- Compatible with existing EDI systems





Where UBL Can Fit Into Existing XML B2B







The Value of Joining Forces

- As a non-profit cross-industry effort, UBL depends on expert domain input to "get it right"
- We actively solicit industry and standards liaisons
- Organizations appoint representatives to the UBL Liaison Subcommittee
 - If the organization is not an OASIS member, an individual representative joins at USD 250/year
 - Telcons are held every two weeks
 - Liaisons arrange for specification reviews





Formal Liaisons So Far

- ACORD (insurance)
- ARTS (retail sales)
- e.centre (UK
 EAN.UCC)
- EIDX (electronics)
- HL7 (healthcare)
- NACS (convenience stores)
- RosettaNet (IT)

- SWIFT (banking)
- UIG (Utilities)
- VCA (optical supplies)
- XBRL (accounting)
- ASC X12 (EDI)
- ebXML Asia
- UN/CEFACT
 - TBG (Content)
 - ATG (XML Design)





ebXML CC and/or UBL Adoption Plans

•Organizations & Government

- European
 Commission
- US EPA
- US DON
- US GSA
- Other US DoD
- eBES (e-Business Board for European Standard by CEN/ISSS)

De jure standards organizations

- ANSI X12 UN/CEFACT

- Software Vendors
 - SAP
 - SUN
 Microsystems
 - Commerce One
 - Sterling
 Commerce
 - Oracle
 - SeeBeyond







Summary

- UBL is "the real deal" actual standard XML business schemas
 - Completes the ebXML stack
 - Combines the experience of XML and business experts
- UBL is dedicated to vendor-neutral interoperability
 - Open process
 - Unencumbered IP
 - Cross-industry semantic harmonization
- UBL can enable the "B2B web"
 - HTML + HTTP = web publishing
 - UBL + ebXML = web commerce





Where To Find More Information

• OASIS UBL TC

- www.oasis-open.org/committees/ubl/
- www.oasis-open.org/committees/ubl/lcsc/
- www.oasis-open.org/committees/ubl/ndrsc/
- www.oasis-open.org/committees/ubl/cmsc/
- White papers, presentations, and specifications are available
- All mailing list archives are open to public view
- ebXML
 - www.ebxml.org
- Core Components
 - www.ebtwg.org





How To Comment

- The UBL comment list is open to all
 - Archive:

lists.oasis-open.org/archives/ubl-comment

- Signup: lists.oasis-open.org/ob/adm.pl
- The Library Content and NDR SCs have spreadsheet forms for providing feedback





